



2021-22 BOARD
POLICY
MANUAL
Grades 6-12

LOS ANGELES
LEADERSHIP ACADEMY

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Parent and Family Engagement Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

The Charter School aims to provide all students in our school significant opportunity to receive a fair, equitable, and high-quality education, and to close educational achievement gaps while abiding by guidelines within the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (“ESEA”). The Charter School staff recognizes a partnership with families is essential to meet this goal. Our Parent and Family Engagement Policy leverages and promotes active involvement of all families as partners with schools to ensure student success.

The LALA has developed a written Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy (“Policy”) with input from Title I parents and families. LALA has distributed the Policy to parents of Title I students by Annual Title I meeting, through handouts given to students to take home, and at various school functions and meeting throughout the school year. The policy is also posted on the website and a hard copy may be requested from the office at any time. This Policy describes the means for carrying out the following Title I parent and family engagement requirements [20 USC 6318; Section 1116(a)-(f) inclusive].

LALA Expectations and Objectives

In establishing LALA’s expectations and objectives for meaningful parent and family involvement, LALA has established the following practices:

1. LALA involves parents and family members in the joint development of the School’s planning efforts and the process of school review and improvement.

The school convenes an annual meeting to inform parents of Title I students about Title I requirements and about the right of parents to be involved in the Title I program. LALA also informs parents of their right to be involved in the Title I program, its planning, improvement, and reviews during and not limited to:

- Back to school, Open house events.
- School Site Council and ELAC Trainings.

- Through other parent meetings such as coffee with the principal, sub-committee meetings, school wide programs.
- Sending information out through monthly flyers and Parent Square phone calls for SSC, ELAC and other meetings.
- Announcements in Parent center.

The School offers a flexible number of meetings for Title I parents, such as meeting in the morning or evening.

2. LALA provides the coordination, technical assistance, and other support necessary to assist and build the capacity of all participating schools within the School in planning and implementing effective parent and family involvement activities.

These activities improve student

Parents participate in planning and implementing effective parent and family involvement activities through partaking in:

- Annual Parent Surveys
- Parent Workshops organized by the Parent Center Coordinator and CCSA (California Charter School Association)
- Parent Open Forums
- Dialogue at Coffee with the Principal
- Parent Volunteering
- Participation in the Parent Teacher Council
- English Learner Advisory Council
- School Site Council

3. LALA coordinates and integrates parent and family engagement strategies to the extent feasible and appropriate, with other relevant federal, state, and local laws and programs.

The school provides Title I parents with assistance in understanding the State's academic content standards, assessments, and how to monitor and improve the achievement of their children.

LALA accomplishes this by:

- Formal and informal parent conferences to discuss EL progress, ELPAC results, reclassification criteria and periodic assessments.
- Parent workshops on how to understand CAASPP and ELPAC results and other assessments given to their children.
- Parent center will provide Parent-Education classes in order to help students succeed in school.
- Parent center will provide Parent-Education classes on the various computer programs utilized to education Title I students.
- Parent workshops will be led by professionals in the area of their expertise to assist parents with being more active in their children's educational development.

4. LALA conducts, with the meaningful involvement of parents and family members, an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of the Policy in improving the academic quality at LALA.

Parents evaluate the content and effectiveness of the policy through participating in:

- Annual evaluation of the Title I, Parent and Family Engagement Policy meeting
- Annual Parent Surveys
- LCAP survey
- Coffee with the Principal Meetings
- SSC Meetings
- English Learner Advisory Committee
- Board Meetings

- Other parent meetings where feedback is incorporated in the local needs assessment for the instructional program. Discussions are held and suggestions are made for the SPSA, Title I, and EL student budgets.
- Parent workshops that are provided to parents inform and provide resources to strengthen the home-school connection.

5. LALA conducts, with the meaningful involvement of parents and family members, an annual evaluation of barriers to greater participation by parents/families (with particular attention to parents who are economically disadvantaged, are disabled, have limited English proficiency, have limited literacy, or are of any racial or ethnic minority background).

- LALA adheres to its Non-Discrimination Policy (in the Parent-Student Handbook). Policy is reviewed with parents every year.
- SSC evaluates the modifies the Parent and Family Engagement Policy in order to provide for further removal of barriers for parent participation.
- Annual Surveys (translated in other languages upon request)
- LALA provides multiple opportunities for parents to attend meetings/workshops. The School offers a flexible number of meetings for Title I parents, such as meeting in the morning or evening.

6. LALA conducts, with the meaningful involvement of parents and family members, an annual evaluation of the needs of parents and family members to assist with the learning of their children, including engaging with school personnel and teachers.

Annual evaluation of the needs of parents and family members to assist with learning is done through:

- Annual Parent Surveys
- Open Forum for all stakeholders
- SSC meetings are held at times that best accommodate staff and parents
- Parent Conferences

7. LALA conducts, with the meaningful involvement of parents and family members, an annual evaluation of strategies to support successful School and family interactions through:

- Annual Parent Surveys
- SSC Meeting annual evaluation
- ELAC Meeting annual evaluation
- Feedback at parent Open Forums
- Feedback at Coffee with the Principal
- Participation in Parent-Teacher Council
- Other parent meetings where feedback is incorporated in the local needs assessment for the instructional program. Discussion are held and suggestions are made for the SPSA, Title I, and ELD students.

8. LALA uses the findings of the annual evaluation to design evidence-based strategies for more effective parental and family engagement, and to revise, if necessary, the Parent and Family Engagement Policy.

- LALA hosts annual Title I meetings for review and feedback on the Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy.
- SSC reviews and updates the Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy on an annual basis.
- Board of Directors approves the policy after it is reviewed by SSC.

9. LALA involves parents in the activities of the Schools to adequately represent the needs of the population.

Parents at LALA are involved in developing activities that meet their needs through participation in:

- Parent Workshops organized by the Parent Center Coordinator and CCSA (California Charter School Association)
- Parent Open Forums
- Dialogue at Coffee with the Principal
- Parent Volunteering
- Participation in the Parent Teacher Council
- English Learner Advisory Council
- School Site Council

Involvement of Parents in the Title I Program

To involve parents in the Title I program at LALA, the following practices have been established:

1. LALA convenes an annual meeting to inform parents of Title I students about Title I requirements and about the right of parents to be involved in the Title I program.

Title I parents attend an annual informational meeting led by the administrator in charge of categorical programs. The annual Title I meeting is used to explain the Title I requirements, the school's participation in the program, and the rights for parents to be involved. In addition, uses this opportunity to:

- Explain what participation in Title I programs means, including:
 - A description and explanation of the school's curriculum,
 - Information on the forms of academic assessment used to measure student progress, and
 - Information on the proficiency levels students are expected to meet;

Explain LALA's parental involvement policy, and school-parent compact;

- Explain the right of parents to become involved in the school's programs and ways to do so;

- Explain that parents have the right to request opportunities for regular meetings for parents to formulate suggestions and to participate, as appropriate, in decisions about the education of their children. The school must respond to any such suggestions as soon as practicably possible [Section 1118(c)(4), ESEA].

2. LALA offers a flexible number of meetings for Title I parents, such as meetings in the morning or evening.

3. LALA involves parents of Title I students in an organized, ongoing, and timely way, in the planning, review, and improvement of the school's Title I programs and the Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy.*

Parents continually give feedback in the review of Title I programs through participation in:

- Title I Parent Meetings
- SSC meetings
- Parent Open Forums
- Coffee with the Principal
- Parent Teacher Council Meetings
- Parent and Family Engagement Policy annual review meeting

4. LALA provides parents of Title I students with timely information about Title I programs.

The school provides parents of Title I students with timely information about Title I programs. Some of the ways LALA accomplishes this is:

- Back to School Nights provides teachers an opportunity to give information about Title I and all programs at LALA.
- On-going parent workshops provide information on Title I and other district and state mandated programs.
- By holding parent conferences as well as informal and formal conferences throughout the year parents may obtain information on Title I and other programs.
- Open house provides parents another opportunity to visit, review and inform themselves as to Title I and other program information.
- Parent school notifications, flyers, bulletins, memos, references are sent via students, weekly flyers and digital announcements.

5. LALA provides parents of Title I students with an explanation of the curriculum used at the School, the assessments used to measure student progress, and the proficiency levels students are expected to meet.

The school provides parents of Title I students with an explanation of the curriculum used at the school, the assessments used to measure student progress, and the proficiency levels students are expected to meet. Sunrise accomplishes this in the following manner:

- Back to School Nights provides teachers an opportunity to give an overview the instructional programs at LALA.
- Coffee with the Principal and parent workshops on understanding district and state mandated assessments (CAASPP, ELPAC, Benchmark Assessments).
- By holding parent conferences as well as informal and formal conferences throughout the year.
- Open house provides parents another opportunity to visit, review and inform themselves as to their children's progress and their current schoolwork.
- Title I and ELD mandatory district, school, and community meetings.
- Family and Parent-Teacher Council events and functions.

6. If requested by parents of Title I students, LALA provides opportunities for regular meetings that allow the parents to participate in decisions relating to the education of their children.

Some ways LALA does this is by:

- Teachers and all staff are available if parent requests appointment to meet outside of school hours to be informed, voice, share their ideas, concerns, and suggestions about decisions regarding their children's education.
- Parent conferences are held and scheduled at parent convenient hours.
- Parents receive ongoing written notifications of their child's academic progress based on progress monitoring.
- Parent Center and parent community representative serves as liaison to assist parents to participate and be involved at all phases of all school related activities, meetings, and functions.
- Parents may also participate by attending parent/teacher conferences, SSC meetings, ELAC meetings, IEPs, Coffee with the Principal, and other informal parent meetings.

*The Policy must be updated periodically to meet changing needs of parents and the School. [20 U.S.C. § 6318 (b)(1)]. If LALA has a process in place for involving parents in planning and designing the School's programs, the school may use that process if it includes adequate representation of parents of Title I children. [20 U.S.C. § 6318 (c)(3)].

School-Parent Compact

LALA distributes to parents of Title I students a School-Parent Compact. The Compact, which has been jointly developed with parents, outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement. It describes specific ways the school and families will partner to help children achieve the State's high academic standards. It addresses the following legally required items, as well as other items suggested by parents of Title I students.

- LALA's responsibility to provide high-quality curriculum and instruction to meet the challenging State academic standards.
 - The importance of ongoing communication between parents and teachers through, at a minimum, annual parent-teacher conferences; frequent reports on student progress; access to staff; opportunities for parents to volunteer and participate in their child's class; opportunities to observe classroom activities; and ensuring regular communication between family members and

school staff, and to the extent practicable, in a language that family members can understand.

The Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or “School”) has developed a written Title I Parent and Family Engagement Policy (“Policy”) with input from Title I parents and families. LALA has distributed the Policy to parents of Title I students by Annual Title I meeting, through handouts given to students to take home, and at various school functions and meeting throughout the school year. The policy is also posted on the website and a hard copy may be requested from the office at any time. This Policy describes the means for carrying out the following Title I parent and family engagement requirements [20 USC 6318; Section 1116(a)-(f) inclusive].

Building Capacity for Involvement

LALA engages Title I parents in meaningful interactions with the School. The School supports a partnership among staff, parents, and the community to improve student academic achievement. To help reach these goals, LALA has established the following practices:

1. LALA provides Title I parents with assistance in understanding the challenging state academic standards, state and local assessments, and how to monitor and improve the achievement of their children.

Here is how LALA accomplishes this:

- Formal and informal parent conferences to discuss EL progress, ELPAC results, reclassification criteria and periodic benchmark assessments.
- Parent workshops on how to understand CAASPP and ELPAC results and other assessments given to their children.
- Parent Center will provide Parent-Education classes on personal development in order to help students succeed in school.
- Teachers and all staff are available if parent requests appointment to meet outside of school hours to be informed, voice, share their ideas, concerns, and suggestions about decisions regarding their children's education.

2. LALA provides Title I parents with materials and training, such as literacy training and using technology (including education about the harms of copyright piracy), as appropriate, to foster parental involvement, to help them work with their children to improve their children's achievement.

The school provides Title I parents with materials and training to help them work with their children to improve their children's achievement. Here are ways Sunrise accomplishes this:

- LALA’S enrollment packages will contain the Parent Involvement and volunteer policies.

- Parent workshops will be led by teachers and other professionals in the area of their expertise to assist parents with being more active in their children's educational development.
- The Director will provide workshops on state and district tests such as the CAASPP and ELPAC requirements.

3. With the assistance of Title I parents, LALA educates staff members about the value of parent contributions, and in how to reach out, communicate with, and work with parents as equal partners to implement and coordinate parent programs and build ties between parents and the School.

- SSC, ELAC, and Parent-Teacher Council meetings.
- Through staff development teachers will receive the required and recommended resources to enable them to work with their students' parents.
- Workshops given by teachers to work with parent to help their own children.
- Parents are viewed as equal and valued stakeholders in our school community.
- Enrollment fair to reach out to the community and showcase student and parent work to promote new enrollees to LALA.

4. LALA coordinates and integrates the Title I parental involvement program with other programs, and conducts other activities, such as parent resource centers, to encourage and support parents in more fully participating in the education of their children.

Here is how this happens at LALA:

- Teacher led workshops such as math, language arts, common core standards, phonics, and guided reading.
- Parent and the College Career Centers are available for students and parents, and information is also disseminated regarding upcoming events.
- The Parent Center will also provide workshops based on school, parent and or student needs.
- Developing appropriate partnerships with community based organizations and businesses.

5. LALA distributes information related to School and parent programs, meetings, and other activities to Title I parents in a format and language that the parents understand.

LALA does this in the following manner:

- Announcements, newsletters, flyers, memos, Parent Square notifications, and all written materials are communicated in English and Spanish since LALA's student populations is 90%+ Hispanic.
- All meetings and events are directed in held in both languages if required.
- Parent surveys are translated and sent home in both languages.

6. LALA provides support for parental involvement activities requested by Title I parents. In the following manner:

- Morning, mid-afternoon, and late parent workshops are held based on school, student, programs, and parent needs.
- Parent College workshops and activities.
- Family-Teacher Council created and sponsored events and parent meetings.
- Director facilitates school parent Title I involvement with monthly and as needed meetings.
- Parent Center outreach to parents through personal, Parent Square, written and communication.

Accessibility

LALA provides opportunities for the participation of all Title I parents and family members, including parents/family with limited English proficiency, parents/family with disabilities, and parents/family of migratory students. Information and School reports are provided in a format and language that parents/family understand, including by:

- The parent outreach coordinator is made available for students, parents and staff to disseminate information regarding schools and community needs.
- Announcements, newsletters flyers, Parent Square and all written materials are in English and Spanish.
- All meetings and events are directed and held in both languages if required.
- Parent surveys are translated and sent home in both languages.

Director monitors and facilitates the development and implementation of Title I parental involvement and the policies for increasing and maintaining effective parent attendance and parent volunteer program.

Administration of Medications Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date:6/26/2020

The Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) staff is responsible for overseeing the administration of medication to students attending LALA during the regular school day. It is imperative that practices followed in the administration of medication be carefully delineated to ensure the safety of our students and the legal protection of our employees.

Definitions

- “*Authorized health care provider*” means an individual who is licensed by the State of California to prescribe medication.

- “*Authorizing physician and surgeon*” may include, but is not limited to, a physician and surgeon employed by, or contracting with, a local educational agency, a medical director of the local health department, or a local emergency medical services director.

“*School nurse*” means an individual who is currently a credentialed and licensed registered nurse employed by the Charter School.

- “*Other designated Charter School personnel*” means an individual employed by the Charter School who has (1) has consented to assist/administer medication to students and (2) may legally assist/administer the medication to students.
- “*Medication*” includes prescription medication, over-the-counter remedies, nutritional supplements, and herbal remedies. Sunscreen is not considered a medication.
- “*Opioid antagonist*” means naloxone hydrochloride (“NARCAN”) or another drug approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration that, when administered, negates or neutralizes in whole or in part the pharmacological effects of an opioid in the body, and has been approved for the treatment of an opioid overdose.
- “*Regular school day*” includes during school hours, before- or after-school programs, field trips, extracurricular or co-curricular activities, and camps or other activities that typically involve at least one (1) overnight stay from home.

Administration of Medication

Any student who is or may be required to take, during the regular schoolday, prescription medication prescribed or ordered for the student by an authorized health care provider may be assisted by the **school nurse** or designated Charter School personnel.

In order for a student to be assisted by the **school nurse** or other designated Charter School personnel in administering medication, Charter School shall obtain both:

1. A written statement from the student’s authorized health care provider detailing the name of the medication, method, amount/dosage, and time schedules by which the medication is to be taken, and
2. A written statement from the parent, foster parent, or guardian of the student indicating the desire that **LALA** assist the student in the matters set forth in the statement of the authorized health care provider.

These written statements specified shall be provided at least annually and more frequently if the medication, dosage/amount, frequency of administration, or reason for administration changes.

The primary responsibility for the administration of medication rests with the parent/guardian, student, and medical professionals.

Administration of Auto-Injectable Epinephrine or Inhaled Asthma Medication

Any student who is or may be required to take, during the regular schoolday, prescription auto-injectable epinephrine (“EpiPen”) or inhaled asthma medication prescribed or ordered for the student by an authorized health care provider may carry and self-administer prescription an EpiPen or inhaled asthma medication if LALA receives both the appropriate written statements as follows:

1. A written statement from the student’s authorized health care provider (1) detailing the name of the medication, method, dosage/amount, and time schedules by which the medication is to be taken, and (2) confirming that the student is able to self-administer an EpiPen or inhaled asthma medication, and
2. A written statement from the parent, foster parent, or guardian of the student (1) consenting to the self-administration, (2) providing a release for the **school nurse** or designated Charter School personnel to consult with the health care provider of the student regarding any questions that may arise with regard to the medication, and (3) releasing the Charter School and Charter School personnel from civil liability if the self-administering student suffers an adverse reaction as a result of self-administering medication.

These written statements specified shall be provided at least annually and more frequently if the medication, dosage/amount, frequency of administration, or reason for administration changes.

A student may be subject to disciplinary action if the student uses an EpiPen or inhaled asthma medication in a manner other than as prescribed.

Any student requiring insulin shots must establish a plan for administration of insulin shots with the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** in consultation with the parent or guardian and the student’s medical professional.

Self-Administration of Medications (*for high school students*)

Students in grades 9-12 (inclusive) who are required to take, during the regular schoolday, prescription medication prescribed or ordered for the student by an authorized health care provider may carry and self-administer emergency or otherwise necessary medication.

In order for a student to carry and self-administer medication, Charter School shall obtain the following:

1. A written statement from the student’s authorized health care provider detailing the name of the medication, method, amount/dosage, time schedules by which the medication is to be taken, and confirmation that the student is able to self-administer the medication;
2. A written statement from the parent, foster parent, or guardian of the student indicating consent for the student to self-administer the medication, and waiving Charter School’s liability for any potential harm related to the student’s self-administration of the medication.

3. Observation and documentation of a **school nurse** or other designated personnel of the student's capability to safely and competently perform the task according to the authorized health care provider's written statement. Documented observation includes the following activities:
 - i. Observation of the student self-administering the medication.
 - ii. Determination of the student's capability to have in his or her possession all necessary equipment and supplies.
 - iii. Determination of the student's capability to adhere to standard precautions and appropriate handling of syringes, needles, lancets, and other medical equipment.
 - iv. Determination of the student's capability to maintain safety and privacy.
 - v. Development of an individualized school healthcare plan (ISHP) by the school nurse or other designated personnel if the student's health condition and status require monitoring and supervision.
 - vi. Development of a Section 504 Plan or a written agreement with the student that includes:
 1. Procedures for reporting to designated school personnel any problems with medication, supplies or equipment, or if and when the student needs assistance.
 2. A monitoring system for tracking self-medicating student outcomes.
 3. Information for the student of what constitutes responsible behavior and that any act of inappropriate behavior with regard to self-administration of medication, such as sharing medications with peers, may result in the school administrator informing the parent or guardian and revoking the privilege of self-administration.
 4. Provision for the student to keep on his or her person a copy of the authorized health care provider and parent or guardian written statements.
 5. Recommendation that the student carry photo identification.

These written statements specified shall be provided at least annually and more frequently if the medication, dosage/amount, frequency of administration, or reason for administration changes.

The primary responsibility for the administration of medication rests with the parent/guardian, student, and medical professionals.

Staff Training and Emergency Response

Additional information about staff trainings and the Charter School's response to emergencies can be located within the Employment Handbook and/or the School Safety Plan.

A. Response to Anaphylactic Reaction

The school nurse or trained personnel who have volunteered may use an EpiPen to provide emergency medical aid to persons suffering, or reasonably believed to be suffering from, an anaphylactic reaction. LALA will ensure it has the appropriate type of EpiPen on site (i.e., regular or junior) to meet the needs of its pupils. The Charter School will ensure staff properly store, maintain, and restock the EpiPen as needed.

Charter School will ensure any Charter School personnel who volunteer are appropriately trained regarding the storage and emergency use of an EpiPen.

Adequate training shall be consistent with the most recent Voluntary Guidelines for Managing Food Allergies In Schools and Early Care and Education Programs published by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the most recent guidelines for medication administration issued by the California Department of Education (“CDE”), and shall include all of the following:

1. Techniques for recognizing symptoms of anaphylaxis.
2. Standards and procedures for the storage, restocking, and emergency use of epinephrine auto-injectors.
3. Emergency follow-up procedures, including calling the emergency 911 telephone number and contacting, if possible, the pupil’s parent and physician.
4. Recommendations on the necessity of instruction and certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
5. Instruction on how to determine whether to use an adult epinephrine auto-injector or a junior epinephrine auto-injector, which shall include consideration of a pupil’s grade level or age as a guideline of equivalency for the appropriate pupil weight determination.
6. Written materials covering the information required pursuant to the training.

LALA will distribute an annual notice to all staff describing the request for volunteers who will be trained to administer an EpiPen to a person if that person is suffering, or reasonably believed to be suffering from, anaphylaxis. The annual notice shall also describe the training the volunteer will receive.

B. Response to a Diabetic or Hypoglycemic Emergency

LALA provides Charter School personnel with voluntary emergency medical training on how to provide emergency medical assistance to students with diabetes suffering from severe hypoglycemia. The volunteer personnel shall provide this emergency care in accordance with standards established herein and the performance instructions set forth by the licensed health care provider of the student. A Charter School employee who does not volunteer or who has not been trained pursuant to this Policy may not be required to provide emergency medical assistance.

Training by a physician, **credentialed school nurse**, registered nurse, or certificated public health nurse according to the standards established pursuant to this section shall be deemed adequate training. Training established shall include all of the following:

1. Recognition and treatment of hypoglycemia.
2. Administration of glucagon.
3. Basic emergency follow-up procedures, including, but not limited to, calling the emergency 911 telephone number and contacting, if possible, the student's parent or guardian and licensed health care provider.

A Charter School employee shall notify the Principal if the employee administers glucagon pursuant to this Policy.

All materials necessary to administer the glucagon shall be provided by the parent or guardian of the student.

In the case of a student who is able to self-test and monitor their own blood glucose level, upon written request of the parent or guardian, and with authorization of the licensed health care provider of the student, a student with diabetes shall be permitted to test their own blood glucose level and to otherwise provide diabetes self-care in the classroom, in any area of the Charter School or Charter School grounds, during any Charter School-related activity, and, upon specific request by a parent or guardian, in a private location.

Designated staff shall establish emergency procedures for specific medical conditions that require an immediate response (i.e. allergies, asthma, diabetes).

C. Response to an Opioid Overdose

LALA provides Charter School personnel with voluntary emergency medical training on the administration of opioid antagonists to students suffering, or reasonably believed to be suffering, from an opioid overdose. The training provided to School personnel shall be in compliance with the requirements of Education Code section 49414.3.

Trained school personnel may administer the opioid antagonist to a person exhibiting potentially life-threatening symptoms of an opioid overdose at school or a school activity. LALA will ensure staff properly store, maintain, and restock the EpiPen as needed.

If trained school personnel administer an opioid antagonist to a student, LALA will call emergency services (9-1-1) and will contact the student's parent/guardian.

Training from a **school nurse** or other qualified person designated by an authorizing physician and surgeon shall include all of the following:

1. Techniques for recognizing symptoms of an opioid overdose.
2. Standards and procedures for the storage, restocking, and emergency use of naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist.
3. Basic emergency follow-up procedures, including, but not limited to, a requirement for the school or charter school administrator or, if the administrator is not available, another school staff member to call the emergency 911 telephone number and to contact the student's parent or guardian.
4. Recommendations on the necessity of instruction and certification in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
5. Written materials covering the information required pursuant to the training.

School personnel may volunteer to undergo the training at no cost to the volunteer and during the volunteer's regular working hours. An employee who volunteers pursuant to this section may rescind their offer to administer emergency naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist at any time, including after receipt of training. Charter School shall ensure that each employee who volunteers under this section will be provided defense and indemnification by the Charter School for any and all civil liability. This information shall be provided to the volunteer in writing, and retained in the volunteer's personnel file.

The **Principal** shall distribute an annual notice to all staff regarding volunteering for training to administer opioid antagonists and a volunteer's right to rescind their offer to volunteer.

Storage and Record Keeping

1. All medication will be kept in a secure and appropriate storage location and administered per an authorized health care provider's instructions by appropriately designated staff.
2. Designated staff shall keep records of medication administered at LALA. The medication log may include the following:
 - a. Student's name.
 - b. Name of medication the student is required to take.
 - c. Dose of medication.
 - d. Method by which the student is required to take the medication.
 - e. Time the medication is to be taken during the regular school day.
 - f. Date(s) on which the student is required to take the medication.
 - g. Authorized health care provider's name and contact information.
 - h. A space for daily recording of medication administration to the student or otherwise assisting the student in administration of the medication, such as date, time, amount, and signature of the individual administering the medication or otherwise assisting in administration of the medication.

3. Designated staff shall return all surplus, discontinued, or outdated medication to the parent/guardian upon completion of the regimen or prior to extended holidays. If the medication cannot be returned, it will be disposed of at the end of the school year.

Cell Phones and Personal Electronics Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/22/2020

Students are permitted to have cell phones in their possession while on school campus; however, such items must be kept in the student's backpack and not used during regular school hours. The policy below clarifies LALA's cell phone and personal electronics (iPods, CD players, MP3 players, etc.) usage policy and consequences. Please see below:

- Electronic devices should be turned off during the school day. With teacher permission and supervision, students may use devices in the classroom as part of the learning experience. Students must wait for teacher instruction to turn on and use any device.
- Students ***may NOT*** call on their personal phones for a parent/guardian pick-up during the instructional day for any reason other than a school emergency as determined by administration. Students who do not follow this rule will have their phones confiscated.
- Parents who need to contact their child during the day must call the main office.
- Cell phones are permitted on campus; however, student use of cell phones or personal electronic devices is restricted. Cell phones and personal electronics are not to be used by students during instructional hours, which is between 8:00 am and 3:30 pm. This includes not using cell phones or personal electronics during passing periods and during lunch.

Notwithstanding the above, a student will not be prohibited from possessing or using a smartphone or other personal electronic device under any of the following circumstances:

- 1) Off campus before or after school.
- 2) Before or after any Charter School sponsored activity occurring before or after the regular school day.
- 3) In the case of an emergency, or in response to a perceived threat of danger.
- 4) When a teacher or administrator of LALA grants permission to a pupil to possess or use a smartphone or other personal electronic device, subject to any reasonable limitation imposed by that teacher or administrator.
- 5) When a licensed physician and surgeon determines that the possession or use of a smartphone or other personal electronic device is necessary for the health or well-being of the pupil.
- 6) When the possession or use of a smartphone or other personal electronic device is required in a pupil's individualized education program ("IEP").

Private devices shall be turned off and shall not be used:

- During instructional classroom time, including assemblies, and any other school activity, which takes place during the regularly scheduled school day on or off campus.

- During break periods, between class periods, or during lunch.
- During events sponsored by the Charter School held before or after regular school hours.

On field trips or excursions sponsored by the Charter School

Consequences for Inappropriate Cell Phone or Personal Electronics Use

If a student is using an electronic device without permission or inappropriately, the following discipline will be implemented:

- **1st Offense:** Confiscation of device by staff member. Staff member gives the cell phone or electronic device to the administration, who log the incident in PowerSchool. Device will be returned to student at end of day.
- **2nd Offense:** Confiscation of device by staff member. Staff member gives the cell phone or electronic device to the administration, who log incident in PowerSchool. Device will be returned to parent/guardian. Parent and administration create an agreement for consequence if third offense were to occur.
- **3rd Offense:** Confiscation of device. Device is given to administration and the incident logged in PowerSchool. Administration contacts parent and reviews agreement.

****LALA is NOT responsible for lost or stolen items.** In the event of theft or loss of student cell phones while on campus, the parents should file a police report with the local Sheriff’s station so that an investigation by school staff does not interfere with school activities and class time.

**CLASSROOM AND SCHOOL VOLUNTEER, VISITATION, AND REMOVAL
POLICY**

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

While Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) encourages parents/guardians and interested members of the community to visit the Charter School and view the educational program, LALA also endeavors to create a safe environment for students and staff. Additionally, parents/guardians volunteering in the classroom can be extremely helpful to our teachers and valuable to our students. We thank all parents/guardians for their willingness to volunteer in this manner.

LALA knows that parent’s involvement in school is critical for your child’s educational success and we look forward to having you engage with us in a meaningful way. Parents are encouraged to volunteer on campus to build that bridge and cultivate a strong partnership. With a new policy in place, we ask you apply to volunteer with Ms. Julie in the Parent Resource Center and always remember to sign in at the front office.

Nevertheless, to ensure the safety of students and staff as well as to minimize interruption of the instructional program, the LALA Board of Directors has established the following procedures, to facilitate volunteering and visitations during regular school days:

Definitions

- A “visitor” is defined as any person seeking to enter the school building who is not an employee of the Charter School or a student currently enrolled in that building. All visitors who are not parents or guardians of a student must have a specific and educationally relevant purpose for their visit.
- A “volunteer” is defined as any person who voluntarily offers and provides a service to the Charter School with Charter School approval without receiving compensation.

Volunteering

Parents or guardians who are interested in volunteering in the classroom must adhere to the following guidelines:

1. Volunteers who will volunteer outside of the direct supervision of a credentialed employee shall be (1) fingerprinted and (2) receive background clearance prior to volunteering without the direct supervision of a credentialed employee.
2. A volunteer shall also have on file with LALA a certificate showing that, upon initial volunteer assignment, the person submitted to a tuberculosis risk assessment and, if tuberculosis risk factors were identified, was examined and found to be free of infectious tuberculosis. If no risk factors are identified, an examination is not required. At the discretion of the LALA Board of Directors, this paragraph shall not apply to a volunteer whose functions do not require frequent or prolonged contact with pupils.
3. Volunteering must be arranged with the classroom teacher and Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee, at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance.
4. A volunteer may not volunteer in the classroom for more than three (3) hours per month.
5. Prior to volunteering in the classroom, the volunteer should communicate with the teacher to discuss the expectations for volunteering needs. Classroom volunteers are there to benefit the entire class and are not in class solely for the benefit of their own child. Classroom volunteers must follow the instructions provided by the classroom teacher or aide. Classroom rules also apply to volunteers to ensure minimal distraction to the teacher. If a volunteer is uncomfortable following the direction of the teacher or aid the volunteer may leave their volunteer position for that day.

6. Information gained by volunteers regarding students (e.g. academic performance or behavior) is to be maintained in strict confidentiality. Volunteers must sign in agreement that they have read and understand and agree to follow the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (“FERPA”) Policy.
7. Volunteers shall follow and be governed by all other guidelines indicated elsewhere in this Policy. This includes, but is not limited to, the process of registering and signing out of the campus at the main office as indicated below.
8. Volunteerism by parents is encouraged but not mandatory. Any volunteer hours are tracked for purposes of maintaining data on the parent participation at the School.
9. This Policy does not authorize LALA to permit a parent/guardian to volunteer or visit the campus if doing so conflicts with a valid restraining order, protective order, or order for custody or visitation issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Possible Volunteer Opportunities to Support the School

- Office support
- Recruitment
- Fundraising activities
- Field trip assistance and supervision
- Special events assistance
- Arrival and dismissal supervision
- Yard supervision
- Leadership activities such as serving as the parent representative for your child’s advisory class, participation in the parent advisory committee, serving as a parent mentor, on school board of directors, or participating in other school committees

How to Volunteer

Feel free to call the school at the beginning of the school year or anytime thereafter to volunteer, or complete the Volunteer Form located in the back of this Handbook. Prior to an initial volunteer assignment, volunteers must submit a certificate showing that, within the past sixty (60) days, the volunteer submitted to a Tuberculosis (“TB”) risk assessment and, if TB risk factors were identified, was examined and found to be free of infectious TB. If no risk factors are identified, an examination is not required. Volunteers who do not have any risk factors for exposure to TB or who test negative for TB shall thereafter be required to take a TB test every (4) four years. The cost of this TB clearance will be paid by the volunteer.

If you need more information, please contact the Parent Outreach Coordinator.

Level 1 -

Volunteer Application:

- ❖ One time only activities such as Chaperone a single field trip
- ❖ Volunteer in the Parent Center

Level 2 -

Volunteer Application & submit Negative TB Results no more than 60 days old:

- ❖ Chaperone a field trip more than 1 time
- ❖ Volunteer on campus with regular student contact directly supervised by a credentialed or qualified staff

Level 3 -

Volunteer Application & submit Negative TB Results no more than 60 days old & Livescan:

- ❖ Unsupervised contact with students for tutoring or coaching

These requirements are in place to ensure the safety of your child. Please contact the Ms. Julie if you have any questions about the policy or need support in finding a provider to obtain the required results. (213) 3818484

Leadership Opportunities for Parents

Leadership opportunities for parents include participation in the following committees:

- Advisory Committee
- School Board of Directors
- Welcome Week Committee
- Communications Committee/Parent Representative for your child's advisory class
- Teacher Appreciation Committee
- College Committee
- School Beautification Committee
- Recruitment Committee

Visitation

1. Visits during school hours should first be arranged with the teacher and Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee, at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance. If a conference is desired, an appointment should be set with the teacher during non-instructional time, at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance. Parents seeking to visit a classroom during school hours must first obtain the approval of the classroom teacher and the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee.

2. All visitors (including volunteers) shall register in the Visitors Log Book and complete a Visitor's Permit in the main office immediately upon entering any school building or grounds when during regular school hours. When registering, the visitor is required to provide his/her name, address, age (if under 21), his/her purpose for entering school grounds, and proof of identity.

3. All visitors are asked to comply with current mandated and recommended health and safety protocols. Visitors (including volunteers) who demonstrate signs of a contagious disease (e.g. fever, coughing) may be denied registration. When recommended or requested by the Department of Public Health, visitors will be required to wear personal protective equipment, such as masks, and practice social distancing. LALA reserves the right to implement additional

measures for the protection of its school community, such as requiring forehead temperature checks before entry to the same extent being utilized for students and employees.

4. If the visitor is a government officer/official (including but not limited to local law enforcement officers, immigration enforcement officers, social workers, district attorneys, or U.S. attorneys) the officer/official will also be asked to produce any documentation that authorizes school access. LALA shall make reasonable efforts to notify parents or guardians prior to permitting a student to be interviewed or searched, consistent with the law and/or any court order, warrant or instructions from the officer/official. A copy of the documentation provided by the officer and notes from the encounter may be maintained by LALA, consistent with the law. The LALA Governing Board and Bureau of Children's Justice in the California Department of Justice, at BCJ@doj.ca.gov, will be timely informed regarding any attempt by a law-enforcement officer to access a school site or a student for immigration-enforcement purposes, as recommended by the Attorney General.

For purposes of school safety and security, the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may design a visible means of identification for visitors while on school premises.

4. Except for unusual circumstances, approved by the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent, LALA visits should not exceed approximately sixty (60) minutes in length and may not occur more than twice per semester.

5. While on campus, visitors are to enter and leave classrooms as quietly as possible, not converse with any student, teacher, or other instructional assistant unless permitted, and not interfere with any school activity. No electronic listening or recording device may be used in a classroom without the teacher's and Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent's written permission.

6. Before leaving campus, the visitor shall return the Visitor's Permit and sign out of the Visitors Log Book in the main office.

7. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent, or designee, may refuse to register a visitor or volunteer if it is believed that the presence of the visitor or volunteer would cause a threat of disruption or physical injury to teachers, other employees, or students.

8. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent may direct a visitor without lawful business on campus to leave campus when the visitor's presence or acts interfere with the peaceful conduct of the activities of the school or disrupt the school or its pupils or school activities. Any visitor who is directed to leave by the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee will not be permitted to return to the Charter School campus for at least seven (7) days.

9. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may withdraw consent to be on campus for up to fourteen (14) days even if the visitor has a right to be on campus whenever there is reason to believe that the person has willfully disrupted or is likely to disrupt LALA's orderly operation. Consent shall be reinstated whenever the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent has reason to believe that the presence of the person will not constitute a substantial and material threat to the orderly operation of the School campus. The person from whom consent has been withdrawn may submit a written request for a hearing on the

withdrawal within the two-week period. The written request shall state the address to which notice of hearing is to be sent. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall grant such a hearing not later than seven (7) days from the date of receipt of the request and shall immediately mail a written notice of the time, place, and date of such hearing to such person.
LALA

10. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may request that a visitor who has failed to register, or whose registration privileges have been denied or withdrawn, promptly leave school grounds. When a visitor is directed to leave, the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall inform the visitor that if he/she reenters the school without following the posted requirements he/she will be guilty of a misdemeanor.

11. Any visitor that is denied registration or has his/her registration revoked may request a conference with the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent. The request shall be in writing, shall state why the denial or revocation was improper, shall give the address to which notice of conference is to be sent, and shall be delivered to the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent with fourteen (14) days of the denial or revocation of consent. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall promptly mail a written notice of the date, time, and place of the conference to the person who requested the conference. A conference with the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall be held within seven (7) days after the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent receives the request. If no resolution can be agreed upon, the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall forward notice of the complaint to the LALA Board of Directors. The LALA Board of Directors shall address the Complaint at the next regular board meeting and make a final determination.

12. At each entrance to the campus, signs shall be posted specifying the hours during which registration is required, stating where the office of the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee is located, and what route to take to that office, and setting forth the penalties for violation of this policy.

13. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall seek the assistance of the police in managing or reporting any visitor in violation of this Policy.

Penalties

1. Pursuant to the California Penal Code, if a visitor does not leave after being asked or if the visitor returns without following the posted requirements after being directed to leave, he/she will be guilty of a misdemeanor which is punishable by a fine of up to \$500.00 (five hundred dollars) or imprisonment in the County jail for a period of up to six (6) months or both.
2. Under California Education Code section 44811, any parent, guardian or other person whose conduct materially disrupts classwork or extracurricular activities or involves substantial disorder is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable, upon the first

conviction by a fine of no less than \$500.00 (five hundred dollars) and no more than \$1,000.00 (one thousand dollars) or by imprisonment in a County jail for no more than one (1) year, or both the fine and imprisonment.

3. Disruptive conduct may lead to LALA's pursuit of a restraining order against a visitor, which would prohibit him/her from coming onto school grounds or attending school activities for any purpose for a period of up to three (3) years.

Comprehensive Sexual Health Education Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/2020

This Policy of the LALA Board of Directors ("Board") has been adopted to meet the Legislative intent of the California Healthy Youth Act ("CHYA") as follows: (1) to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to protect their sexual and reproductive health from human immunodeficiency virus ("HIV") and other sexually transmitted infections and from unintended pregnancy;(2) to provide students with the knowledge and skills they need to develop healthy attitudes concerning adolescent growth and development, body image, gender, sexual orientation, relationships, marriage, and family; (3) to promote understanding of sexuality as a normal part of human development; (4) to ensure students receive integrated, comprehensive, accurate, and unbiased sexual health and HIV prevention instruction and provide educators with clear tools and guidance to accomplish that end; and (5) to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to have healthy, positive, and safe relationships and behaviors.

Definitions

- "*Age appropriate*": topics, messages, and teaching methods suitable to particular ages or age groups of children and adolescents, based on developing cognitive, emotional, and behavioral capacity typical for the age or age group.
- "*Comprehensive sexual health education*": education regarding human development and sexuality, including education on pregnancy, contraception, and sexually transmitted infections.
- "*English Learner*": a pupil who is "limited English proficient" as that term is defined in the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 7801(25)).
- "*HIV prevention education*": instruction on the nature of human immunodeficiency virus ("HIV") and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome ("AIDS"), methods of transmission, strategies to reduce the risk of HIV infection, and social and public health issues related to HIV and AIDS.

- *“Instructors trained in the appropriate courses”*: instructors with knowledge of the most recent medically accurate research on human sexuality, healthy relationships, pregnancy, and HIV and other sexually transmitted infections.
- *“Medically accurate”*: verified or supported by research conducted in compliance with scientific methods and published in peer-reviewed journals, where appropriate, and recognized as accurate and objective by professional organizations and agencies with expertise in the relevant field.

Instruction to Students

The CHYA requires that comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education be provided to all LALA students in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, at least once in middle school or junior high school and once in high school.

In compliance with the CHYA, LALA will ensure that all students in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, are provided the following instruction:

1. Information on the nature of HIV, as well as other sexually transmitted infections, and their effects on the human body.
2. Information on the manner in which HIV and other sexually transmitted infections are and are not transmitted, including information on the relative risk of infection according to specific behaviors, including sexual activities and injection drug use.
3. Information that abstinence from sexual activity and injection drug use is the only certain way to prevent HIV and other sexually transmitted infections and abstinence from sexual intercourse is the only certain way to prevent unintended pregnancy. This instruction shall provide information about the value of delaying sexual activity while also providing medically accurate information on other methods of preventing HIV and other sexually transmitted infections and pregnancy.
4. Information about the effectiveness and safety of all federal Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) approved methods that prevent or reduce the risk of contracting HIV and other sexually transmitted infections, including use of antiretroviral medication, consistent with the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
5. Information about the effectiveness and safety of reducing the risk of HIV transmission as a result of injection drug use by decreasing needle use and needle sharing.
6. Information about the treatment of HIV and other sexually transmitted infections, including how antiretroviral therapy can dramatically prolong the lives of many people living with HIV and reduce the likelihood of transmitting HIV to others.
7. Discussion about social views on HIV and AIDS, including addressing unfounded stereotypes and myths regarding HIV and AIDS and people living with HIV. This

instruction shall emphasize that successfully treated HIV-positive individuals have a normal life expectancy, all people are at some risk of contracting HIV, and the only way to know if one is HIV-positive is to get tested.

8. Information about local resources, how to access local resources, and students' legal rights to access local resources for sexual and reproductive health care such as testing and medical care for HIV and other sexually transmitted infections and pregnancy prevention and care, as well as local resources for assistance with sexual assault and intimate partner violence.
9. Information about the effectiveness and safety of all FDA-approved contraceptive methods in preventing pregnancy, including, but not limited to, emergency contraception. Instruction on pregnancy shall include an objective discussion of all legally available pregnancy outcomes, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
 - a. Parenting, adoption, and abortion.
 - b. Information on the law on surrendering physical custody of a minor child 72 hours of age or younger., pursuant to Section 1255.7 of the Health and Safety Code and Section 271.5 of the Penal Code.
 - c. The importance of prenatal care.
10. Information about sexual harassment, sexual assault, sexual abuse, and human trafficking. Information on human trafficking shall include both of the following:
 - a. Information on the prevalence, nature, and strategies to reduce the risk of human trafficking, techniques to set healthy boundaries, and how to safely seek assistance.
 - b. Information on how social media and mobile device applications are used for human trafficking.
11. Information about adolescent relationship abuse and intimate partner violence, including the early warning signs thereof.
12. Information regarding the potential risks and consequences of creating and sharing sexually suggestive or sexually explicit materials through cellular telephones, social networking Internet Web sites, computer networks, or other digital media.

Further, LALA shall ensure that all instruction satisfies the following criteria:

1. Instruction and materials shall be age appropriate.
2. All factual information presented shall be medically accurate and objective.
3. All instruction and materials shall align with and support the purposes of Education Code Section 51930(b)(1)-(5) as stated in this Policy and shall:
 - a. Be appropriate for use with students of all races, genders, sexual orientations, and ethnic and cultural backgrounds, students with disabilities, and English learners.

- b. Be made available on an equal basis to a pupil who is an English learner, consistent with the existing curriculum and alternative options for an English learner pupil as otherwise provided pursuant to applicable law.
- c. Be accessible to students with disabilities, including, but not limited to, the provision of a modified curriculum, materials and instruction in alternative formats, and auxiliary aids.
- d. Not reflect or promote bias against any person on the basis of any category protected by Education Code Section 220.
- e. Affirmatively recognize that people have different sexual orientations and, when discussing or providing examples of relationships and couples, shall be inclusive of same-sex relationships.
- f. Teach students about gender, gender expression, gender identity, and explore the harm of negative gender stereotypes.
- g. Encourage a student to communicate with his or her parents, guardians, and other trusted adults about human sexuality and provide the knowledge and skills necessary to do so.
- h. Teach the value of and prepare students to have and maintain committed relationships such as marriage.
- i. Provide students with knowledge and skills they need to form healthy relationships that are based on mutual respect and affection, and are free from violence, coercion, and intimidation.
- j. Provide students with knowledge and skills for making and implementing healthy decisions about sexuality, including negotiation and refusal skills to assist students in overcoming peer pressure and using effective decision making skills to avoid high-risk activities.
- k. Not teach or promote religious doctrine.

In-Service Training

LALA shall cooperatively plan and conduct in-service training for all LALA personnel that provide HIV prevention education, through regional planning, joint powers agreements, or contract services.

In developing and providing in-service training, LALA shall cooperate and collaborate with the teachers of the LALA who provide HIV prevention education and with the department.

In-service training shall be conducted periodically to enable LALA personnel to learn new developments in the scientific understanding of HIV. In-service training shall be voluntary for LALA personnel who have demonstrated expertise or received in-service training from the department or federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

LALA may expand HIV in-service training to cover the topic of comprehensive sexual health education in order for LALA personnel who provide comprehensive sexual health education to learn new developments in the scientific understanding of sexual health.

Guest Speakers

LALA may contract with outside consultants or guest speakers, including those who have developed multilingual curricula or curricula accessible to persons with disabilities, to deliver comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education or to provide training for LALA personnel.

All outside consultants and guest speakers shall have expertise in comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education and have knowledge of the most recent medically accurate research on the relevant topic or topics covered in their instruction.

Parental Consent

LALA encourages students to communicate with their parents or guardians about human sexuality and HIV and to respect the rights of parents or guardians to supervise their children's education on these subjects. LALA intends to create a streamlined process to make it easier for parents and guardians to review materials and evaluation tools related to comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education, and, if they wish, to excuse their children from participation in all or part of that instruction or evaluation. LALA recognizes that while parents and guardians overwhelmingly support medically accurate, comprehensive sex education, parents and guardians have the ultimate responsibility for imparting values regarding human sexuality to their children.

A parent or guardian of a pupil has the right to excuse their child from all or part of comprehensive sexual health education, HIV prevention education, and assessments related to that education through a passive consent ("opt-out") process. At the beginning of each school year, or at the time of enrollment for students who enroll after the beginning of the year, LALA shall notify parents/guardians of students in grades 7-12 regarding any comprehensive sexual health education and HIV/AIDS prevention education planned for the coming year to be taught by LALA staff. The parent/guardian may request in writing that his or her child be excused from and not participate in the comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education. The Charter School does not require active parental consent ("opt-in") for comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education.

Notwithstanding Education Code Section 51513, anonymous, voluntary, and confidential research and evaluation tools to measure students' health behaviors and risks (including tests, questionnaires, and surveys containing age-appropriate questions about the students' attitudes concerning or practices relating to sex) may be administered to any student in grades 7-12, inclusive. A parent or guardian has the right to excuse their child from the test, questionnaire, or survey through a passive consent ("opt-out") process. Charter School shall not require active parental consent ("opt-in") for these tests, questionnaires, or surveys in grades 7 to 12, inclusive. Parents or guardians shall be notified in writing that this test, questionnaire, or survey is to be administered, given the opportunity to review the test, questionnaire, or survey if they wish, notified of their right to excuse their child from the test, questionnaire, or survey, and informed that in order to excuse their child they must state their request in writing to the Charter School.

Annual Notice

At the beginning of each school year, or, for a pupil who enrolls in a school after the beginning of the school year, at the time of that pupil's enrollment, LALA shall notify the parent or guardian of each pupil about instruction in comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education and research on pupil health behaviors and risks planned for the coming year. The notice shall do all of the following:

1. Advise the parent or guardian that written and audiovisual educational materials used in comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education are available for inspection.
2. Advise the parent or guardian whether the comprehensive sexual health education or HIV prevention education will be taught by LALA personnel or by outside consultants. Charter School may provide comprehensive sexual health education or HIV prevention education, to be taught by outside consultants, and may hold an assembly to deliver comprehensive sexual health education or HIV prevention education by guest speakers, but if it elects to provide comprehensive sexual health education or HIV prevention education in either of these manners, the notice shall include the date of the instruction, the name of the organization or affiliation of each guest speaker, and information stating the right of the parent or guardian to request a copy of this Policy. If arrangements for this instruction are made after the beginning of the school year, notice shall be made by mail or another commonly used method of notification, no fewer than fourteen (14) days before the instruction is delivered.
3. Include information explaining the parent's or guardian's right to request a copy of this Policy and/or Education Code sections 51930-51939.
4. Advise the parent or guardian that the parent or guardian has the right to excuse their child from comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education and that in order to excuse their child they must state their request in writing to LALA.

For Students who Opt-Out

A student may not attend any class in comprehensive sexual health education or HIV prevention education, or participate in any anonymous, voluntary, and confidential test, questionnaire, or survey on student health behaviors and risks, if the Charter School has received a written request from the student's parent or guardian excusing the student from participation.

A pupil may not be subject to disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction if the pupil's parent or guardian declines to permit the pupil to receive comprehensive sexual health education or HIV prevention education or to participate in anonymous, voluntary, and confidential tests, questionnaires, or surveys on pupil health behaviors and risks.

While comprehensive sexual health education, HIV prevention education, or anonymous, voluntary, and confidential test, questionnaire, or survey on pupil health behaviors and risks is being administered, an alternative educational activity shall be made available to students whose

parents or guardians have requested that they not receive the instruction or participate in the test, questionnaire, or survey.

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Education for Foster and Mobile Youth Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

Introduction

The Governing Board of Los Angeles Leadership Primary Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) recognizes that Foster and Mobile Youth may face significant barriers to achieving academic success due to their family circumstances, disruption to their educational program, and their emotional, social, and other health needs. To enable such students to achieve state and charter school academic standards, the Charter School shall provide them with full access to the Charter School’s educational program and implement strategies identified as required by law and necessary for the improvement of the academic achievement of foster youth in the Charter School’s local control and accountability plan (“LCAP”).

Definitions

- “*Foster youth*” means a child who has been removed from his/her home pursuant to California Welfare and Institutions Code section 309 and/or is the subject of a petition filed under Welfare and Institutions Code section 300 or 602. This includes children who are the subject of cases in dependency court and juvenile justice court.
- “*Former juvenile court school pupil*” means a pupil who, upon completion of the pupil’s second year of high school, transfers from a juvenile court school to the Charter School.
- “*Child of a military family*” refers to a student who resides in the household of an active duty military member.
- “*Currently Migratory Child*” refers to a child who, within the last 12-months, has moved with a parent, guardian, or other person having custody to the Charter School from another Local Educational Agency (“LEA”), either within California or from another state, so that the child or a member of the child’s immediate family might secure temporary or seasonal employment in an agricultural or fishing activity, and whose parents or guardians have been informed of the child’s eligibility for migrant education services. “Currently Migratory Child” includes a child who, without the parent/guardian, has continued to migrate annually to secure temporary or seasonal employment in an agricultural or fishing activity.
- “*Pupil participating in a newcomer program*” means a pupil who is participating in a program designed to meet the academic and transitional needs of newly arrived immigrant pupils that has as a primary objective the development of English language proficiency.
- “*Educational Rights Holder*” (“*ERH*”) means a parent, guardian, responsible adult appointed by a court to make educational decisions for a minor pursuant to Welfare

and Institutions Code sections 319, 361 or 726, or a person holding the right to make educational decisions for the pupil pursuant to Education Code section 56055.

- “*School of origin*” means the school that the foster youth attended when permanently housed or the school in which the foster youth was last enrolled. If the school the foster youth attended when permanently housed is different from the school in which he/she was last enrolled, or if there is some other school that the foster youth attended within the immediately preceding 15 months, the Charter School liaison for foster youth, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth and the ERH for the youth, shall determine, in the best interests of the foster youth, the school that shall be deemed the school of origin.
- “*Best interests*” means that, in making educational and school placement decisions for a foster youth, consideration is given to, among other factors, the opportunity to be educated in the least restrictive educational program and the foster youth’s access to academic resources, services, and extracurricular and enrichment activities that are available to all Charter School students.

Within this Policy, foster/juvenile court youth, former juvenile court school pupils, a child of a military family, a currently migratory child, and a pupil participating in the newcomer program will be referred to collectively as “Foster and Mobile Youth.”

Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison

In order to help facilitate the enrollment, placement, and transfer of Foster and Mobile Youth to the Charter School, the Governing Board shall designate a Foster and Mobile Youth liaison. The Governing Board designates the following position as the Charter School’s liaison for Foster and Mobile Youth:

Tina Butler, Chief Operating Officer
2670 Griffin Ave.
Los Angeles, California, 90031
213-381-8484

The Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison shall be responsible for the following:

1. Ensure and facilitate the proper educational placement, enrollment in the Charter School, and checkout from the Charter School of foster youth.
2. Ensure proper transfer of credits, records, and grades when foster youth transfer to or from the Charter School.

When a foster youth is enrolling in the Charter School, the Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison shall contact the school last attended by the student within two (2) business days to obtain all academic and other records. The last school attended by the foster youth shall provide all required records to the new school regardless of any outstanding fees, fines, textbooks, or other items or moneys owed to the school last attended. When a foster youth is transferring to a new school, the Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison shall

provide the student's records to the new school within two (2) business days of receiving the new school's request, regardless of any outstanding fees, fines, textbooks, or other items or moneys owed to the Charter School.

3. When required by law, notify the foster youth's attorney and the appropriate representative of the county child welfare agency at least ten (10) calendar days preceding the date of the following:
 - a. An expulsion hearing for a discretionary act under the Charter School's charter.
 - b. Any meeting to extend a suspension until an expulsion decision is rendered if the decision to recommend expulsion is a discretionary act under the Charter School's charter. The foster youth's attorney and the agency representative will be invited to participate.
 - c. A manifestation determination meeting prior to a change in the foster youth's placement if the change in placement is due to an act for which the recommendation for expulsion is discretionary and the student is a student with a disability under state and federal special education laws. The foster youth's attorney and the agency representative will be invited to participate.
4. As needed, make appropriate referrals to ensure that students in foster care receive necessary special education services and services under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
5. As needed, ensure that students in foster care receive appropriate school-based services, such as counseling and health services, supplemental instruction, and after-school services.
6. Develop protocols and procedures for creating awareness for Charter School staff, including but not limited to principals, deans, and attendance clerks, of the requirements for the proper enrollment, placement, and transfer of foster youth.
7. Collaborate with the county placing agency, social services, probation officers, juvenile court officers, and other appropriate agencies to help coordinate services for the Charter School's foster youth.
8. Monitor the educational progress of foster youth and provide reports to the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent/Principal or designee and the Governing Board based on indicators identified in the Charter School's local control and accountability plan.

This Policy does not grant the Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison authority that supersedes the authority granted under state and federal law to a parent or legal guardian retaining educational rights, a responsible person appointed by the court to represent the child pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code sections 319, 361 or 726, a surrogate parent, or a foster parent exercising authority under Education Code section 56055. The role of the Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison is advisory with respect to placement options and determination of the school of origin.

School Stability and Enrollment

The Charter School will work with foster youth and their ERH to ensure that each foster youth is placed in the least restrictive educational programs and has access to the academic resources, services, and extracurricular and enrichment activities that are available to all pupils, including, but not limited to, interscholastic sports. All decisions regarding a foster youth’s education and placement will be based on the best interest of the child and shall consider, among other factors, educational stability and the opportunity to be educated in the least restrictive educational setting necessary to achieve academic progress.

Foster youth, currently migratory children, and children of military families have the right to remain in their school of origin if it is their best interest. The Charter School will immediately enroll a foster youth, a currently migratory child or child of a military family seeking reenrollment in the Charter School as his/her school of origin.

A foster youth, a currently migratory child, or child of a military family who seeks to transfer to the Charter School will be immediately enrolled (subject to the Charter School’s capacity, if the Charter School is not the student’s school of origin, and pursuant to the procedures stated in the Charter School’s charter and Board policy) even if he/she has outstanding fees, fines, textbooks, or other items or monies due to the school last attended or is unable to meet normal enrollment documentation or school uniform requirements (e.g. producing medical records or academic records from a previous school).

At the initial detention or placement, or any subsequent change in placement, a foster youth may continue in his/her school of origin for the duration of the court’s jurisdiction. A currently migratory child or child of a military family may continue in his/her school of origin as long as the student meets the definition of a currently migratory or child of a military family as described above. Foster youth, currently migratory children and children of military families have the right to remain in their school of origin following the termination of the court’s jurisdiction or termination of the child’s status as a currently migratory child, or child of a military family, as follows:

1. For students in Kindergarten through eighth grade, inclusive, the student will be allowed to continue in the school of origin through the duration of the academic year in which the student’s status changed.
2. For students enrolled in high school, the student will be allowed to continue in the school of origin through graduation.

If the foster youth, currently migratory child or child of a military family is transitioning between school grade levels, he/she shall be allowed to continue in the district of origin in the

same attendance area to provide him/her the benefit of matriculating with his/her peers in accordance with the established feeder patterns of school districts. A student who is transitioning to a middle school or high school shall be allowed to enroll in the school designated for matriculation in another school district.

The Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison may, in consultation with and with the agreement of the foster youth and the ERH for the foster youth, recommend that the foster youth's right to attend the school of origin be waived and he/she be enrolled in any district school that the student would otherwise be eligible to attend as a resident of the school district or in the Charter School consistent with current enrollment procedures. All decisions shall be made in accordance with the foster youth's best interests.

Prior to making any recommendation to move a foster youth from his/her school of origin, the Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison shall provide the foster youth and the foster youth's ERH with a written explanation of the basis for the recommendation and how the recommendation serves the foster youth's best interests.

If any dispute arises regarding a foster youth's request to remain in the Charter School as the foster youth's school of origin, the foster youth has the right to remain in the Charter School pending resolution of the dispute. The dispute shall be resolved in accordance with the existing Charter School dispute resolution process.

Transportation

The Charter School shall not be responsible for providing transportation to allow a foster youth to attend school, unless there is an agreement with a local child welfare agency that the Charter School assumes part or all of the transportation costs in accordance with Section 6312(c)(5) of Title 20 of the United States Code, or unless required by federal law. The Charter School is not prohibited from providing transportation, at its discretion, to allow a foster youth to attend school.

In accordance with Section 6312(c)(5) of Title 20 of the United States Code, the Charter School shall collaborate with local child welfare agencies to develop and implement clear written procedures to address the transportation needs of foster youth to maintain them in their school of origin, when it is in the best interest of the youth.

For any student who has an individualized education program ("IEP"), the student's IEP team will determine if the student requires special education transportation as a related service regardless of the student's status..

Effect of Absences on Grades

The grades of a foster youth shall not be lowered for any absence from the Charter School that is due to either of the following circumstances:

- a. A decision by a court or placement agency to change the student's placement, in which case the student's grades shall be calculated as of the date he/she left school.

- b. A verified court appearance or related court-ordered activity.

Transfer of Coursework and Credits

The Charter School shall accept coursework satisfactorily completed by a Foster and Mobile Youth while attending another public school**, a juvenile court school, a charter school, a school in a country other than the United States, or a nonpublic, nonsectarian school or agency even if the pupil did not complete the entire course and shall issue that pupil full or partial credit for the coursework completed.

If the Foster and Mobile Youth did not complete the entire course, he/she shall be issued partial credit for the coursework completed and shall not be required to retake the portion of the course that he/she completed at another school unless the Charter School, in consultation with the student's ERH, finds that the student is reasonably able to complete the requirements in time to graduate from high school. Whenever partial credit is issued to a Foster and Mobile Youth in any particular course, he/she shall be enrolled in the same or equivalent course, if applicable, so that he/she may continue and complete the entire course.

In no event shall the Charter School prevent a Foster and Mobile Youth from taking or retaking a course to meet the eligibility requirements for admission to the California State University or the University of California.

** For purposes of coursework completed by a student who is a child of a military family, "public school" includes schools operated by the United States Department of Defense.

Applicability of Graduation Requirements

To obtain a high school diploma from the Charter School, a student must complete all courses required by the Charter School and fulfill any additional graduation requirements prescribed by the Board. However, Foster and Mobile Youth who transfer to the Charter School any time after the completion of their second year of high school, and pupils participating in a newcomer program who are in their third or fourth year of high school, shall be exempt from any of the Charter School's graduation requirements that are in

excess of the California minimum graduation requirements specified in Education Code section 51225.3 ("additional graduation requirements") unless the Charter School makes a finding that the student is reasonably able to complete the Charter School's graduation requirements by the end of the student's fourth year of high school.

To determine whether a Foster and Mobile Youth is in their third or fourth year of high school, either the number of credits the student has earned to the date of transfer or the length of the student's school enrollment may be used, whichever will qualify the student for the exemption. For a pupil participating in a newcomer program, enrollment in grade 11 or 12 may be used to determine whether the student is in his or her third or fourth year of high school.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date that a student who may qualify for exemption under the above requirements transfers into the Charter School, the Charter School shall notify the student, the ERH, and where applicable, the student's social worker or probation officer, of the

availability of the exemption and whether the student qualifies for the exemption. If the Charter School fails to provide timely notice of the availability of the exemption, the Foster and Mobile Youth shall be eligible for the exemption from the additional graduation requirements once notified, even if that notification occurs after the termination of the court's jurisdiction over the student, if the foster youth otherwise qualifies for the exemption.

If a student is exempted from the Charter School's additional graduation requirements pursuant to this Policy and completes the statewide coursework requirements specified in Educational Code section 51225.3 before the end of his or her fourth year of high school and that student would otherwise be entitled to remain in attendance at the Charter School, the Charter School shall not require or request that the student graduate before the end of his or her fourth year of high school.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent/Principal or designee shall notify any Foster and Mobile Youth and their ERH if the Charter School grants is granted an exemption from the additional graduation requirements and his/her ERH how any requirements that are waived will affect his/her ability to gain admission to a postsecondary educational institution and shall provide information about transfer opportunities available through the California Community Colleges.

A Foster and Mobile Youth who would otherwise be entitled to remain in attendance at the Charter School shall not be required to accept the exemption from additional graduation requirements or be denied enrollment in, or the ability to complete, courses for which the student is otherwise eligible, including courses necessary to attend an institution of higher education, regardless of whether those courses are required for statewide graduation requirements.

If an eligible student is not exempted from additional graduation requirements or has previously declined the exemption pursuant to this Policy, the Charter School shall exempt the student at any time if an exemption is requested by the youth and the youth qualifies for the exemption. Likewise, if the youth is exempted, the Charter School may not revoke the exemption.

If a Foster or Mobile Youth is exempted from additional graduation requirements pursuant to this section, the exemption shall continue to apply after the termination of the court's jurisdiction over the student or after the termination of circumstances which make the Student eligible while he or she is enrolled in school or if the student transfers to another school, including a charter school, or school district.

The Charter School shall not require or request a Foster and Mobile Youth to transfer schools in order to qualify for an exemption from additional graduation requirements, and no Foster and Mobile Youth or any person acting on behalf of a Foster and Mobile Youth may request a transfer solely to qualify for an exemption from the Charter School's additional graduation requirements.

Upon making a finding that a Foster and Mobile Youth is reasonably able to complete the Charter School's graduation requirements within his/her fifth year of high school, the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent/Principal or designee shall:

1. Inform the student and the student's ERH of the student's option to remain in school for a fifth year to complete the Charter School's graduation requirements, consistent with the laws regarding continuous enrollment and satisfactory progress for Charter School students over age 19.
2. Inform the student and the student's ERH how remaining in school for a fifth year will affect the student's ability to gain admission to a postsecondary educational institution.
3. Provide information to the student about transfer opportunities available through the California Community Colleges.
4. Upon agreement with the student or, if he/she is under 18 years of age, the ERH, permit the student to stay in school for a fifth year to complete the Charter School's graduation requirements.

If a juvenile court youth satisfies the requirements for high school graduation while enrolled at a juvenile court school but has elected to decline the issuance of the diploma for the purpose of taking additional coursework, the Charter School will not prevent the juvenile court youth from enrolling in the Charter School and pursuing additional coursework if requested by the youth or by the youth's ERH.

Eligibility for Extracurricular Activities

A pupil who is in foster care whose residence changes pursuant to a court order or decision of a child welfare worker shall be immediately deemed to meet all residency requirements for participation in interscholastic sports or other extracurricular activities.

Waiver of Fees for Afterschool Programs

The Charter School shall not charge any student who the Charter School knows is currently in foster care any family fees associated with an After School Education and Safety ("ASES") Program operated by the Charter School.

Student Records

When the Charter School receives a transfer request and/or student records request for the educational information and records of a foster youth from a new LEA, the Charter School shall provide these student records within two (2) business days. The Charter School shall compile the complete educational record of the pupil, including but not limited to a determination of seat time, full or partial credits earned, current classes and grades, immunization and other records, and, if applicable, a copy of the pupil's special education records including assessments, IEPs, and/or 504 plans. All requests for student records will be shared with the Foster and Mobile Youth Liaison, who shall be aware of the specific educational record keeping needs of Foster and Mobile Youth.

In accordance with the Charter School’s Educational Records and Student Information Policy, under limited circumstances, the Charter School may disclose student records or personally identifiable information contained in those records to certain requesting parties including but not limited to a foster family agency and state and local authorities within a juvenile justice system, without parental consent.

Complaints of Noncompliance

Complaints of noncompliance with this Policy shall be governed by the Charter School’s Uniform Complaint Procedures. A copy of the Uniform Complaint Policies and Procedures is available within the Policy Manual, located on the school website and in the main office.

Educational Records and Student Information Policy

Board Policy
Revision Date: 6/26/20

The Board of Directors of Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or “Charter School”), a California nonprofit public benefit corporation operating public charter schools, adopts this Educational Records and Student Information Policy to apply to all educational records and student information maintained by LALA.

Definitions

“Education Record” An education record is any information recorded in any way, including, but not limited to, handwriting, print, computer media, video or audio tape, film, microfilm, and microfiche that directly relates to a student and is maintained by LALA or by a party acting for LALA. Such information includes, but is not limited to:

1. Date and place of birth; parent and/or guardian’s address, mother’s maiden name and where the parties may be contacted for emergency purposes;
2. Grades, test scores, courses taken, academic specializations and school activities;
3. Special education records;
4. Disciplinary records;
5. Medical and health records;
6. Attendance records and records of past schools attended; and/or
7. Personal information such as, but not limited to, a student’s name, the name of a student’s parent or other family member, student identification numbers, social security numbers, photographs, biometric record or any other type of information that aids in identification of a student.

An education record does not include any of the following:

1. Records that are kept in the sole possession of the maker, are used only as a personal memory aid, and are not accessible or revealed to any other person except a temporary substitute for the maker of the record;
 2. Records maintained by a law enforcement unit of LALA that were created by that law enforcement unit for the purpose of law enforcement;
 3. In the case of a person who is employed by LALA but not in attendance at LALA, records made and maintained in the normal course of business, relate exclusively to the individual in that individual's capacity as an employee and are not available for any other purpose;
 4. Records of a student who is 18 years of age or older, or is attending an institution of postsecondary education, that are: a) made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in their professional capacity or assisting in a paraprofessional capacity; b) made, maintained, or used only in connection with treatment of the student; and c) disclosed only to individuals providing the treatment. For the purpose of this definition, "treatment" does not include remedial educational activities or activities that are part of the program of instruction at LALA;
 5. Records that only contain information about an individual after the individual is no longer a student at LALA; or
 6. Grades on peer-graded papers before they are collected and recorded by a teacher.
- *"Personally Identifiable Information"*: Personally identifiable information ("PII") is information about a student that is contained in their education records that cannot be disclosed without compliance with the requirements of Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 2001 ("FERPA"). PII includes, but is not limited to: a student's name; the name of a student's parent or other family member; the address of a student or student's family; a personal identifier, such as the student's Social Security number, student number or biometric record; other indirect identifiers, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name; other information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the student with reasonable certainty; or information requested by a person who LALA reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the education record relates.
 - *"Directory Information"*: Charter School may disclose the PII that it has designated as directory information, consistent with the terms of LALA the annual notice provided by LALA pursuant to the FERPA (20 U.S.C. § 1232g). LALA has designated the following information as directory information:
 1. Student's name
 2. Student's address
 3. Parent/guardian's address
 4. Telephone listing
 5. Student's electronic mail address
 6. Parent/guardian's electronic mail address
 7. Photograph/video
 8. Date and place of birth

9. Dates of attendance
 10. Grade level
 11. Participation in officially recognized activities and sports
 12. Weight and height of members of athletic teams
 13. Degrees, honors, and awards received
 14. The most recent educational agency or institution attended
 15. Student ID number, user ID, or other unique personal identifier used to communicate in electronic systems that cannot be used to access education records without a PIN, password, etc. (A student's SSN, in whole or in part, cannot be used for this purpose.)
- *“Parent”*: Parent means a parent of a student and includes a natural parent, a guardian, or an individual acting as a parent in the absence of a parent or a guardian.
 - *“Eligible Student”*: Eligible student means a student who has reached eighteen (18) years of age.
 - *“School Official”*: A school official is a person employed by Charter School as an administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel) or a person serving on the Board of Directors of LALA A school official also may include a volunteer for LALA or an independent contractor of LALA, consultant, vendor, or other party who performs an institutional service or function for which LALA would otherwise use its own employees and who is under the direct control of LALA with respect to the use and maintenance of PII from education records, such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist, or contracted provider of digital educational platforms and/or services; a parent or student volunteering to serve on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee; or a parent, student, or other volunteer assisting another school official in performing their tasks.
 - *“Legitimate Educational Interest”* A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill their professional responsibility.

Disclosure Of Directory Information

At the beginning of each school year, LALA shall provide parents and eligible students with a notice containing the following information: 1) The type of PII it designates as directory information; 2) The parent’s or eligible student’s right to require that LALA not release “directory information” without obtaining prior written consent from the parent or eligible student; and 3) The period of time within which a parent or eligible student must notify LALA in writing of the categories of “directory information” that it may not disclose without the parent’s or eligible student’s prior written consent. LALA will continue to honor a valid request to opt out of the disclosure of a former student’s directory information made while the former student was in attendance unless the student rescinds the opt out request.

Annual Notification To Parents And Eligible Students

At the beginning of each school year, in addition to the notice required for directory information, Charter School shall provide eligible students currently in attendance and parents of students currently in attendance with a notice of their rights under the FERPA. The notice shall inform the parents and eligible students that they have the right to:

1. Inspect and review the student’s education records;

2. Seek amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes to be inaccurate, misleading or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights;
3. Consent to disclosures of PII contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that disclosure is permitted without prior written consent pursuant to FERPA;
4. File with the U.S. Department of Education a complaint concerning alleged failures by LALA to comply with the requirements of FERPA and its promulgated regulations; and
5. Request that LALA not release student names, addresses and telephone listings to military recruiters or institutions of higher education without prior written parental consent.

The notice must also include the following:

1. The procedure for exercising the right to inspect and review educational records;
2. The procedure for requesting amendment of records
3. A statement that LALA forwards education records to other agencies or institutions that have requested the records and in which the student seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer; and
4. The criteria for determining who constitutes a school official and what constitutes a legitimate educational interest.

Parental And Eligible Student Rights Relating To Education Records

Parents and eligible students have the right to review the student's education records. In order to do so, parents and eligible students shall submit a request to review education records in writing to the Principal. Within five (5) business days, LALA shall comply with the request.

1. Copies of Education Records

Charter School will provide copies of requested documents within five (5) business days of a written request for copies. LALA may charge reasonable fees for copies it provides to parents or eligible students. However, no charge shall be made for furnishing (1) up to two transcripts of former students' records or (2) up to two verifications of various records of former students. The charge will not include a fee to search for or to retrieve the education records.

2. Request for Amendment to Education Records

Following the inspection and review of a student's education record, a parent or eligible student may file a written request with the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent /Principal** to correct or remove any information in the student's education record that is any of the following:

- a. Inaccurate.
- b. Misleading.
- c. In violation of the privacy rights of the student.

Charter School will respond within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the request to amend. LALA's response will be in writing and if the request for amendment is denied, LALA will set forth the reason for the denial and inform the parent or eligible student of their right to a hearing challenging the content of the education record.

If the Principal sustains any or all of the allegations, he or she must order the correction or the removal and destruction of the information. The Principal or Principal's designee must then inform the parent or eligible student of the amendment in writing.

If the Executive Director sustains the parent or eligible student's request to change the student's name and/or gender, LALA shall add a new document to the student's record that includes all of the following information:

- a. The date of the request.
- b. The date the requested records were corrected.
- c. A list of the records requested to be corrected.
- d. The type of documentation, if any, provided to demonstrate a legal change to the student's name and/or gender. The parent or guardian of the student is not required to provide documentation of a legal change to the student's name and/or gender.
- e. The name of the employee that completed the request.
- f. The student's corrected and former names and/or genders.

Charter School shall immediately update a **former** student's records to include the student's updated legal name or gender if the Charter School receives government-issued documentation demonstrating that the former student's legal name or gender has been changed. Acceptable government issued identification includes but is not limited to:

1. State-issued driver's license.
2. Birth certificate.
3. Passport.
4. Social security card.
5. Court order indicating a name change or a gender change, or both.

If requested by the former student, the Charter School shall reissue any documents conferred upon the former student with the former student's updated legal name or gender. Documents that may be reissued by Charter School include, but are not limited to, a transcript, a high school diploma, a high school equivalency certificate, or other similar documents conferred upon the former student

If a former student requests that their name or gender be changed and the requested records are reissued, the Charter School shall add a new document to the former student's file that includes all of the following:

1. The date of the request.
2. The date the requested records were reissued to the former student.
3. A list of the records that were requested by, and reissued to, the former pupil.
4. The type of documentation provided by the former student in order to demonstrate the legal name or gender change.
5. The name of the school district, charter school, or county office of education staff person that completed the request.
6. The current and former name or gender of the former student.

3. Hearing to Challenge Education Record

If Charter School denies a parent or eligible student's request to amend an education record, the parent or eligible student may, within thirty (30) days of the denial, request in writing that the parent or eligible student be given the opportunity for a hearing to challenge the content of the student's education record on the grounds that the information contained in the education record is: inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy rights of the student.

The Board Chair may convene a hearing panel to assist in making determinations regarding educational record challenges provided that the parent has given written consent to release information from the student's records to the members of the panel convened. The hearing panel shall consist of the following persons:

- a. The principal or designee of a public school other than the public school at which the record is on file;
- b. A certificated Charter School employee; and
- c. A parent appointed by the Executive Director or by the Board Chair, depending upon who convenes the panel.

The hearing to challenge the education record shall be held within thirty (30) days of the date of the request for a hearing. Notice of the date, time and place of the hearing will be sent by Charter School to the parent or eligible student no later than twenty (20) days before the hearing.

The principal or designee of a public school will serve as the chairman and shall not be required to use formal rules of evidence or procedure. The parent or eligible student will be given a full and fair opportunity to present evidence relevant to the issues relating to the challenge to the education record. The parent or eligible student may also, at their own expense, be assisted or represented by one or more individuals of their choice, including an attorney. The decision of the Board Chair or designee will be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing and is final. Within thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the hearing, LALA's decision regarding the challenge will be made in writing and will include a summary of the evidence and the reasons for the decision.

If, as a result of the hearing, Charter School decides that the information is inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy rights of the student, it will amend the record accordingly and inform the parent or eligible student of the amendment in writing.

If, as a result of the hearing, Charter School decides that the information in the education record is not inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy rights of the student, it shall inform the parent or eligible student of the right to place a statement in the record commenting on the contested information in the record or stating why they disagree with the decision of LALA, or both. If LALA places a statement by the parent or eligible student in the education records of a student, it will maintain the statement with the contested part of the record for as long as the record is maintained and disclose the statement whenever it discloses the portion of the record to which the statement relates.

Disclosure Of Education Records And Directory Information

Charter School must have a signed and dated written consent from the parent or eligible student before releasing any non-directory information from a student's education record except as provided below. The

written permission must specify the records that may be disclosed, the purpose of the disclosure and the party or class of parties to whom the disclosure may be made. When disclosure is made pursuant to written permission, the parent or eligible student may request a copy of the disclosed records and LALA shall provide the requestor with a copy of the records disclosed upon request. Signed and dated written consent may include a record and signature in electronic form if it identifies and authenticates a particular person as the source of the electronic consent and indicates such person's approval of the information contained in the electronic consent.

LALA will only disclose PII on the condition that the receiving party not disclose the information to any party without the prior written consent of the parent or eligible student and that the receiving party use the information for the purposes for which the disclosure was made. This restriction does not apply to disclosures that fall within the disclosure exceptions listed below. LALA must maintain the appropriate records related to these disclosure exceptions, as described below. Except for disclosures pursuant to a warrant, judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena, or directory information or to parents or eligible students, LALA will inform a receiving party of the requirement that the party not disclose the information to any other party without the prior written consent of the parent or eligible student and that the receiving party use it for the purpose for which the disclosure was made. Note specifically that LALA will not release information to third parties for immigration-enforcement purposes, except as required by law or court order.

1. Charter School will disclose education records, without prior written consent of the parent or eligible student, to the following parties:
2. School officials who have a legitimate educational interest as defined by 34 Code of Federal Regulations ("C.F.R.") Part 99;
3. Other schools to which a student seeks or intends to enroll so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer. When a student transfers schools, LALA will mail the original or a copy of a student's cumulative file to the receiving district or private school within ten (10) school days following the date the request is received from the public school or private school where the student intends to enroll. LALA will make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent or eligible student of the request for records at their last known address, unless the disclosure is initiated by the parent or eligible student. Additionally, LALA will give the parent or eligible student, upon request, a copy of the record that was disclosed and give the parent or eligible student, upon request, an opportunity for hearing pursuant to Section (IV)(3) above;
4. Certain government officials listed in 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(b)(1) in order to carry out lawful functions;
5. Appropriate parties in connection with a student's application for, or receipt of, financial aid if it is necessary to determine eligibility, amount of aid, conditions for aid or enforcing the terms and conditions of the aid;
6. Organizations conducting certain studies for LALA in accordance with 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(b)(1)(F);
7. Accrediting organizations in order to carry out their accrediting functions;

8. Parents of a dependent student as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
9. Individuals or entities, in compliance with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena. Subject to the exceptions found in 34 C.F.R. § 99.31(a)(9)(i), reasonable effort must be made to notify the parent or eligible student of the order or subpoena in advance of compliance, so that the parent or eligible student may seek a protective order;
10. Persons who need to know in cases of health and safety emergencies;
11. State and local authorities, within a juvenile justice system, pursuant to specific State law;
12. LALALALALALAA foster family agency with jurisdiction over a currently enrolled or former student, a short-term residential treatment program staff responsible for the education or case management of a student, and/or a caregiver (regardless of whether the caregiver has been appointed as the student's educational rights holder) who has direct responsibility for the care of the student, including a certified or licensed foster parent, an approved relative or nonrelated extended family member, or a resource family, may access the current or most recent records of grades, transcripts, attendance, discipline, and online communication on platforms established by LALA for student and parents, and any individualized education program ("IEP") or Section 504 plan that may have been developed or maintained by LALA; and/or
13. A victim of an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense. The disclosure may only include final results of the disciplinary proceedings conducted by LALA with respect to that alleged crime or offense. LALA may disclose the final results of the disciplinary proceeding, regardless of whether LALA concluded a violation was committed.

Solicitation and Disclosure of Student Information for Immigration Purposes

Charter School shall observe the following:

1. Except as required by state or federal law or as required to administer a state or federally supported education program, Charter School officials and employees will not collect information or documents regarding citizenship or immigration status of pupils or their family members.
2. If Charter School possesses information that could indicate immigration status, citizenship status, or national origin information, Charter School will not use the acquired information to discriminate against any student or families or bar children from enrolling in or attending school.
3. If parents or guardians choose not to provide information that could indicate their or their children's immigration status, citizenship status, or national origin, Charter School will not use such actions as a basis to discriminate against any students or families or bar children from enrolling or attending school.
4. Charter School will not allow school resources or data to be used to create a registry based on race, gender, sexual orientation, religion, ethnicity, or national origin.

5. Charter School will not inquire specifically about a student's citizenship or immigration status or the citizenship or immigration status of a student's parents or guardians; nor shall personnel seek or require, to the exclusion of other permissible documentation or information, documentation or information that may indicate a student's immigration status, such as a green card, voter registration, a passport, or citizenship papers.
6. Documents, information, or proof relating to citizenship or immigration status of students will never be requested for the enrollment process. Where any law requires submission of national origin related information to satisfy the requirements of a special program, Charter School personnel will solicit that documentation or information separately from the enrollment process. Charter School shall accept alternative means to establish residency, age, or other eligibility criteria for enrollment or programs, and those alternative means shall include among them documentation or information that are available to persons regardless of immigration status, citizenship status, or national origin, and that do not reveal information related to citizenship or immigration status.
7. Charter School will not collect entire social security numbers or cards or a statement that the parent or guardian does not possess a Social Security number for the purposes of enrollment, and failure to provide this information will not bar a student from enrolling or attending Charter School. However, the last four digits of an adult household member's Social Security number may be solicited and/or collected if required to establish eligibility for federal benefit programs such as free or reduced-price meals. This Social Security information will only be collected for the limited purpose of establishing eligibility for federal benefit programs and will not affect student enrollment. If no adult household member has a Social Security number, the student still can qualify for free or reduced-price meals, if the family meets the income eligibility requirements.
8. Charter School will not release information to third parties for immigration-enforcement purposes, except as required by law or court order. Except for investigations of child abuse, child neglect, or child dependency, or when the subpoena served on the local educational agency prohibits disclosure, Charter School shall provide parental or guardian notification of any court orders, warrants, or subpoenas before responding to such requests.

The parent, guardian, or eligible student is not required to sign the consent form. If the parent, guardian or eligible student refuses to provide written consent for the release of student information that this not otherwise subject to release, Charter School shall not release the information. Charter School will permanently keep the consent notice with the record file.

Charter School personnel shall take the following steps upon receiving an information request related to a student's or family's immigration or citizenship status:

- (a) Notify a designated Charter School official about the information request.
- (b) Provide students and families with appropriate notice and a description of the immigration officer's request.
- (c) Document any verbal or written request for information by immigration authorities.
- (d) Unless prohibited, provide students and parents/guardians with any documents issued by the immigration-enforcement officer.

Contract for Digital Storage, Management, and Retrieval of Student Records

The **Principal** or designee may enter into a contract with a third party for the digital storage, management, and retrieval of student records and/or to authorize a third party provider of digital software to access, store, and use student records, provided that the contract meets the requirements of Education Code 49073.1 and other applicable state and federal laws.

Record Keeping Requirements

LALA will maintain a record of each request for access to and each disclosure of PII from the education records of each student for as long as the records are maintained. For each request, the record must include the following information: the parties who have requested or received the information and the legitimate interests the parties had in requesting or obtaining the information.

For disclosures of PII to institutions that make disclosures of the information on behalf of LALA in accordance with 34 C.F.R. § 99.33(b), the record must include the names of the additional parties to which the receiving party may disclose the information on behalf of LALA and the legitimate interests that each of the additional parties has in requesting or obtaining the information.

These record keeping requirements do not apply to requests from or disclosure to parents or eligible students, LALA officials with a legitimate purpose of inspecting the records, a party with written consent from the parent or eligible student, a party seeking directory information, or a party seeking or receiving the records as directed by a court order or subpoena.

The records relating to disclosures of PII may be inspected by parents and eligible students, LALA officials (or their assistants) responsible for the custody of the records, and parties authorized by regulations for the purpose of auditing the recordkeeping procedures of LALA.

Student cumulative records may not be removed from the premises of LALA, unless the individual removing the record has a legitimate educational interest, and is authorized by the **Principal**, or by a majority of a quorum of the Board of Directors at a duly agendized meeting. Employees who remove student cumulative records or other student records from the LALA premises without a legitimate educational interest and authorization may be subject to discipline. Employees are permitted to take student work-product, or other appropriate student records, off premises without authorization for legitimate academic purposes (e.g. grading work-product, assigning credit, reviewing materials for classroom discussion, etc.).

Complaints

Parents and eligible students have the right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by Charter School to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the Office that administers FERPA is:

Student Privacy Policy Office
U.S. Department of Education

Record Retention

Charter School complies with the definition and retention of student records as established in Title 5 of the California Code of Regulations (“CCR”) sections 431 through 438, per the following:

- “*Mandatory Permanent Student Records*”: must be maintained indefinitely or an exact copy thereof for every student who was enrolled in the charter school. These records are defined as
 1. Legal name of student
 2. Date of birth
 3. Method of verification of birth date
 4. Sex of student
 5. Place of birth
 6. Name and address of parent of minor student
 7. Address of minor student if different than above
 8. An annual verification of the name and address of the parent and the residence of the student
 9. Entering and leaving date of each school year and for any summer session or other extra session Subjects taken during each year, half year, summer session or quarter
 10. If marks or credit are given, the mark or number of credits toward graduation allows for work taken.
 11. Verification of or exemption from required immunizations
 12. Date of high school graduation or equivalent

The mandatory permanent student record or a copy thereof shall be forwarded by the Charter School upon request of a public or private school in which the student has enrolled or intends to enroll. If the Charter School forwards the original mandatory permanent student record, a copy must be maintained by the Charter School. If the Charter School forwards a copy, the original must be maintained by the Charter School.

- “*Mandatory Interim Student Records*”: Must be maintained until judged to be disposable defined as “when the student leaves the charter school or when their usefulness ceases.” These records may be destroyed during the third (3rd) school year following the determination that the records are disposable (i.e. 2019-2020 records may be destroyed after July 1, 2023). These records are defined as:
 1. A log or record identifying those persons (except authorized school personnel) or organizations requesting or receiving information from the record. The log or record shall be accessible only to the legal parent or guardian or the eligible student, or a dependent adult student, or an adult student, or the custodian of records.
 2. Health information, including Child Health Developmental Disabilities Prevention Program verification or waiver
 3. Participation in special education programs including required tests, case studies, authorizations, and actions necessary to establish eligibility for admission or discharge
 4. Language training records

5. Progress slips and/or notices
6. Parental restrictions regarding access to directory information or related stipulations.
7. Parental or adult student rejoinders to challenged records and to disciplinary action
8. Parental authorizations or prohibitions of student participation in specific programs
9. Results of standardized tests administered within the preceding three years

The mandatory interim student record or a copy thereof shall be forwarded by the Charter School upon request of a public school in California in which the student has enrolled or intends to enroll. If the transfer is to an out of state or to a private school, the mandatory interim student record may be forwarded. If the Charter School forwards the original mandatory interim student record, a copy must be maintained by the Charter School until it is destroyed in accordance with this Policy. If the Charter School forwards a copy, the original must be maintained by the Charter School until destroyed in accordance with this Policy.

- *“Permitted Student Records”*: may be maintained and may be destroyed when their usefulness ceases or after six (6) months following the student’s completion or withdrawal from school. These records are defined as:
 1. Objective counselor and/or teacher ratings
 2. Standardized test results older than three years
 3. Routine discipline data
 4. Verified reports of relevant behavioral patterns
 5. All disciplinary notices
 6. Attendance records not covered in the 5 CCR § 400

Permitted student records may be forwarded upon a request by a public or private school in which a student is enrolling. If the Charter School forwards the original permitted student record, a copy must be maintained by the Charter School until it is destroyed in accordance with this Policy. If the Charter School forwards a copy, the original must be maintained by the Charter School until destroyed in accordance with this Policy.

FREE AND REDUCED-PRICE MEALS POLICY

Revision Date: 6/26/2020

The Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) offers a free nutritional snack and lunch five days per week to all students. Pursuant to California Law, LALA will provide each student who meets federal eligibility criteria for free and reduced-price meals with at least one free or reduced-price, nutritionally adequate meal per school day. Research shows students who eat a balanced meal are better able to concentrate, learn and ultimately perform better on assessments. Nutrition snacks may include a grain, fruit juice and milk. Lunch is catered and the menu varies month to month. Lunch usually consists of a hot entrée along with a possible side option of bread, salad, fruit or fruit juice, and milk. We are a closed campus to outside foods. Please do not send food with your student or have food delivered. We are happy to accommodate special diets due to medical or religious concerns. LALA or the “Charter School”) Governing Board (the “Board”) recognizes that adequate nutrition is essential to the development, health, and learning of all students. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall facilitate and encourage the participation of students from low-income families in the Charter School’s food service program.

Each LALA school site shall provide at least one nutritionally adequate meal (breakfast or lunch) each school day, free of charge or at a reduced price, for students whose families meet federal eligibility criteria.

Free and Reduced-Price Meals Application and Notification

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the application form for free and reduced-price meals and related materials include the following statements:

1. Applications for free and reduced-price meals may be submitted at any time during a schoolday.
2. Children participating in the federal National School Lunch Program will not be overtly identified by the use of special tokens, special tickets, special serving lines, separate entrances, separate dining areas, or by any other means.

The application packet shall include the following notifications and information using simple and culturally appropriate language:

1. A notification that if a child qualifies for free school lunches, then the child may qualify for free or reduced-cost health coverage.
2. A request for the applicant's consent for the child to participate in the Medi-Cal program, if eligible for free school lunches, and to have the information on the school lunch application shared with the entity designated by the State Department of Health Care Services to make an accelerated determination and the local agency that determines eligibility under the Medi-Cal program.
3. A notification that the Charter School will not forward the school lunch application to the entity designated by the State Department of Health Care Services to make an accelerated determination and the local agency that determines eligibility under the Medi-Cal program, without the consent of the child's parent or guardian.
4. A notification that the school lunch application is confidential and, with the exception of forwarding the information for use in health program enrollment upon the consent of the child's parent or guardian, the Charter School will not share the information with any other governmental agency, including the federal Department of Homeland Security and the Social Security Administration.
5. A notification that the school lunch application information will only be used by the entity designated by the State Department of Health Care Services to make an accelerated determination and the state and local agencies that administer the Medi-Cal program for purposes directly related to the administration of the Medi-Cal program and will not be shared with other governmental agencies, including the federal Department of Homeland Security and the Social Security Administration for any purpose other than the administration of the Medi-Cal program.

6. Information regarding the Medi-Cal program, including available services, program requirements, rights and responsibilities, and privacy and confidentiality requirements.

If Charter School elects to post its free and reduced-price meals application online, it will include the following:

1. Include a link to the Internet Web site on which translated applications are posted by the United States Department of Agriculture, with instructions in that language that inform the applicant how to submit the application.
2. Require completion of only those questions necessary for determining eligibility.
3. Include clear instructions for families that are homeless or migrant.
4. Comply with the privacy rights and disclosure protections established by Public Laws 113-79 and 105-277.
5. Include links to all of the following:
 - (i) The online application to CalFresh.
 - (ii) The online single state application for health care.
 - (iii) The Internet Web page maintained by the State Department of Public Health entitled "About WIC and How to Apply," or another Internet Web page identified by the State Department of Public Health that connects families to the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children.
 - (iv) The Internet Web site of a summer lunch program authorized to participate within the city or school district.

Eligibility and ongoing eligibility shall be determined for the free and reduced-price meal program based on the criteria made available by the California Department of Education.

Direct Certification

Although every family should submit an application for free or reduced-price lunch, in certain circumstances, LALA may be able to determine student eligibility without further application. LALA shall directly certify as eligible the following students:

1. Any child who is a member of a household receiving assistance under the supplemental nutrition assistance program as eligible for free lunches and/or free breakfasts under the Child Nutrition Act of 1966.
2. Any child who is a member of a household that receives CalWORKs (also known as

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families or “TANF”) or CalFresh aid.

3. Any child who is a member of a household that receives the assistance of a Food Distribution program on Indian Reservations.
4. Any child identified as a foster, migrant, homeless or runaway youth, as defined by the California Education Code.

It is the policy of the Board that non-paying students shall not be shamed, treated differently, or served a meal that differs from the meal of a paying student. This Policy prohibits the Charter School from disciplining a student which would result in the denial or delay of a nutritionally adequate meal to that student.

Unpaid Meals

LALA shall notify a parent/guardian of the negative balance of a student’s school meal account no later than ten (10) days after the account has reached a negative balance. Before sending this notification to the parent/guardian, Charter School will exhaust all options and methods to directly certify the student for free or reduced-price meals. LALA shall ensure that a student who is eligible for a reimbursable meal whose parent or guardian has unpaid school meal fees is not denied a reimbursable meal of the student’s choice because of the fact that the student’s parent or guardian has unpaid meal fees.

In the event that Charter School determines that a student who has accrued a negative balance would have been eligible for free or reduced-price school meals, the Charter School shall credit such balance in accordance with this Policy. Charter School shall reimburse school meal fees paid by a student’s parent/guardian in the event that the student is subsequently determined to have qualified for free or reduced-price meals. In the event Charter School is not able to directly certify the pupil, Charter School shall provide the parent or guardian with a paper copy of, or an electronic link to, an application with the notification and contact the parent or guardian to encourage application submission.

LALA will not overtly identify any student with unrecovered or delinquent debt. Should it become necessary that LALA take action to recover unpaid meal charges, LALA shall not take any action directed at a student to collect unpaid school meal fees and the cost to recover such debt will not exceed the amount of the debt owed. LALA may attempt to collect unpaid school meal fees from a parent or guardian, but shall not use a debt collector, as defined in Section 803 of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 1692a). LALA shall comply with the cost principles set forth in 2 C.F.R. section 200.426 and applicable law. LALA’s collection policies for unpaid meal charges is consistent with LALA’s collection procedures and policies for all debt, and with state agency guidance.

Confidentiality/Release of Records

All applications and records related to eligibility for the free and reduced-price meal program shall be confidential and may not be released except as provided by law and authorized by the Board or pursuant to a court order.

The Board authorizes designated employees to use individual records pertaining to student eligibility for the free and reduced-price meal program for the following purposes:

1. Disaggregation of academic achievement data
2. Identification of students eligible for alternative supports in any school identified as a Title 1 program improvement school

If a student transfers from the Charter School to another charter school, district, county office of education program, or private school, the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may share the student's meal eligibility information to the other educational agency to assist in the continuation of the student's meal benefits.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may release the name and eligibility status of a student participating in the free or reduced-price meal program to another charter school, school district, or county office of education that is serving a student living in the same household as an enrolled student for purposes related to program eligibility and data used in local control funding formula calculations.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may release the name and eligibility status of a student participating in the free or reduced-price meal program to the Superintendent of Public Instruction for purposes of determining funding allocations under the local control funding formula and for assessing accountability of that funding.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may release information on the school lunch program application to the local agency that determines eligibility for participation in the Medi-Cal program if the student has been approved for free meals and if the applicant consents to the sharing of this information.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may also release information on the school lunch application to the local agency that determines eligibility for CalFresh or to an agency that determines eligibility for nutrition assistance programs if the student has been approved for free or reduced-price meals and if the applicant consents to the sharing of this information.

This information released shall adhere to the following requirements:

1. Individual indicators of participation in a free or reduced-price meal program shall not be maintained in the permanent record of any student, unless otherwise authorized by law.
2. The public release of information regarding individual student participation in a free or reduced-price meal program is not permitted.

3. All other confidentiality requirements imposed by law or regulation are met.

Student Freedom of Speech and Expression Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

The Board of Directors of Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) respects students’ rights to express ideas and opinions, take stands, and support causes, whether controversial or not, through their speech, writing, printed materials, including the right of expression in official publications, and/or the wearing of buttons, badges and other insignia.

Definitions

1. “*Obscenity*”: when the (1) average person applying current community standards finds the work as a whole appeals to the prurient interest, (2) the work is patently offensive, and (3) the work lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value. Examples include pornography or sexually explicit material.
2. “*Defamation*”: Libel (written defamation) and Slander (oral defamation), which includes but is not limited to inaccurately attributing a statement to another, either on purpose for public officials (which includes Charter School staff) or by mistake for private officials, that mischaracterizes the statement.
3. “*Discriminatory Material*”: material that demeans a person or group because of the person/group’s mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin, and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks, and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age, or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or any other basis protected by federal, state, local law, ordinance or regulation that has the purpose of humiliating, offending, or provoking a person/group.
4. “*Harassment (including sexual harassment), Intimidation and/or Bullying*”: severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following: (1) placing a reasonable student or students in fear of harm to that student’s or those students’ person or property, (2) causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health, (3) causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance, (4) causing a reasonable student to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.

5. “*Fighting Words*”: words likely to cause (1) the average person to fight or (2) the creation of a clear and present danger of violence, unlawful acts in violation of lawful school regulations, or the substantial disruption of school.
6. “*Vulgarity and/or Profanity*”: the continual use of curse words by a student, even after warning.
7. “*Violating Privacy*”: publicizing or distributing confidential or private material without permission.

On-Campus Expression

Student free speech rights include, but are not limited to, the use of bulletin boards, the distribution of printed materials or petitions, the wearing of buttons, badges, and other insignia, and the right of expression in official publications, whether or not the publications or other means of expression are supported financially by the school or by use of school facilities. Student expression on the Charter School website and online media shall generally be afforded the same protections as print media within the Policy.

Student freedom of expression shall be limited only as allowed by state and federal law in order to maintain an orderly school environment and to protect the rights, health, and safety of all members of the school community. Unprotected Expression includes the following: obscenity; defamation; discriminatory material; harassment (including sexual harassment), intimidation and/or bullying; fighting words; vulgarity and/or profanity; or violating privacy as defined above. Also prohibited shall be material that incites a clear and present danger of the commission of unlawful acts on school premises or the violation of lawful school regulations or the substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the Charter School.

A. Distribution of Circulars, Un-Official Newspapers, and Other Printed Matter

Free inquiry and exchange of ideas are essential parts of a democratic education. Students shall be allowed to distribute circulars, leaflets, newspapers, and pictorial or other printed matter, and to circulate petitions, subject to the following specific limitations:

1. Leaflets, pictorial and other printed matter to be distributed shall be submitted to the Charter School Principal or designee at least one (1) school day prior to distribution. The Charter School **Principal** or designee shall review material submitted in a reasonable amount of time and shall allow the approved material to be distributed according to the time and manner established by this Policy. The Charter School **Principal** or designee shall notify student(s) if distribution will be granted or denied (and if denied, why distribution is not in compliance with this Policy).
2. Distribution, free or for a fee, may take place before school, after school, and/or during lunch provided there is no substantial disruption in the school programs (as determined by the Charter School Principal). Distribution may not occur during instructional time and should not occur in locations that disrupt the normal flow of traffic within the school or at school entrances.
3. The manner of distribution shall be such that coercion is not used to induce students to accept the printed matter or to sign petitions.

4. The solicitation of signatures must not take place in instructional classes or school offices, nor be substantially disruptive to the school program (as determined by the Charter School Principal or designee).

The Charter School Principal or designee shall work with student government representatives in the development of these procedures. Student responsibilities shall be emphasized.

B. Official School Publications

Student editors of official school publications shall be responsible for assigning and editing the news, editorial, and feature content of their publications subject to the limitations of this Policy. However, it shall be the responsibility of the journalism staff adviser(s) of student publications to supervise the production of the student staff, to maintain professional standards of English and journalism, and to maintain the provisions of this Policy.¹ The journalism staff adviser(s) shall help the student editors judge the literary value, newsworthiness and propriety of materials submitted for publication.

There shall be no prior restraint of material prepared for official school publications except insofar as it violates this Policy. Charter School officials shall have the burden of showing justification without undue delay prior to a limitation of student expression under this Policy. If the journalism staff adviser(s) consider material submitted for publication to violate this Policy, he or she will notify the student without undue delay and give specific reasons why the submitted material may not be published. The student should be given the opportunity to modify the material or appeal the decision of the journalism staff adviser to the Charter School Principal.

C. Buttons, Badges, and Other Insignia of Symbolic Expression

Students shall be permitted to wear buttons, badges, armbands, and other insignia as a form of expression, subject to the prohibitions enumerated in this Policy.

D. Use of Bulletin Boards

Students will be provided with bulletin boards, upon request and subject to availability, for use in posting student materials on campus locations convenient to student use. Where feasible, the location and quantity of such bulletin boards shall be by mutual agreement of student government representatives and Charter School administration. Posted material must be in compliance with other sections of this Policy, particularly regarding the distribution of materials and prohibited speech. Students may not post or distribute materials regarding the meetings of non-curricular student-initiated groups.

E. Organized Demonstrations

Students have the right to lawful organized on-campus demonstrations, subject to the provisions of this Policy and applicable law. Demonstrations that incite students to create a clear and present danger of the commission of unlawful acts on school premises or the violation of lawful school regulations, or demonstrations that substantially disrupt the orderly operation of the school are prohibited.

No individual student may demonstrate in the name of the Charter School or as an official school group at any time unless authorized by the Charter School to participate in the activity.

¹ “Official school publications” refers to material produced by students in the journalism, newspaper, yearbook, or writing classes and distributed to the student body either free or for a fee.

No student may participate in an organized demonstration that occurs during the hours of mandatory school attendance unless sanctioned by the Charter School and supervised by a designated Charter School employee. Missing school to attend an organized demonstration is not an excused absence. The Charter School will follow its Attendance Policy when determining consequences for students which may include but are not limited to detention, a low grade for a missed test, or receiving a truancy letter. The Charter School will follow its Suspension and Expulsion Policy when determining consequences for students if Charter School policy is violated.

F. Student Speeches

If a student is selected to speak at a Charter School sponsored event, including but not limited to graduation or school assemblies, Charter School has the right to review the pre-prepared speech to ensure that unprotected speech is not included. If unprotected speech is included, the student will be given the opportunity to revise the speech or deliver a modified speech. If not revised or removed, the student will not be permitted to speak at the Charter School sponsored event.

(i) Off-Campus Expression

Off-campus student expression, including but not limited to student expression on off-campus internet web sites, is generally constitutionally protected but shall be subject to discipline when there is a sufficient nexus between the speech and the school.

Relevant considerations include:

1. The degree and likelihood of harm to the Charter School (staff, students, volunteers, and/or property) caused or augured by the expression,
2. Whether it is reasonably foreseeable that the expression would reach and impact the Charter School, and
3. The relation between the content and/or context of the expression and the Charter School. There is always a sufficient nexus between the expression and the Charter School when the Charter School reasonably concludes that it faces a credible, identifiable threat of school violence.

The Charter School Principal or designee shall document the impact the expression had or could be expected to have on the educational program. Off-campus expression that results in the material disruption of classwork or involves substantial disorder or invasion of the rights of others may be subject to discipline.

Off-campus expression may result in discipline if the expression involves but is not limited to:

- a. Serious or severe bullying or harassment targeting particular individuals;
- b. Threats aimed at teachers or other students;
- c. The failure to follow rules concerning lessons, the writing of papers, the use of computers, or participation in other online school activities; or
- d. Breaches of school security devices.

Enforcement

1. Upon learning that students are considering actions in the areas covered by this Policy they will be informed of the possible consequences of their action under each specific circumstance. The Charter School Principal shall ensure that due process is followed when resolving disputes regarding student freedom of expression.
2. This Policy does not prohibit or prevent the LALA Governing Board from adopting otherwise valid rules and regulations relating to oral communications by students upon the campus.
3. No LALA employee shall be dismissed, suspended, disciplined, reassigned, transferred, or otherwise retaliated against solely for acting to protect a student engaged in the conduct authorized under this Policy, or refusing to infringe upon conduct that is authorized under this Policy, the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, or Section 2 of Article I of the California Constitution.
4. LALA shall not make or enforce a rule subjecting a student to disciplinary sanctions solely on the basis of conduct that is speech or other communication that, when engaged in outside of the campus, is protected from governmental restriction by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution or Section 2 of Article I of the California Constitution.

Complaints and Appeals

The following procedures shall be used to address general disputes regarding student freedom of speech and expression:

1. The student and faculty member shall first attempt to resolve the problem internally.
2. If the student and faculty member are unable to resolve the dispute, the student and/or faculty member may bring the matter to the Charter School Principal or designee, who shall hear both sides and strive to resolve the dispute as quickly as possible.
3. Any student or faculty member may appeal the decision of the Charter School Principal or designee to the Board who shall render a decision within a reasonable period of time after receipt of the appeal. The appeal by the student must be made within five (5) school days from the time the unsatisfactory decision was rendered.

A student who feels their freedom of expression was unconstitutionally limited and/or limited on the basis of discrimination may file a complaint with LALA through following the Charter School's General Complaint Policies and Procedures.

General Complaint Policy and Procedure

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

This General Complaint Policy will address concerns about the Charter School generally or regarding specific employees. For complaints regarding harassment or perceived violations of state

or federal laws, please refer to the Charter School's Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination & Bullying Policy and/or the Charter School's Uniform Complaint Procedures. For all other complaints, the General Complaint form and accompanying procedures will be appropriate.

INTERNAL COMPLAINTS

(Complaints by Employees against Employees)

This section of the policy is for use when a Charter School employee raises a complaint or concern about a co-worker.

If reasonably possible, internal complaints should be resolved at the lowest possible level, including attempts to discuss/resolve concerns with the immediate supervisor. However, in the event an informal resolution may not be achieved or is not appropriate, the following steps will be followed by the Principal (or designee):

1. The complainant will bring the matter to the attention of the Principal as soon as possible after attempts to resolve the complaint with the immediate supervisor have failed or if not appropriate; and
2. The complainant will reduce his or her complaint to writing, indicating all known and relevant facts. The Principal (or designee) will then investigate the facts and provide a solution or explanation within 14 calendar days;
3. If the complaint is about the Principal, the complainant may file his or her complaint in a signed writing to the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent (or designee) who will conduct an investigation. Should the Complainant find the Principal's or Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent's (or designee's) resolution unsatisfactory, the Complainant may appeal to the Chair of the Board of Directors of the Charter School within 14 calendar/business days of receiving the written finding, who will then confer with the Board and may conduct a fact-finding or authorize a third party investigator on behalf of the Board. The Chair or investigator will report his or her findings to the Board for review and action, if necessary, within 14 calendar/business days.

This policy cannot guarantee that every problem will be resolved to the employee's satisfaction. However, the Charter School values each employee's ability to express concerns and the need for resolution without fear of adverse consequence to employment.

POLICY FOR COMPLAINTS GENERALLY

(General Complaints and Complaints by Third Parties against Employees)

This section of the policy is for use when either a complaint does not fall under other complaint procedures or a third party (non-employee) raises a complaint or concern about the Charter School generally, or a Charter School employee.

If complaints cannot be resolved informally, complainants may file a written complaint with the office of the Principal, Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent (only if the complaint concerns the

Principal), or Board President (only if the complaint concerns the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent) as soon as possible after the events that give rise to the complainant's concerns. The written complaint should set forth in detail the factual basis for the complaint.

In processing the complaint, Principal (or designee) shall abide by the following process:

1. The Principal (or designee) shall use his or her best efforts to ascertain the facts relating to the complaint. Where applicable, the Principal (or designee) shall talk with the parties identified in the complaint or persons with knowledge of the particulars of the complaint and to ascertain said facts. This investigation will be completed within 15 calendar days.
2. In the event that the Principal (or designee) finds that a complaint is valid, the Principal (or designee) may take appropriate action to resolve the problem. Where the complaint is against an employee of the Charter School, the Principal (or designee) may take disciplinary action against the employee. As appropriate, the Principal (or designee) may also simply counsel/reprimand employees as to their conduct without initiating formal disciplinary measures.
3. The Principal (or designee) decision relating to the complaint shall be final unless it is appealed to the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent and then to the Board of Directors of the Charter School. The Complainant can appeal this decision within 10 calendar days of receiving the written finding. The decision of the Board of Directors shall be final.

GENERAL REQUIREMENT

1. Confidentiality: All complainants will be notified that information obtained from the complainants and thereafter gathered will be maintained in a manner as confidential as possible, but in some circumstances absolute confidentiality cannot be assured.
2. Non-Retaliation: All complainants will be advised that they will be protected against retaliation as a result of the filing of any complaints or participation in any complaint process.
3. Resolution: The Principal or designee, Board (if a complaint is about the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent) or Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee (if the complaint is about the Principal) will investigate complaints appropriately under the circumstances and pursuant to the applicable procedures, and if necessary, take appropriate remedial measures to ensure effective resolution of any complaint.

A copy of the full General Complaint Policy and form shall be available free of charge in the Main Office and on the School's website.

Immunization Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/22/2020

LALA will adhere to all laws related to legally required immunizations for entering students pursuant to Health and Safety Code Sections 120325-120380, and Title 17, California Code of Regulations Sections 6000-6075.

Required Immunizations, Records and Reports

California law requires that an immunization record be presented to LALA staff before a child can be unconditionally enrolled in school. LALA requires written verification from a doctor or immunization clinic of the following immunizations:

These required immunizations include:

Child's Grade	List of shots required to attend school
TK/K-12 Admission	<p>Diphtheria, Tetanus and Pertussis (DTaP) - Five (5) doses Polio - Four (4) doses Measles, Mumps, and Rubella (MMR) - Two (2) doses Hepatitis B (Hep B) - Three (3) doses Varicella (chickenpox) – Two (2) doses</p> <p>NOTE: Four doses of DTaP are allowed if one was given on or after the fourth birthday. Three doses of DTaP meet the requirement if at least one dose of Tdap, DTaP, or DTP vaccine was given on or after the seventh birthday (also meets the 7th-12th grade Tdap requirement.) One or two doses of Td vaccine given on or after the seventh birthday count towards the requirement for DTaP. Three doses of Polio are allowed if one was given on or after fourth birthday. MMR doses must be given on or after first birthday. Two doses of measles, two doses of mumps, and one dose of rubella vaccine meet the requirement, separately or combined. Combination vaccines (e.g., MMRV) meet the requirements for individual component vaccines.</p>
Entering 7th Grade	<p>Tetanus, reduced Diphtheria, and acellular Pertussis (Tdap) - One (1) dose Varicella (chickenpox) - Two (2) doses</p> <p>NOTE: In order to begin 7th grade, students who had a valid personal belief exemption on file with a public or private elementary or secondary school in California before January 1, 2016 must meet the requirements listed for grades K-12 as well as requirements for 7th grade advancement (i.e., polio, MMR, varicella and primary series for diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis). At least one dose of pertussis-containing vaccine is required on or after the 7th birthday.</p>

Verification of immunizations will be completed with written medical records from the child's doctor or immunization clinic. Immunization records shall be part of the mandatory permanent pupil record and shall be kept in accordance with LALA's Educational Records and Student Information Policy. Charter School will file a written report on the immunization status of all new entrants to LALA with the California Department of Public Health, on at least an annual basis, as required by law.

Any child leaving the United States for a short vacation to or long stay in any country considered by the Center of Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") to have increased risk of TB exposure MUST contact the County Tuberculosis Clinic for a TB Screening upon return.

Charter School shall immediately admit a foster child, as defined in Education Code § 48853.5(a), and a homeless child, as defined in Section 11434a(2) of Title 42 of the United States Code, even if the foster or homeless child's immunization records are not available or are missing. However, this does not alter LALA's obligation to obtain immunization records for foster and homeless students or to ensure the full immunization of foster and homeless students as required by law.

If Charter School discovers that an admitted student who was previously believed to be in compliance with the immunization requirements is subsequently discovered to not be in compliance with either the unconditional admission requirements or the conditional admission requirements, LALA will notify the student's parent/guardian of: 1) the time period within which the doses must be received, which may be no more than ten (10) school days after notification; and 2) that the student shall continue in attendance only if the parent/guardian provides documentation that the immunization requirements have been met within the time period designated by the School. If the student does not provide documentation of having received all required immunizations within the time period designated by the School, LALA shall exclude this student from attendance. The student shall remain excluded from Charter School until the student is fully immunized as required by law. The student shall also be reported to the **School Registrar**.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent, or designee, may arrange for a licensed physician or a qualified registered nurse to administer immunizations at Charter School to any student whose parent/guardian has consented in writing.

Conditional Admittance

Students may be conditionally admitted in accordance with Health and Safety Code Section 120340 and Title 17, California Code of Regulations Section 6035. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's parents/guardians of the date by which the student must complete all the remaining doses. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall review the immunization record of each student admitted conditionally at least every thirty (30) days from the date of admission until that student has received all the required immunizations or submitted an exemption. If a student conditionally admitted fails to fulfill the conditions of admission, LALA will prohibit the student from further attendance until that student has been fully immunized as required by law.

Documentary Proof

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall maintain the student's immunization information in the student's mandatory permanent record and shall file annual immunization status reports as required by the California Department of Public Health.

Exemptions from Immunization Requirements

All students must be fully immunized in accordance with the California Health and Safety Code, the California Code of Regulations, and this Policy with the following exceptions:

1. Students who show proof of a medical exemption by a physician licensed to practice medicine in California pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 120370.
 - a. Commencing January 1, 2021, the California Department of Public Health standardized medical exemption form shall be the only documentation of a medical exemption that the School shall accept.
 - b. On and after July 1, 2021, the School shall not unconditionally admit or readmit, or admit or advance any student to 7th grade, unless the student has been fully immunized or files a California Department of Public Health standardized medical exemption form as required by law.
 - c. Medical exemptions issued before January 1, 2020 will continue to remain valid until the child enrolls in the next grade span, defined below.
2. Students who are enrolled in a home-based private school or independent study program and do not receive any classroom-based instruction.
 - a. A student who has not received all of the required immunizations will not be eligible to attend classes at a Charter School resource center unless the student is otherwise exempt under #1 or #3.
3. Students who, prior to January 1, 2016, submitted a letter or affidavit on file at a private or public elementary or secondary school in California stating beliefs opposed to immunization, and who provides said letter or affidavit to the LALA, shall be allowed to enroll at the Charter School without being fully immunized until the student enrolls in the next grade span pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 120335(g).
 - a. "Grade span" means each of the following:
 - i. Birth to Preschool.
 - ii. Kindergarten and grades 1 to 6, inclusive, including transitional kindergarten.
 - iii. Grades 7 to 12, inclusive.

If there is good cause to believe that a child has been exposed to a disease listed in subdivision (b) of Section 120335 and his or her documentary proof of immunization status does not show proof of immunization against that disease, that child may be temporarily excluded from the School until the local health officer is satisfied that the child is no longer at risk of developing or transmitting the disease.

This Policy does not prohibit a student who qualifies for an individualized education program (“IEP”), pursuant to federal law and Education Code Section 56026, from accessing any special education and related services required by the student’s IEP.

Mathematics Placement Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/2020

This Policy of the LA Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) Board of Directors (“Board”) has been adopted to establish a fair, objective, and transparent protocol for placement in mathematics courses for students entering 9th grade, in order to ensure the success of every student and to meet the Legislative intent of the California Mathematics Placement Act of 2015.

1. In determining the mathematics course placement for entering 9th grade students, LALA systematically takes multiple objective academic measures of student performance into consideration, including:
 - a. Statewide mathematics assessments, including interim and summative assessments through the California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (“CAASPP”).
 - b. Placement tests that are aligned to state-adopted content standards in mathematics.
 - c. Classroom assignment and grades.
 - d. Final grade in mathematics on the student’s official, end of the year 8th grade report card.
 - e. Results from all placement checkpoints, including at least one (1) placement checkpoint within the first month of the school year as described in Section 2, below.
2. Charter School will provide at least one (1) placement checkpoint within the first month of the school year to ensure accurate placement and permit reevaluation of individual student progress. All mathematics teachers responsible for teaching 9th grade students will assess the mathematics placements for each 9th grade student assigned to the teacher’s mathematics class. The teacher’s assessment will take into consideration factors which may include, but are not limited to, the student’s classroom assignments, quizzes, tests, exams, grades, classroom participation, and any comments provided by the student, the student’s parent/legal guardian, and/or the student’s other teachers regarding the student’s mathematics placement. Based on the assessment, the teacher will then recommend that the student remain in the current mathematics placement or be transferred to another mathematics placement, in which case the teacher shall specify the mathematics course or level recommended for the student.
3. The Charter School Executive Director, or designee, shall examine aggregate student placement data annually to ensure that students who are qualified to progress in

mathematics courses based on their performance on objective academic measures included in Section 1 of this Policy are not held back in a disproportionate manner on the basis of their race, ethnicity, gender, or socioeconomic background. LALA shall annually report the aggregate results of this examination to the LALA Board.

4. Charter School offers clear and timely recourse for each student and the student's parent or legal guardian who questions the student's placement, as follows:
 - a. A parent/legal guardian of any 9th grade student may submit a written request to the Charter School Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent, or designee, that:
 - i. Requests information regarding how the student's mathematics placement was determined. Within five (5) days of receipt of the written request, the Charter School Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall respond in writing to the parent/legal guardian's request by providing the information, including the objective academic measures that Charter School relied upon in determining the student's mathematics placement.
 - ii. Requests that the student retake the placement test, in which case Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee will attempt to facilitate the retest within two (2) weeks.
 - iii. Requests that the student retake the 8th grade end of course final mathematics assessment, in which case the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee will attempt to facilitate the retest within two (2) weeks.
 - iv. Requests reconsideration of the student's mathematics placement based on objective academic measures. Within five (5) school days of receipt of the written request, the Charter School Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee shall respond in writing to the parent/legal guardian's request. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee and the student's mathematics teacher must assess the objective academic measures provided by the parent in conjunction with the objective academic measures identified in Section 1 and 2 of this Policy. Based on this assessment, the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee must determine whether the most appropriate mathematics placement for the student is the student's current placement or another placement, in which case the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall specify the mathematics course or level recommended for the student. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent's or designee's response must provide the determination as well as the objective academic measures that the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee relied upon in making that determination.
 - b. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee requires additional time to respond to a parent/legal guardian's request, the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee will provide a written response indicating that additional time is needed. In no event shall the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent's or designee's response time exceed one (1) month.

- c. If, after reconsideration of the student’s mathematics placement by the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee, the parent/legal guardian is dissatisfied with the student’s mathematics placement, the parent/legal guardian may choose to sign a voluntary waiver requesting that the student be placed in another mathematics course against the professional recommendation of the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee, acknowledging and accepting responsibility for this placement.
5. Charter School shall ensure that this Mathematics Placement Policy is posted on its website.
6. This Policy is adopted pursuant to the Mathematics Placement Act of 2015, enacted as Education Code Section 51224.7.

Professional Boundaries: Staff/Student Interaction Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/2020

The Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) recognizes its responsibility to make and enforce all rules and regulations governing student and employee behavior to bring about the safest and most learning-conducive environment possible.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of, or willfully causing the infliction of, physical pain on a student.

For purposes of this policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee’s use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to property.

For clarification purposes, the following examples are offered for direction and guidance of School personnel:

A. Examples of PERMITTED actions (NOT corporal punishment)

1. Stopping a student from fighting with another student;

2. Preventing a pupil from committing an act of vandalism;
3. Defending yourself from physical injury or assault by a student;
4. Forcing a pupil to give up a weapon or dangerous object;
5. Requiring an athletic team to participate in strenuous physical training activities designed to strengthen or condition team members or improve their coordination, agility, or physical skills;
6. Engaging in group calisthenics, team drills, or other physical education or voluntary recreational activities.

B. Examples of PROHIBITED actions (corporal punishment)

1. Hitting, shoving, pushing, or physically restraining a student as a means of control;
2. Making unruly students do push-ups, run laps, or perform other physical acts that cause pain or discomfort as a form of punishment;
3. Paddling, swatting, slapping, grabbing, pinching, kicking, or otherwise causing physical pain.

Acceptable and Unacceptable Staff/Student Behavior

This policy is intended to guide all School faculty and staff in conducting themselves in a way that reflects the high standards of behavior and professionalism required of school employees and to specify the boundaries between students and staff.

Although this policy gives specific, clear direction, it is each staff member's obligation to avoid situations that could prompt suspicion by parents, students, colleagues, or school leaders. One viable standard that can be quickly applied, when you are unsure if certain conduct is acceptable, is to ask yourself, "Would I be engaged in this conduct if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

For the purposes of this policy, the term "boundaries" is defined as acceptable professional behavior by staff members while interacting with a student. Trespassing the boundaries of a student/teacher relationship is deemed an abuse of power and a betrayal of public trust.

Some activities may seem innocent from a staff member's perspective, but can be perceived as flirtation or sexual insinuation from a student or parent point of view. The objective of the following lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors is not to restrain innocent, positive relationships between staff and students, but to prevent relationships that could lead to, or may be perceived as, sexual misconduct.

Staff must understand their own responsibility for ensuring that they do not cross the boundaries as written in this policy. Disagreeing with the wording or intent of the established boundaries will be considered irrelevant for disciplinary purposes. Thus, it is crucial that all employees learn this policy thoroughly and apply the lists of acceptable and unacceptable behaviors to their daily activities. Although sincere, competent interaction with students certainly fosters learning, student/staff interactions must have boundaries surrounding potential activities, locations and intentions.

Duty to Report Suspected Misconduct

When any employee reasonably suspects or believes that another staff member may have crossed the boundaries specified in this policy, he or she must immediately report the matter to a school administrator. All reports shall be as confidential as possible under the circumstances. It is the duty of the administrator to investigate and thoroughly report the situation. Employees must also report to the administration any awareness or concern of student behavior that crosses boundaries or where a student appears to be at risk for sexual abuse.

Examples of Specific Behavior

The following examples are not an exhaustive list:

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behaviors (Violations of this Policy)

- (a) Giving gifts to an individual student that are of a personal and intimate nature.
- (b) Kissing of any kind.
- (c) Any type of unnecessary physical contact with a student in a private situation.
- (d) Intentionally being alone with a student away from the school.
- (e) Making or participating in sexually inappropriate comments.
- (f) Sexual jokes.

- (h) Seeking emotional involvement with a student for your benefit.
- (i) Listening to or telling stories that are sexually oriented.
- (j) Discussing inappropriate personal troubles or intimate issues with a student in an attempt to gain their support and understanding.
- (k) Becoming involved with a student so that a reasonable person may suspect inappropriate behavior.

Unacceptable Staff/Student Behaviors without Parent and Supervisor Permission

(These behaviors should only be exercised when a staff member has parent and supervisor permission.)

- (a) Being alone in a room with a student at school with the door closed.
- (b) Allowing students in your home.
- (c) Giving students a ride to/from school or a school-related activity.

Cautionary Staff/Student Behaviors

(These behaviors should only be exercised when a reasonable and prudent person, acting as an educator, is prevented from using a better practice or behavior. Staff members should inform their supervisor of the circumstance and occurrence prior to or immediately after the occurrence)

- (a) Remarks about the physical attributes or development of anyone.
- (b) Excessive attention toward a particular student.
- (c) Sending emails, text messages or letters to students if the content is not about school activities

Acceptable and Recommended Staff/Student Behaviors

- (a) Getting parents' written consent for any after-school activity.
- (b) Obtaining formal approval to take students off school property for activities such as field trips or competitions.
- (c) Emails, text, phone and instant messages to students must be very professional and pertaining to school activities or classes (Communication should be limited to school technology).
- (d) Keeping the door open when alone with a student.
- (e) Keeping reasonable space between you and your students.
- (f) Stopping and correcting students if they cross your own personal boundaries.
- (g) Keeping parents informed when a significant issue develops about a student.
- (h) Keeping after-class discussions with a student professional and brief.
- (i) Asking for advice from fellow staff or administrators if you find yourself in a difficult situation related to boundaries.
- (j) Involving your supervisor if conflict arises with the student.
- (k) Informing the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent /Principal about situations that have the potential to become more severe.
- (l) Making detailed notes about an incident that could evolve into a more serious situation later.
- (m) Recognizing the responsibility to stop unacceptable behavior of students or coworkers.

- (n) Asking another staff member to be present if you will be alone with any type of special needs student.
- (o) Asking another staff member to be present when you must be alone with a student after regular school hours.
- (p) Giving students praise and recognition without touching them.
- (q) Pats on the back, high fives and handshakes are acceptable.
- (r) Keeping your professional conduct a high priority.
- (s) Asking yourself if your actions are worth your job and career.

School Sponsored Field Trips & Cultural Excursions Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/2020

Students may participate in field trips throughout the school year. These trips are a part of the interdisciplinary curriculum and may include walking trips or chartered bus transportation. School field trips are part of the curriculum. We expect all students to participate in this important learning experience. A general field trip consent form will be provided to parents/guardians prior to each school field trip.

The Board of Directors of LALA recognizes and supports the concept of connecting our students with the broader community, both locally and globally, by providing field trips, cultural and art experiences, community service opportunities, and environmental education to fulfill LALA's mission and philosophy. These activities help to promote tolerance, understanding, and acceptance of others, and enrich the educational experiences of the students, as well as meet the Charter School's goal of creating passionate life-long learners.

The safety and security of our students is a primary priority when planning or participating in field trips or excursions. These activities will be carried out in an appropriate manner to maximize and ensure student safety and to minimize the Charter School's legal liability and financial cost.

B. Definition

- A "*field trip or cultural excursion*" involves students leaving LALA grounds to participate in school sponsored educational opportunities in connection with LALA's course of study or school related social, educational, cultural, athletic, school band or other extracurricular or curricular activities.

Selection of Field Trips and Excursions

The teaching team will continue to research and provide enriching learning opportunities to share with their students both within the classroom and out in the broader community. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall have the authority to approve all in-state day (non-overnight) field trips and excursions. Requests for out of state, out of country or overnight travel shall be brought before the Board of Directors for approval. The Chief Executive

Officer/Superintendent will initially receive all such requests and make a recommendation to the Board of Directors as to whether the request should be approved.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent will ensure that the following items will be adhered to for all LALA field trips and excursions:

1. The proposed field trip or cultural excursion relates to LALA's educational objectives
2. The correct ratio of adult to students is met for supervision of the activity
3. A means of transportation to and from the activity is provided
4. Adequate restroom facilities, food and water will be available during the activity

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall not approve any activity that he/she considers to be inherently dangerous to students.

Permission Slips

Before a student can participate in a school-sponsored trip, the teacher shall obtain parent/guardian permission for the trip. Whenever a trip involves water activities, the parent/guardian shall provide specific permission for his/her child to participate in the water activities. The Charter School shall provide an alternative educational experience for students whose parents/guardians do not wish them to participate in a trip.

All persons making the field trip or excursion shall be deemed to have waived all claims against the Charter School or the State of California for injury, accident, illness, or death occurring during or by reason of the field trip or excursion. All adults taking out-of-state field trips or excursions and all parents/guardians of students taking out-of-state field trips or excursions shall sign a statement waiving such claims.

Items that will be included on the permission slip are:

1. An emergency phone number for the student
2. Any medications the student is required to take with the time and dosage required
3. Any medications the student is allergic to
4. Any other medical information necessary to ensure the student's safety
5. Waiver as described above

A copy of a completed and signed permission slip will be kept on the Charter School site and one copy will be given to the teacher or teachers to take on the field trip or excursion.

Voluntary Participation

The Charter School will provide alternative educational activities to those students who choose not to attend a specific field trip or excursion. Parents/guardians will have advance notice of any upcoming field trip or excursion and have the option to withdraw their permission for their child to attend that field trip or excursion.

Disciplinary Rules

Students are under the jurisdiction of the Charter School Board at all times during the field trip or excursion and all LALA policies continue to be enforced during field trips and excursions. Charter School disciplinary policies are to be adhered to at all times. (e.g. Horseplay, practical jokes, harassment, taunting, rough play, aggressive or violent behavior, profanity, viewing of pornographic material, and use of alcohol and/or controlled substances during the field trip or excursion are strictly prohibited.)

Except as otherwise required by law, a student may be excluded from the trip if their presence poses a safety or disciplinary risk.

Defraying Expenses of Field Trips and Excursions

The Charter School may charge a fee for field trips and excursions pursuant Education Code section 35330. However, the Charter School will endeavor to keep the costs of any field trips affordable for all students' families. In no event will a student be prevented from participating in the field trip or excursion due to lack of sufficient funds. In accordance with Education Code section 35330(b), the Charter School will coordinate the efforts of community service groups to supply funds for students in need.

Supervision of Field Trips and Excursions

The teacher who coordinated the field trip will be present to supervise the field trip or excursion, except in unusual circumstances when a replacement teacher is assigned because of an unexpected unavailability. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent will be designated as the emergency contact for the group on the field trip or excursion. Any injuries or unusual incidents occurring during the field trip or excursion will be documented in writing by the coordinating teacher and given to the Charter School's Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall ensure that the field trips and excursions have an adequate number of adults attending to safely supervise the student attending the field trip or excursion.

A first aid kit shall be in the possession of or immediately available to a teacher, employee, or agent of the school during the student field trip or excursion. Whenever trips are conducted in areas known to be infested with poisonous snakes, the first aid kit taken on the trip shall contain medically accepted snakebite remedies. In addition, a teacher, employee, or agent of the school who has completed a first aid course which is certified by the American Red Cross and which emphasizes the treatment of snakebites shall participate in the trip.

Charter School employees or volunteers shall not consume alcohol or use controlled substances (except for medications taken under a physician's orders) while accompanying and supervising students on a field trip or excursion.

Accident Insurance

The Charter School provides student accident insurance which covers medical expenses arising from student injuries on campus or while participating in a Charter School-sponsored off campus activity. The family's health insurance is primary, but if there is no health insurance, the Charter School's Student Accident Insurance becomes primary. Information and applications for student accident insurance are available from the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent. The cost incurred by the Charter School shall be covered by the pupil or his or her parent or guardian.

Parent or Guardian Participation in Field Trips and Excursions

As field trips and excursions are an integral part of the Charter School learning experience, parents are encouraged to participate in an assisting role with students. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or the coordinating teacher will provide parents and guardians with specific supervisory guidelines prior to any Charter School group trip involving students. Topics to be included are safety regulations, emergency responses, and responsibilities of the parent volunteers and language or behavior requirements of all attendees.

A participating parent or guardian will be assigned to a specific group of students to supervise and will be responsible for these students at all times during the field trip or excursion. Under no circumstances will a parent or guardian consume alcohol or use controlled substances (except for medications taken under a physician's orders) during a field trip or excursion. The parent or guardian will notify the coordinating teacher, in advance of the field trip or excursion, should he/she be under a physician's orders and using medications.

All adults taking out-of-state field trips or excursions, and all parents or guardians of pupils taking out-of-state field trips or excursions are required to sign a statement waiving all claims against LALA, its employees, and the State of California for injury, accident, illness or death occurring during or by reason of the field trip or excursion.

Transportation

At all times during the field trip or excursion, teachers, staff and parents will use the safest mode of transportation and the safest and most direct routes of travel. If travel is not by bus, the legal occupancy limit of ten (10) occupants (including the driver) must not be exceeded, all speed notices must be strictly adhered to and students are to be seated with individual seatbelts at all times.

The Charter School shall take reasonable precautions to ensure that all employees and volunteers who transport students are responsible and capable operators of the vehicles to be used and ensure compliance with the Charter School Student Transportation Policy and Driver Requirements as follows:

Employee or volunteer drivers who offer to provide transportation for a field trip or excursion must provide a copy of the following:

1. Proof of liability insurance for their vehicle with a minimum of \$100K/\$300K coverage.
2. A copy of their Driver's License and Vehicle Registration.
3. A written statement acknowledging that their insurance carrier is the primary agent responsible for insurance during the field trip or excursion.

4. A criminal background check conducted by the California Department of Justice (“DOJ”). Employees or volunteers whose DOJ report reveals a Driving Under the Influence conviction shall not be permitted to transport students or operate any vehicle on Charter School business for ten (10) years from the date of the conviction. Any employee or volunteer convicted of a felony shall not be permitted to transport Charter School students on Charter School business.
5. A Department of Motor Vehicles record. Employees or volunteers with driving records with two (2) points or more shall not be permitted to transport students or operate any vehicle for Charter School field trips and excursions.

Each of these items will be provided to the **Executive Director** or coordinating teacher prior to driving on a field trip or excursion.

Under no circumstances shall students transport other students.

For the volunteer’s safety and that of all the students in his/her car, the following rules apply:

1. All Charter School rules apply to students in the volunteer’s car. Volunteer drivers are free to appropriately manage student behavior as necessary to maintain safety.
2. All California driving laws must be followed including child restraint laws: no texting or distracted driving, hands-free phone use only.
3. No movies may be shown in vehicles.
4. No side trips allowed, including gasoline stops. Please be sure to have enough gas before leaving on the trip.
5. Maps and directions from the teacher should be reviewed prior to leaving.
6. No purchases for students should be made on the field trip including food or treats for students in the car.
7. Call the Charter School office immediately if there is a problem.

Non-School-Sponsored Field Trips/Excursions

A non-school-sponsored field trip/excursion is defined as one that is organized and promoted by an outside organization whether or not it is of an educational value or is somehow connected to a particular course of study. This includes trips that are organized by organizations that may be affiliated with the Charter School (i.e. parent organizations, cultural groups, etc.):

1. Students who miss school will receive an unexcused absence.
2. Teachers are not responsible for creating school work ahead of time.

3. Students must make up missed academic work.
4. The Charter School has no responsibility to provide travel.
5. Any employee of the Charter School who attends a non-sponsored field trip/excursion does so voluntarily and is not acting as an employee of the Charter School.
6. If a non-sponsored field trip/excursion is promoted on Charter School property, all materials must clearly state that this is a non-sponsored school field trip/activity.
7. No insurance coverage will be provided by the Charter School.
8. The Charter School assumes no legal or financial responsibility for non-sanctioned field trips.

Technology and Internet Use Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

The Board of Directors finds that new technologies are modifying the way in which information may be accessed, communicated and transferred. Those changes also alter instruction and student learning. The Charter School offers students access to technologies that may include Internet access, electronic mail, and equipment, such as computers, tablets, or other multimedia hardware. By its adoption of this Policy, the Board intends that technological resources provided by the Charter School be used in a safe, responsible, and proper manner in support of the instructional program and for the advancement of student learning.

Definitions

- “*Educational purpose*” means classroom activities, research in academic subjects, career or professional development activities, Charter School approved personal research activities, or other purposes as defined by the Charter School from time to time.
- “*Inappropriate use*” means a use that is inconsistent with an educational purpose or that is in clear violation of this Policy and the Acceptable Use Agreement.

Approved Use of Charter School Technology

Use of Charter School equipment and access to the Internet via Charter School equipment and resource networks is intended to serve and pursue educational goals and purposes. Student use of the Internet is therefore limited to only those activities that further or enhance the delivery of an educational purpose. Students and staff have a duty to use Charter School resources only in a manner specified in the Policy.

Equipment

- Ownership: LALA retains sole right of ownership of LALA technology and grants permission to the Student to use the Computer according to the guidelines set forth in this document. Moreover, LALA administrative staff retains the right to collect and/or LALA technology at any time, including via electronic remote access; and to alter, add or delete installed software or hardware.
- Equipment Provided: The actual equipment provided varies from class to class. Efforts are made to keep all laptop/tablet configurations the same within each class. LALA will retain records of the serial numbers of provided equipment.
- Substitution of Equipment: In the event LALA technology is inoperable, LALA maintains the same agreement in effect for any substitute provided to a student.
- Responsibility for Electronic Data: The Student is solely responsible for any data stored on LALA technology. It is the sole responsibility of the Student to backup all data as necessary. LALA does not accept responsibility for loss of any such data.

Damage or Loss of Equipment

- Warranty for Equipment Defects: Warranty covers only damage to the device caused by manufacturer's defects. Families incur no additional charges for repairs covered by warranty.
- Responsibility for Damage: The Student is responsible for maintaining a 100% working LALA laptop/tablet at all times. The Student shall use reasonable care to ensure that the LALA laptop/tablet is not damaged. Refer to the *Standards for Proper Care* document for a description of expected care. In the event of damage not covered by the warranty, the Student/Parent will be billed the full amount of the cost of repair or replacement in accordance with LALA's procedures for Lost or Damaged School Property.
- Gross Negligence: LALA also reserves the right to charge the Student and Parent the full cost for repair or replacement when damage occurs due to gross negligence. Examples of gross negligence include, for example:
 - Leaving equipment unattended and unlocked. This includes damage or loss resulting from an unattended and unlocked equipment while at school. (See the *Standards for Proper Care* document for definitions of "attended," "unattended," and "locked.")
 - Lending equipment to others
 - Using the equipment in an unsafe manner or environment. (See the *Standards for Proper Care* document for guidelines on proper use).

If a Student's laptop/tablet is confiscated, the Student will receive a warning before getting the laptop/tablet back. If the laptop/tablet is confiscated a second time, the Student may be required to get a Parent signature acknowledging financial responsibility before getting the laptop/tablet back.

- Responsibility for Loss: In the event LALA technology is lost or stolen, the Student and Parent will be billed the full cost of replacement in accordance with LALA's Lost or Damaged School Property procedures. (Note: Families may pursue their own insurance. One commonly used insurance application is LoJack: see www.lojackforlaptops.com)
- Actions Required in the Event of Damage or Loss: If LALA technology is damaged or lost, the Student must report the problem immediately to administration.
- Technical Support and Repair: LALA does not guarantee that LALA technology will be operable, but will make technical support, maintenance and repair available. . If a Student's assigned technology is not able to be made operable, a replacement will be provided.

Notice and Acceptable Use Agreement

The Charter School shall notify students and parents/guardians about authorized uses of Charter School computers, user obligations and responsibilities, and consequences for unauthorized use and/or unlawful activities.

Before a student is authorized to use the Charter School's technological resources, the student and the student's parent/guardian shall sign and return the Acceptable Use Agreement specifying user obligations and responsibilities. In that agreement, the student and the student's parent/guardian shall agree not to hold the Charter School or any Charter School staff responsible for the failure of any technology protection measures, violations of copyright restrictions, or user mistakes or negligence. They shall also agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Charter School and Charter School personnel for any damages or costs incurred.

Safety

The Charter School shall ensure that all Charter School computers with Internet access have a technology protection measure that blocks or filters Internet access to websites that have no educational purpose and/or contain visual depictions that are obscene, constitute child pornography, or that are harmful to minors. While the Charter School is able exercise reasonable control over content created and purchased by the Charter School, it has limited control over content accessed via the internet and no filtering system is 100% effective. Neither the Charter School nor its staff shall be responsible for the failure of any technology protection measures, violations of copyright restrictions, or user mistakes, misuse or negligence.

To reinforce these measures, **the Principal** or designee shall implement rules and procedures designed to restrict students' access to harmful or inappropriate matter on the Internet and to ensure that students do not engage in unauthorized or unlawful online activities. Staff shall monitor students while they are using LALA computers, laptops, or tablets to access the internet or online services on LALA's campus and may have teacher aides, student aides, and volunteers assist in this monitoring. Parents/guardians are required to supervise and monitor their child's use of LALA equipment including but not limited to their child's access to the internet and any online services through such equipment any and all times during which any Charter School equipment is being used by their child outside school facilities or school hours to ensure compliance with this policy.

The **Principal** or designee also shall establish regulations to address the safety and security of students and student information when using email, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communication.

The **Principal** or designees shall provide age-appropriate instruction regarding safe and appropriate behavior on social networking sites, chat rooms, and other Internet services. Such instruction shall include, but not be limited to, maintaining the student's online reputation and ensuring their personal safety by keeping their personal information private, the dangers of posting personal information online, misrepresentation by online predators, how to report inappropriate or offensive content or threats, behaviors that constitute cyberbullying, and how to respond when subjected to cyberbullying.² Students are expected to follow safe practices when using Charter School technology.

LALA advises students:

1. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
2. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
3. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
4. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.
- 5.

² "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a pupil or group of pupils, directed toward one or more pupils that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the following effects:

- Placing a reasonable pupil or pupils in fear of harm to that pupil's or those pupil's person or property.
- Causing a reasonable pupil to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
- Causing a reasonable pupil to experience substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
- Causing a reasonable pupil to experience substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the school.

As used in connection with "bullying," an "electronic act" means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- A message, text, sound, video, or image.
- A post on a social network Internet Web site, including, but not limited to:
 - Posting to or creating a "burn page" (i.e., an Internet Web site created for the purpose of bullying).
 - Creating a credible impersonation of another actual pupil for the purpose of having one or more of the effects of bullying. To create a "credible impersonation" means to (knowingly and without consent) impersonate a pupil for the purpose of bullying the pupil and such that another pupil would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the pupil was or is the pupil who was impersonated.
 - Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects of bullying. A "false profile" means a profile of a fictitious pupil or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual pupil other than the pupil who created the false profile.
- An act of cyber sexual bullying. The term "cyber sexual bullying" means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a pupil to another pupil or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects of bullying. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act. The term "cyber sexual bullying" does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.

Students shall not use the Internet to perform any illegal act or to help others perform illegal acts. Illegal acts include, but are not limited to, any activities in violation of local, state, and federal law and/or information designed to further criminal or dangerous activities. Such information includes, but is not limited to, information that if acted upon could cause damage, present a danger, or cause disruption to the Charter School, other students, or the community. Damaging, debilitating or disabling computers, computer networks or systems through the intentional or overuse of electronic distribution or the spreading of computer viruses or other harmful programs shall be prohibited. Any unauthorized online access to other computers by means of hacking into other computers, downloading hacker tools such as port scanners and password crackers designed to evade restrictions shall also be strictly prohibited.

Student use of Charter School computers to access social networking sites is not prohibited, but access is limited to educational purposes only. To the extent possible, the **Principal** or designee shall block access to such sites on Charter School computers with Internet access.

The **Principal** or designee shall oversee the maintenance of the Charter School's technological resources and may establish guidelines and limits on their use.

All employees shall receive a copy of this policy and the accompanying Acceptable Use Agreement describing expectations for appropriate use of the system and shall also be provided with information about the role of staff in supervising student use of technological resources. All employees shall comply with this policy and the Acceptable Use Agreement, in addition to any separate policies governing employee use of technology.

Student use of Charter School's computers, networks, and Internet services is a privilege, not a right. Compliance with the Charter School's policies and rules concerning computer use is mandatory. Students who violate these policies and rules may have their computer privileges limited and may be subject to discipline, including but not limited to suspension or expulsion per school policy.

ACCEPTABLE USE AGREEMENT

Los Angeles Leadership Academy ("LALA" or the Charter School believes that providing access to technology enhances the educational experience for students. However, student use of Charter School computers, networks, and Internet services is a privilege, not a right. To make that experience successful for everyone, students must abide by the following terms and conditions:

- 1. Security.** Students shall not impair the security of Charter School technology resources. Students are expected to:
 - a. Safeguard all personal passwords. Students should not share passwords with others and should change passwords frequently. Students are expected to notify an administrator immediately if they believe their student account has been compromised.
 - b. Access technology only with their account or with a shared account as directed by their teacher and not to allow others to use their account or to use the accounts of others, with or without the account owner's authorization.
- 2. Authorized Use.** Students may use Charter School technology resources when directed by a teacher, when technology has been designated for open student use (e.g., computers in the library), and for other educational purposes.
- 3. Protection Measures.** While the Charter School is able exercise reasonable control over content created and purchased by the Charter School, it has limited control over content accessed via the internet and no filtering system is 100% effective. Neither the Charter School nor its staff, employees, officers, directors or volunteers shall be responsible for the failure of any technology protection measures, violations of copyright restrictions, or user mistakes, misuse or negligence. The student and parent/guardian agree not to hold the Charter School or any Charter School staff,

employees, officers, directors or volunteers responsible for the failure of any technology protection measures, violations of copyright restrictions, or user mistakes, misuse or negligence. They also agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Charter School, Charter School staff, employees, officers, directors and volunteers for any damages or costs incurred. Parents/guardians are required to supervise and monitor their child's use of LALA equipment including but not limited to their child's access to the internet and any online services through such equipment any and all times during which LALA equipment is being used by their child outside school facilities or school hours to ensure compliance with this policy.

4. **Inappropriate Use.** Charter School technology, hardware, software and bandwidth are shared and limited resources and all users have an obligation to use those resources responsibly. Students are provided access to the Charter School technology primarily for educational purposes. Students shall not use Charter School technology or equipment for personal activities or for activities that violate Charter School policy or local law. These include but are not limited to:
 - a. Playing games or online gaming.
 - b. Downloading software, music, movies or other content in violation of licensing requirements, copyright or other intellectual property rights.
 - c. Installing software on Charter School equipment without the permission of a teacher or other authorized Charter School staff person.
 - d. Downloading, viewing or sharing inappropriate content, including pornographic, defamatory or otherwise offensive material.
 - e. Conducting any activity that is in violation of Charter School policy, the student code of conduct or local, state or federal law.
 - f. Engaging in any activity that is harmful to other student(s), including the use of technology to harass, intimidate, bully or otherwise disrupt the educational process.
 - g. Conducting for-profit business.
 - h. Using hacking tools on the network or intentionally introducing malicious code or viruses into the Charter School's network.
 - i. Using any software or proxy service to obscure either the student's IP address or the sites that the student visits.
 - j. Disabling, bypassing, or attempting to disable or bypass any system monitoring, filtering or other security measures.
 - k. Accessing or attempting to access material or systems on the network that the student is not authorized to access.
5. **No Expectation of Privacy.** Student acknowledges that computer equipment, Internet access networks, email accounts, and any other technology resources are owned by Charter School and provided to students for educational purposes. The Charter School may require staff to monitor and supervise all access to computer equipment, Internet access networks, and email accounts. To facilitate monitoring of activities, computer screens may be positioned so that they are visible to the staff member supervising the students. The Charter School reserves the right to access stored computer records and communications, files, and other data stored on Charter School equipment or sent over Charter School networks. Such communications, files, and data are not private and may be accessed during routine system maintenance; during inspection of Charter School equipment at the end of the school year/term or agree to use period; and review of individual files or monitoring of individual activity when there is a reasonable suspicion that the student is engaging in an inappropriate use.
6. **Disruptive Activity.** Students should not intentionally interfere with the performance of the Charter School's network or intentionally damage any Charter School technology resources.
7. **Unauthorized Networks.** Students may not create unauthorized wireless networks to access the Charter School's network. This includes establishing wireless access points, wireless routers and open networks on personal devices.

- 8. **Consequences of Inappropriate Use.** Students who violate this Agreement will be subject to discipline, which may include loss of access to Charter School technology resources and/or other appropriate disciplinary or legal action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct and applicable laws.
- 9. **Technology Systems/Equipment Care.** Students are not permitted to have food or drink near computers/other technology and must keep equipment and assigned areas free of vandalism.

After reading the Student Use of Technology Policy and the Acceptable Use Agreement, please complete this form to indicate that you agree with the terms and conditions provided. The signature of both the student and parent/guardian are mandatory before access may be granted to the technologies available. This document, which incorporates the Use Procedure, reflects the entire agreement and understanding of all parties. LALA encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

As a user of Charter School technologies, I have read Student Use of Technology Policy and hereby agree to comply with it and the Acceptable Use Agreement.

I understand that computer use is a privilege and not a right. I understand that students who violate this policy in any way will be subject to a referral and possible suspension or expulsion. I understand that if a student willfully damages the Charter School's property, including but not limited to the Charter School's technology, equipment and networks, or fails to return the Charter School's property that has been loaned to the student, the student's parents/guardians are liable for all damages caused by the student's misconduct up to an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), adjusted annually for inflation. After notifying the student's parent or guardian in writing of the student's alleged misconduct and affording the student due process, the Charter School may withhold the student's grades, transcripts, and diploma until the damages have been paid or the property has been returned. If the student and the student's parent/guardian are unable to pay for the damages or to return the property, the Charter School will provide a program of voluntary work for the minor in lieu of the payment of monetary damages. Upon completion of the voluntary work, the student's grades, transcripts and diploma will be released. When the minor and parent are unable to pay for the damages, the Charter School will provide a program of voluntary work for the minor in lieu of the payment of monetary damages. A student over the age of majority shall be liable for the same. (Ed. Code § 48904).

Student Name (please print): _____ Grade: _____

Student Signature: _____ Date: _____

Parent/Guardian Name (Please Print): _____

Parent/Guardian Signature: _____ Date: _____

_____ **For School Employees Only** _____

I have read, understand and agree to abide by the Student Use of Technology Policy and the Acceptable Use Agreement. I understand that the Charter School's policies, procedures, rules, and regulations which

apply to students also apply to me as an adult user of the Charter School’s technology, in addition to any separate policies governing employee use of technology.

Employee Signature: _____

Employee Name (Please Print)

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination & Bullying Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

Discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are all disruptive behaviors, which interfere with students’ ability to learn and negatively affect student engagement, diminish school safety, and contribute to a hostile school environment. As such, the Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) prohibits any acts of discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying altogether. This policy is inclusive of instances that occur on any area of the school campus, at school-sponsored events and activities, regardless of location, through school-owned technology, and through other electronic means.

As used in this policy, discrimination, sexual harassment, harassment, intimidation, and bullying are described as the intentional conduct, including verbal, physical, written communication or cyber-bullying, including cyber sexual bullying, based on the actual or perceived characteristics of mental or physical disability, sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, and parental status), sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality (including national origin, country of origin and citizenship), race or ethnicity (including ancestry, color, ethnic group identification, ethnic background, and traits historically associated with race, including, but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles such as braids, locks and twist), religion (including agnosticism and atheism), religious affiliation, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, age, or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics or based on any other characteristic protected under applicable state or federal law or local ordinance. Hereafter, such actions are referred to as “misconduct prohibited by this Policy.”

To the extent possible, LALA will make reasonable efforts to prevent students from being discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, and/or bullied, and will take action to investigate, respond, address and report on such behaviors in a timely manner. LALA school staff that witness acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy will take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.

Moreover, LALA will not condone or tolerate misconduct prohibited by this Policy by any employee, independent contractor or other person with whom LALA does business, or any other individual, student, or volunteer. This policy applies to all employee, student, or volunteer actions and relationships, regardless of position or gender. LALA promptly and thoroughly investigate and respond to any complaint of such misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent and will take appropriate corrective action, if warranted. LALA complies with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations and local ordinances in its investigation of and response to reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Title IX, Harassment, Intimidation, Discrimination and Bullying Coordinator (“Coordinator”):

Arina Goldring, Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent
2670 Griffin Ave.
Los Angeles, California, 90031
213-381-8484

Definitions

Prohibited Unlawful Harassment

- Verbal conduct such as epithets, derogatory jokes or comments or slurs
- Physical conduct including assault, unwanted touching, intentionally blocking normal movement or interfering with work or school because of sex, race or any other protected basis
- Retaliation for reporting or threatening to report harassment
- Deferential or preferential treatment based on any of the protected characteristics listed above

Prohibited Unlawful Harassment under Title IX

Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et. seq*; 34 C.F.R. § 106.1 *et. seq*) and California state law prohibit discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex. In accordance with these existing laws, discrimination and harassment on the basis of sex in education institutions, including in the education institution’s admissions and employment practices, is prohibited. All persons, regardless of sex, are afforded equal rights and opportunities and freedom from unlawful discrimination and harassment in education programs or activities conducted by LALA.

LALA is committed to providing an educational a work and environment free of sexual harassment and considers such harassment to be a major offense, which may result in disciplinary action. Inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. Part 106 may be referred to the Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, or both.

Sexual harassment consists of conduct on the basis of sex, including but not limited to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal or physical conduct on the basis of sex, regardless of whether or not the conduct is motivated by sexual desire, when: (a) Submission to the conduct is explicitly or implicitly made a term or a condition of an individual's employment, education, academic status, or progress; (b) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the

individual is used as the basis of employment, educational or academic decisions affecting the individual; (c) the conduct has the purpose or effect of having a negative impact upon the individual's work or academic performance, or of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment; and/or (d) submission to, or rejection of, the conduct by the individual is used as the basis for any decision affecting the individual regarding benefits and services, honors, programs, or activities available at or through the educational institution.

It is also unlawful to retaliate in any way against an individual who has articulated a good faith concern about sexual harassment against themselves or against another individual.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Physical assaults of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation or attempts to commit these assaults and
 - Intentional physical conduct that is sexual in nature, such as touching, pinching, patting, grabbing, brushing against another's body, or poking another's body

- Unwanted sexual advances, propositions or other sexual comments, such as:
 - Sexually oriented gestures, notices, remarks, jokes, or comments about a person's sexuality or sexual experience
 - Preferential treatment or promises of preferential treatment to an individual for submitting to sexual conduct, including soliciting or attempting to solicit any individual to engage in sexual activity for compensation or reward or deferential treatment for rejecting sexual conduct
 - Subjecting or threats of subjecting a student or employee to unwelcome sexual attention or conduct or intentionally making the student's or employee's performance more difficult because of the student's sex

- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the work or educational environment, such as:
 - Displaying pictures, cartoons, posters, calendars, graffiti, objections, promotional materials, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic or bringing or possessing any such material to read, display or view in the work or educational environment
 - Reading publicly or otherwise publicizing in the work or educational environment materials that are in any way sexually revealing, sexually suggestive, sexually demeaning or pornographic, and
 - Displaying signs or other materials purporting to segregate an individual by sex in an area of the work or educational environment (other than restrooms or similar rooms)

The illustrations of harassment and sexual harassment above are not to be construed as an all-inclusive list of prohibited acts under this Policy.

Prohibited Bullying

Bullying is defined as any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act. Bullying includes one or more acts committed by a student or group of students that may constitute as sexual harassment, hate violence, or creates an intimidating and/or hostile educational environment, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

1. Placing a reasonable pupil* or pupils in fear of harm to that pupil's or those pupils' person or property.
2. Causing a reasonable pupil to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
3. Causing a reasonable pupil to experience a substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
4. Causing a reasonable pupil to experience a substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by LALA.

* "Reasonable pupil" is defined as a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises care, skill and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.

Cyberbullying is an electronic act that includes the transmission of harassing communication, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device. Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

Electronic act means the creation and transmission originated on or off the school site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

1. A message, text, sound, video, or image
2. A post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:
 - a. Posting to or creating a burn page. A "burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in the definition of "bullying," above
 - b. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual pupil for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a pupil for the purpose of bullying the pupil and such that another pupil would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the pupil was or is the pupil who was impersonated
 - c. Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in the definition of "bullying," above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious pupil or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual pupil other than the pupil who created the false profile.
3. An act of "Cyber sexual bullying" including, but not limited to:

- a. The dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a pupil to another pupil or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in definition of “bullying,” above. A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - b. “Cyber sexual bullying” does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
4. Notwithstanding the definitions of “bullying” and “electronic act” above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet

Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment means a written document filed and signed by a complainant who is participating in or attempting to participate in LALA’s education program or activity or signed by the Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that LALA investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

Bullying and Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

LALA has adopted the following procedures for preventing acts of bullying, including cyberbullying.

1. Cyberbullying Prevention Procedures

LALA advises students:

- a. To never share passwords, personal data, or private photos online.
- b. To think about what they are doing carefully before posting and by emphasizing that comments cannot be retracted once they are posted.
- c. That personal information revealed on social media can be shared with anyone including parents, teachers, administrators, and potential employers. Students should never reveal information that would make them uncomfortable if the world had access to it.
- d. To consider how it would feel receiving such comments before making comments about others online.

LALA informs Charter School employees, students, and parents/guardians of LALA’s policies regarding the use of technology in and out of the classroom. LALA encourages

parents/guardians to discuss these policies with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with such policies.

2. Education

LALA employees cannot always be present when bullying incidents occur, so educating students about bullying is a key prevention technique to limit bullying from happening. LALA advises students that hateful and/or demeaning behavior is inappropriate and unacceptable in our society and at LALA and encourages students to practice compassion and respect each other.

LALA educates students to accept all student peers regardless of protected characteristics (including but not limited to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identification, physical or cognitive disabilities, race, ethnicity, religion, and immigration status) and about the negative impact of bullying other pupils based on protected characteristics.

LALA's bullying prevention education also discusses the differences between appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and includes sample situations to help students learn and practice appropriate behavior and to develop techniques and strategies to respond in a non-aggressive way to bullying-type behaviors. Students will also develop confidence and learn how to advocate for themselves and others, and when to go to an adult for help.

LALA informs LALA employees, students, and parents/guardians of this Policy and encourages parents/guardians to discuss this Policy with their children to ensure their children understand and comply with this Policy.

3. Professional Development

LALA annually makes available the online training module developed by the California Department of Education pursuant Education Code section 32283.5(a) to its certificated employees and all other LALA employees who have regular interaction with pupils.

LALA informs certificated employees about the common signs that a student is a target of bullying including:

- Physical cuts or injuries
- Lost or broken personal items
- Fear of going to school/practice/games
- Loss of interest in school, activities, or friends
- Trouble sleeping or eating
- Anxious/sick/nervous behavior or distracted appearance
- Self-destructiveness or displays of odd behavior
- Decreased self-esteem

LALA also informs certificated employees about the groups of students determined by LALA, and available research, to be at elevated risk for bullying. These groups include but are not limited to:

- Students who are lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth (“LGBTQ”) and those youth perceived as LGBTQ; and
- Students with physical or learning disabilities.

LALA encourages its employees to demonstrate effective problem-solving, anger management, and self-confidence skills for LALA’s students.

Grievance Procedures

1. Scope of Grievance Procedures

LALA will comply with its Uniform Complaint Procedures (“UCP”) policy when investigating and responding to complaints alleging unlawful harassment, discrimination, intimidation or bullying against a protected group or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of the protected characteristics set forth in the UCP that:

- a. Are written and signed;
- b. Filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying prohibited by this part, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying; and
- c. Submitted to the LALA UCP Compliance Officer not later than six (6) months from the date the alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the date the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

The following grievance procedures shall be utilized for reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy that do not comply with the writing, timeline, or other formal filing requirements of a uniform complaint. For formal complaints of sexual harassment, LALA will utilize the following grievance procedures in addition to its UCP when applicable.

2. Reporting

All staff are expected to provide appropriate supervision to enforce standards of conduct and, if they observe or become aware of misconduct prohibited by this Policy, to intervene as soon as it is safe to do so, call for assistance, and report such incidents. The Board requires staff to follow the procedures in this policy for reporting alleged acts of misconduct prohibited by this Policy.

Any student who believes they have been subject to misconduct prohibited by this Policy or has witnessed such prohibited misconduct is encouraged to immediately report such misconduct to the Coordinator:

Arina Goldring, Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent
2670 Griffin Ave.
Los Angeles, California, 90031
213-381-8484

Complaints regarding such misconduct may also be made to the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights. Civil law remedies, including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders may also be available to complainants.

While submission of a written report is not required, the reporting party is encouraged to submit a written report to the Coordinator. LALA will investigate and respond to all oral and written reports of misconduct prohibited by this Policy in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action cannot be based solely on an anonymous report.

Students are expected to report all incidents of misconduct prohibited by this Policy or other verbal, or physical abuses. Any student who feels she/he is a target of such behavior should immediately contact a teacher, counselor, the Principal, Coordinator, a staff person or a family member so that she/he can get assistance in resolving the issue in a manner that is consistent with this Policy.

LALA acknowledges and respects every individual's right to privacy. All reports shall be investigated in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the parties and the integrity of the process to the greatest extent possible. This includes keeping the identity of the reporter confidential, as appropriate, except to the extent necessary to comply with the law, carry out the investigation and/or to resolve the issue, as determined by the Coordinator or administrative designee on a case-by-case basis.

LALA prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who files a report or complaint, testifies, assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation or proceeding related to misconduct prohibited by this Policy. Such participation or lack of participation shall not in any way affect the status, grades, or work assignments of the individual. Individuals alleging retaliation in violation of this Policy may file a grievance using the procedures set forth in this Policy. Knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process is prohibited and may result in disciplinary action.

All supervisors of staff will receive sexual harassment training within six (6) months of their assumption of a supervisory position and will receive further training once every two (2) years thereafter. All staff, and any individual designated as a coordinator, investigator or decision-maker will receive sexual harassment training and/or instruction concerning sexual harassment as required by law.

3. . Supportive Measures

Upon the receipt of an informal or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures. The Coordinator will consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, and explain the process for filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint of sexual harassment or where no formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to LALA's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or LALA's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures available to complainants and respondents may include but are not limited to counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. LALA will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of LALA to provide the supportive measures.

4. Investigation and Response

Upon receipt of a report of misconduct prohibited by this Policy from a student, staff member, parent, volunteer, visitor or affiliate of LALA, the Coordinator or administrative designee will promptly initiate an investigation. In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the Coordinator, or administrative designee determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days, and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the Coordinator (or administrative designee) will inform the complainant of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the Coordinator or administrative designee will meet with the complainant and, to the extent possible with respect to confidentiality laws, provide the complainant with information about the investigation, including any actions necessary to resolve the incident/situation.

However the Coordinator or administrative designee will not reveal confidential information related to other students or employees.

For investigations of and responses to formal complaints of sexual harassment, the following grievance procedures will apply:

- Notice of the Allegations
 - Upon receipt of a formal complaint of sexual harassment, the Coordinator will give all known parties written notice of its grievance process, including any voluntary informal resolution process. The notice will include:
 - A description of the allegations of sexual harassment at issue and to the extent known, the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident;
 - A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a final decision is reached;
 - A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence;
 - A statement that LALA prohibits an individual from knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.
- Emergency Removal
 - LALA may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a formal complaint of sexual harassment grievance process in accordance with LALA's policies.
 - LALA may remove a respondent from LALA's education program or activity on an emergency basis, in accordance with LALA's policies, provided that LALA undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal, and provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.
 - This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504, or the ADA.
- Informal Resolution
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment is filed, LALA may offer a voluntary informal resolution process, such as mediation, to the parties at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility. If LALA offers such a process, it will do the following:
 - Provide the parties with advance written notice of:
 - The allegations;
 - The requirements of the voluntary informal resolution process including the circumstances under which the parties are precluded from resuming a formal complaint of sexual harassment arising from the same allegations;
 - The parties' right to withdraw from the voluntary informal resolution process and resume the grievance process at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution; and
 - Any consequences resulting from participating in the voluntary informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared; and
 - Obtain the parties' advance voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process.

- LALA will not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.
- Investigation Process
 - The decision-maker will not be the same person(s) as the Coordinator or the investigator. LALA shall ensure that all decision-makers and investigators do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents.
 - In most cases, a thorough investigation will take no more than twenty-five (25) school days. If the investigator determines that an investigation will take longer than twenty-five (25) school days and needs to be delayed or extended due to good cause, the investigator will inform the complainant and any respondents in writing of the reasons for the delay or extension and provide an approximate date when the investigation will be complete.
 - The parties will be provided with an equal opportunity to present witnesses, to inspect and review any evidence obtained that is directly related to the allegations raised, and to have an advisor present during any investigative meeting or interview.
 - The parties will not be prohibited from discussing the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence.
 - A party whose participation is invited or expected at an investigative meeting or interview will receive written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of the meeting or interview with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate.
 - Prior to completion of the investigative report, LALA will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, a copy of the evidence subject to inspection and review, and the parties will have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration prior to the completion of the investigation report.
 - The investigator will complete an investigation report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and send a copy of the report to each party and the party's advisor, if any, at least ten (10) days prior to the determination of responsibility.
- Dismissal of a Formal Complaint of Sexual Harassment
 - If the investigation reveals that the alleged harassment did not occur in LALA's educational program in the United States or would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, the formal complaint with regard to that conduct must be dismissed. However, such a dismissal does not preclude action under another applicable LALA policy.
 - LALA may dismiss a formal complaint of sexual harassment if:
 - The complainant provides a written withdrawal of the complaint to the Coordinator;
 - The respondent is no longer employed or enrolled at LALA; or
 - The specific circumstances prevent LALA from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a decision on the formal complaint or the allegations therein.
 - If a formal complaint of sexual harassment or any of the claims therein are dismissed, LALA will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and the reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.
- Determination of Responsibility
 - The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard.
 - Determinations will be based on an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence and credibility determinations will not be based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness.

- LALA will send a written decision on the formal complaint to the complainant and respondent simultaneously that describes:
 - The allegations in the formal complaint of sexual harassment;
 - All procedural steps taken including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, and methods used to gather other evidence;
 - The findings of facts supporting the determination;
 - The conclusions about the application of LALA's code of conduct to the facts;
 - The decision and rationale for each allegation;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions the recipient imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity will be provided to the complainant; and
 - The procedures and permissible bases for appeals.

5. Consequences

Students or employees who engage in misconduct prohibited by this Policy, knowingly make false statements or knowingly submit false information during the grievance process may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion from LALA or termination of employment. The Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies ordered by LALA in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment.

6. Right of Appeal

Should the reporting individual find LALA's resolution unsatisfactory, the reporting individual may, within five (5) business days of notice of LALA's decision or resolution, submit a written appeal to the President of the LALA Board, who will review the investigation and render a final decision.

The following appeal rights and procedures will also apply to formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- The complainant and the respondent shall have the same appeal rights and LALA will implement appeal procedures equally for both parties.
- LALA will notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed.
- The decision-maker for the appeal will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome; issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

7. Recordkeeping

All records related to any investigation of complaints under this Policy are maintained in a secure location.

LALA will maintain the following records for at least seven (7) years:

- Records of each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination of responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent; and any remedies provided to the complainant.
- Records of any appeal of a formal sexual harassment complaint and the results of that appeal.
- Records of any informal resolution of a sexual harassment complaint and the results of that informal resolution.
- All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process.

- Records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

LALA CHARTER SCHOOL

**TITLE IX, HARASSMENT, INTIMIDATION, DISCRIMINATION & BULLYING
COMPLAINT**

FORM

Your Name: _____ Date: _____

Date of Alleged Incident(s): _____

Name of Person(s) you have a complaint against: _____

List any witnesses that were present: _____

Where did the incident(s) occur? _____

Please describe the events or conduct that are the basis of your complaint by providing as much factual detail as possible (i.e. specific statements; what, if any, physical contact was involved; any verbal statements; what did you do to avoid the situation, etc.) (Attach additional pages, if needed):

I hereby authorize LALA to disclose the information I have provided as it finds necessary in pursuing its investigation. I hereby certify that the information I have provided in this complaint is true and correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand providing false information in this regard could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Complainant

Date:

Print Name

To be completed by the Charter School:

Received by: _____ Date: _____

Follow up Meeting with Complainant held on: _____

Transportation Safety Plan

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/2020

Because LALA provides transportation to or from a Charter School activity, the Charter School Board of Directors approved the following transportation safety plan, which contains procedures for Charter School personnel to follow to ensure the safe transportation of students. A copy of this Plan will be kept at each Charter School and will be made available upon request to an officer of the Department of the California Highway Patrol. Students shall be informed that any violation of Charter School policies and procedures, including violation of safety procedures on a school bus or school activity bus, could result in discipline pursuant to the School's discipline policy.

Definitions

1. "School bus" is any motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained for the transportation of a Charter School pupil at or below the grade 12 level to or from Charter School or to and from School activities. "School bus" does not include a passenger vehicle designed for and when actually carrying not more than 10 persons, including the driver, except any vehicle or truck transporting two or more students who use wheelchairs.
2. "School activity bus" is any motor vehicle, other than the school bus, operated by a common carrier, or by and under the exclusive jurisdiction of a publicly owned or operated transit system, or by a passenger charter-party carrier, used under a contractual agreement between Charter School and carrier to transport Charter School pupils at or below the grade 12 level to or from a Charter School activity, or used to transport students from residential schools, when the students are received and discharged at off-highway locations where a parent or adult designated by the parent is present to accept the student or place the student on the bus.

Determining Whether a Student Requires an Escort

If a student's home address, the school site or school activity destination is located on the opposite side of the street of the actual bus stop, then Charter School and California Vehicle Code Section 22112(d) require the student to be physically escorted by the bus driver across that street and under the bus driver's direction and supervision. The bus driver will be required to activate the school bus red flashing crossover lights and if so equipped, the stop arm, and physically get out of the bus to assist the students safely across the street. Charter School requires ALL students who cross the street, be physically escorted by the bus driver with crossover lights and signs being activated.

Procedures for Kindergarten through Eighth Grade Pupils Regarding Boarding and Exiting the Bus

Charter School has created the following procedures to govern the safe entry and exit of kindergarten through eighth grade students to and from the school bus. Charter School is not

required to use the services of an onboard school bus monitor in addition to the driver to ensure these procedures are followed.

Boarding:

1. Students shall board or exit the school bus **ONLY** at their assigned bus stop or school activity destination.
2. Students shall board in an orderly manner and utilize the handrails for their safety while loading and unloading.
3. Students are to find their seat as quickly as possible and sit down facing the front of the bus.
4. Students are to remain seated at all times while the bus is in motion.
5. Students are to maintain a noise level which will allow the bus driver to hear approaching traffic.
6. Students are to follow the directions of the bus driver while they are aboard the bus.
7. Students are responsible to follow all rules and regulations.

Exiting:

1. Students shall stay seated until the bus comes to a complete stop.
2. Once the driver has stopped the bus completely and opened the door, students are to unload seat by seat starting with the front of the bus and continuing seat by seat until the bus is empty.
3. Students remaining on the bus are to remain seated until the bus stops at their assigned bus stop or school activity destination.
4. Students will unload in an orderly manner using the handrails.
5. Students shall exit the bus only at their assigned bus stop or school activity destination. Exceptions will only be allowed when the student presents the bus driver with a note signed by his/her parent and endorsed by the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent.
6. Students are to move away from the bus as they unload. Students shall not get underneath the bus to retrieve a book, paper or some other article. The student should always tell the bus driver and have the bus driver get the article for them.
7. Students should always use crosswalks and controlled intersections when available and should not cross in the middle of the block.
8. Students must avoid trespassing on other people's property, stay on sidewalks when possible.

Procedures for All Students to Follow as They Board or Exit a School Bus at LALA or Other School Activity Location

Charter School has created the following procedures to govern the safe entry and exit of all students at Charter School or other school activity location.

Boarding Buses at School Site or School Activity Location:

1. The school bus driver may not activate the flashing amber warning light system, the flashing red light signal system, and stop signal arm at any school.

2. The driver will monitor the students' entry onto the bus to ensure an orderly and safe entry for all students.
3. The group of students, along with the teacher(s) and any other adult personnel attending a school activity, shall assemble in an area away from the school bus to wait. When the students are ready to load, the Charter School staff shall inform the driver, and the driver will begin the boarding process.
4. Upon completion of the boarding process, the driver will proceed with the bus evacuation and safety presentation, described below. This shall include an explanation and demonstration of all emergency exits, first aid kits, fire extinguishers, etc.
5. Upon completion of the presentation, the driver shall have the Charter School teacher or head chaperone sign a trip sheet, acknowledging the presentation has been given. The driver will then depart when safe to do so.

Exiting Buses at School Site or School Activity Location:

1. Upon arrival at LALA the driver shall take the bus to the designated student drop off area.
2. Upon reaching the designated area, the driver will park the bus and open the door when it is clear and safe to do so. The flashing red signal lights will not be activated.
3. Upon arrival at the school activity destination, the driver will select an area where the bus can be lawfully parked and the boarding/exiting of students can be reasonably controlled.
 - a. The driver will confer with the Charter School teacher/head chaperone regarding the time and location where the group will assemble to reload the bus.
 - b. When it is clear and safe to do so, the driver will have the students disembark the bus. The flashing red signal lights will not be activated.
 - c. When the Charter School teacher/head chaperone has confirmed all students are accounted for, the group may proceed to the trip.
4. Students exiting the bus at either Charter School or a school activity location should do so in an orderly, respectful, and appropriate manner, following all instructions from Charter School staff and the bus driver.

Procedures for School Staff to Ensure a Student is Not Left Unattended on a School Bus or School Activity Bus

Charter School staff members should always be involved and active in the supervision of the loading and unloading of students at Charter School and on activity trips to ensure no student is left unattended on the school bus or school activity bus.

To do this, Charter School staff shall adhere to the following procedures:

1. Before leaving the school site for a school activity, the Charter School teacher/head chaperone for the trip shall ensure he/she has a copy of the class roster with all student names.
2. Once the bus reaches the destination, a Charter School teacher/head chaperone shall be the first person off the bus and will note each student who exits the bus by comparing the exiting students against the class roster.
3. A Charter School staff member/chaperone shall be the last person to exit the bus at each stop to ensure no students are on left board. Before exiting the bus, the staff

member/chaperone will walk up the aisle, checking each seat and area on the floor by each seat to ensure no students are present.

4. Once all students and staff/chaperones have exited the bus, but before leaving for the designated activity, the Charter School teacher/head chaperone will conduct another roll call by calling out each student's name and waiting for verbal and visual confirmation from the student that he/she is present.
5. The Charter School teacher/head chaperone will discuss with the bus driver a way to contact each other in the event it is later discovered a student is still on the bus.

Procedures and Standards for Designating an Adult Chaperone, Other than the Bus Driver, to Accompany Students on a School Activity Bus

Charter School shall follow its applicable policies and procedures, including its visitor and volunteer policy, for designating an adult chaperone other than the school bus driver to accompany students on a bus on a school activity bus. All appropriate background checks will be conducted on any chaperone prior to the chaperone's attending a school trip or school activity bus.

Instruction in School Bus or School Activity Bus Emergency Procedure and Passenger Safety

Charter School shall ensure that all students in kindergarten through grade 12 who are transported in a school bus or school activity bus receive instruction in school bus emergency procedures and passenger safety.

Instruction for Students who were not Previously Transported in a School Bus

Upon registration, the parents/guardians of students who were not previously transported in a school bus or school activity bus and who are in kindergarten through grade 6, inclusive, shall be provided with written information on school bus safety. This information shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. A list of school bus stops near the student's home;
2. General rules of conduct at school bus loading zones, such as:
 - a. While waiting for the school bus to arrive, students must stand single file in an orderly and well-behaved line;
 - b. Students are not to play in or be in the street or private property
 - c. Students shall be on the proper side of the street before the bus arrives at the bus stop;
 - d. Students should arrive at their bus stop five minutes prior to the scheduled leaving time;
 - e. If the student is late and needs to cross the street that the bus is stopped on, he/she must wait for the bus driver to escort him/her across the street;
 - f. Students should not approach the bus until it comes to a complete stop at the stop;
 - g. Students should board and exit the bus in an orderly fashion, with no pushing or shoving;

- h. Students should understand the bus driver is in charge at all times, and students should follow his/her directions;
 - i. The driver will immediately activate the red flashing crossover lights and stop arm if so equipped;
 - j. Animals, birds, reptiles, fish, insects, breakable containers, weapons, or any object or substance that could be hazardous will not be transported on the bus.
3. Red light crossing instructions, consistent with this Plan;
 4. School bus danger zone(s);
 5. Walking to and from school bus stops.

Instruction for all Students Prior to Departure on School Trip

Finally, prior to departure on a school activity trip, Charter School shall provide safety instruction to all students riding in a school bus or school activity bus. This instruction shall include, but not be limited, to the following:

1. Location of emergency exits; and
 2. Use of emergency equipment.
- a. Instruction may also include responsibilities of passengers seated next to an emergency exit.
3. Instruction on how to use the passenger restraint systems, including but not limited to the following:
 - a. Proper fastening and release of the passenger restraint system;
 - b. Acceptable placement of passenger restraint systems on students;
 - c. Times when the passenger restraint systems should be fastened and released; and
 - d. Acceptable placement of the passenger restraint systems when not in use.

Operation of School Bus or School Activity Bus when Visibility Reduced to 200 Feet or Less

Pursuant to Vehicle Code section 34501.6, Charter School is required to adopt procedures that limit the operation of school buses and school activity buses when atmospheric conditions reduce visibility on the roadway to 200 feet or less during regular home to school transportation service. Bus drivers of school activity buses shall have the authority to discontinue school activity bus operation if the driver determines that it is unsafe to continue operation because of reduced visibility.

For purposes of this Plan, the procedures for school bus drivers shall be as follows:

1. The school bus driver will notify the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent that atmospheric conditions have reduced visibility to 200 feet or less.
2. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent may consult with legal counsel as needed.
3. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent may direct that school bus activity will be suspended or delayed for a minimum of one (1) hour through an indefinite suspension or delay if required by the conditions. The length of time for the suspension or delay of school bus services shall be at the discretion of the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent.



Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedures

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/20

Los Angeles Leadership Primary Academy (“LALA” or “Charter School”) policy is to comply with applicable federal and state laws and regulations. The Charter School is the local agency primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing educational programs. Pursuant to this policy, persons responsible for compliance and/or conducting investigations shall be knowledgeable about the laws and programs, which they are assigned to investigate.

Scope

This complaint procedure is adopted to provide a uniform system of complaint processing (“UCP”) for the following types of complaints:

1. Complaints alleging unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying against any protected group on the basis of the actual or perceived characteristics of age, ancestry, color, mental disability, physical disability, ethnic group identification, immigration status, citizenship, gender expression, gender identity, gender, genetic information, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, religion, medical condition, marital status, sex, or sexual orientation, or on the basis of a person’s association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics in any Charter School program or activity.
2. Complaints alleging a violation of state or federal law or regulation governing the following programs:
 - Accommodations for Pregnant, Parenting or Lactating Students;
 - Adult Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Education;
 - Career Technical and Technical Training;
 - Child Care and Development Programs;
 - Consolidated Categorical Aid;
 - Education of Students in Foster Care, Students who are Homeless, former Juvenile Court Students now enrolled in a public school, Migratory Children and Children of Military Families;
 - Every Student Succeeds Act;
 - Migrant Education Programs;
 - Regional Occupational Centers and Programs; and/or
 - School Safety Plans.
3. Complaints alleging that a student enrolled in a public school was required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity as those terms are defined below.
 - a. “Educational activity” means an activity offered by the charter school that constitutes an integral fundamental part of elementary and secondary education, including, but not limited to, curricular and extracurricular activities.

- b. “Pupil fee” means a fee, deposit or other charge imposed on students, or a student’s parents/guardians, in violation of Education Code section 49011 and Section 5 of Article IX of the California Constitution, which require educational activities to be provided free of charge to all students without regard to their families’ ability or willingness to pay fees or request special waivers, as provided for in *Hartzell v. Connell* (1984) 35 Cal.3d 899. A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:
 - i. A fee charged to a student as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory or is for credit.
 - ii. A security deposit, or other payment, that a student is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, uniform or other materials or equipment.
 - iii. A purchase that a student is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment or uniforms associated with an educational activity.
 - c. A pupil fees complaint and complaints regarding local control and accountability plans (“LCAP”) only, may be filed anonymously (without an identifying signature), if the complaint provides evidence or information leading to evidence to support an allegation of noncompliance with Education Code sections 52060 - 52077, including an allegation of a violation of Education Code sections 47606.5 or 47607.3, as referenced in Education Code section 52075, regarding local control and accountability plans.
 - d. If the Charter School finds merit in a pupil fees complaint, or the California Department of Education (“CDE”) finds merit in an appeal, the Charter School shall provide a remedy to all affected students, parents/guardians that, where applicable, includes reasonable efforts by the Charter School to ensure full reimbursement to all affected students and parents/guardians, subject to procedures established through regulations adopted by the state board.
 - e. Nothing in this Policy shall be interpreted to prohibit solicitation of voluntary donations of funds or property, voluntary participation in fundraising activities, or [and other entities from providing student prizes or other recognition for voluntarily participating in fundraising activities.
4. Complaints alleging noncompliance with the requirements governing the Local Control Funding Formula (“LCFF”) or LCAP under Education Code sections 47606.5 and 47607.3, as applicable. If LALA adopts a School Plan for Student Achievement in addition to its LCAP, complaints of noncompliance with the requirements of the School Plan for Student Achievement under Education Code sections 64000, 64001, 65000, and 65001 shall also fall under this Policy.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding child nutrition programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 49490-49590 are governed by Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations (“C.F.R.”) sections 210.19(a)(4), 215.1(a), 220.13(c), 225.11(b), 226.6(n), and 250.15(d) and Title 5, California Code of Regulations (“C.C.R.”) sections 15580 - 15584.

Complaints alleging noncompliance regarding special education programs established pursuant to Education Code sections 56000-56865 and 59000-59300 are governed by the procedures set forth in 5 C.C.R. sections 3200-3205 and 34 C.F.R. sections 300.151-300.153.

The Charter School acknowledges and respects every individual's rights to privacy. Unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaints shall be investigated in a manner that protects (to the greatest extent reasonably possible and as permitted by law) confidentiality of the parties, including but not limited to the identity of the complainant, and maintains the integrity of the process. The Charter School cannot guarantee anonymity of the complainant. This includes keeping the identity of the complainant confidential. However, the Charter School will attempt to do so as appropriate. The Charter School may find it necessary to disclose information regarding the complaint/complainant to the extent required by law or necessary to carry out the investigation or proceedings, as determined by the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee on a case-by-case basis. LALA shall ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation.

Compliance Officer

The Board of Directors designates the following compliance officer(s) to receive and investigate complaints and to ensure the Charter School's compliance with law:

Arina Goldring, Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent
2670 Griffin Ave.
Los Angeles, California, 90031
213-381-8484

The **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee shall ensure that the compliance officer(s) designated to investigate complaints are knowledgeable about the laws and programs for which they are responsible. The compliance officer may have access to legal counsel as determined by the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee.

Should a complaint be filed against the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent**, the compliance officer for that case shall be the **President** of the Charter School Board of Directors.

Notifications

The Principal or designee shall make available copies of this Policy free of charge. The annual notice of this Policy may be made available on LALA's website.

The Charter School shall annually provide written notification of the Charter School's UCP to employees, students, parents/guardians, advisory committees, private school officials or representatives, and other interested parties as applicable.

The annual notice shall be in English. When necessary under Education Code section 48985, if fifteen (15) percent or more of the students enrolled in the Charter School speak a single primary language other than English, this annual notice will also be provided to the parent/guardian of any such students in their primary language.

The annual notice shall include the following:

1. A list of the types of complaints that fall under the scope of the UCP and the state and federal provisions that govern complaints regarding child nutrition programs and special education programs.
2. A statement clearly identifying any California State preschool programs that LALA is operating as exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 1596.792(o) and corresponding Title 5 health and safety regulations, and any California

State preschool programs that LALA is operating pursuant to Title 22 licensing requirements.

3. A statement that LALA is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations.
4. A statement that a student enrolled in a public school shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.
5. A statement identifying the title of the compliance officer, and the identity(ies) of the person(s) currently occupying that position, if known.
6. A statement that if a UCP complaint is filed directly with the CDE and the CDE determines that it merits direct intervention, the CDE shall complete an investigation and provide a written decision to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless the parties have agreed to extend the timeline or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
7. A statement that the complainant has a right to appeal LALA's decision to the CDE by filing a written appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of LALA's decision, except if LALA has used its UCP to address a complaint that is not subject to the UCP requirements.
8. A statement that a complainant who appeals LALA's decision on a UCP complaint to the CDE shall receive a written appeal decision within sixty (60) calendar days of the CDE's receipt of the appeal, unless extended by written agreement with the complainant or the CDE documents exceptional circumstances and informs the complainant.
9. A statement that if LALA finds merit in a UCP complaint, or the CDE finds merit in an appeal, LALA shall take corrective actions consistent with the requirements of existing law that will provide a remedy to the affected student and/or parent/guardian as applicable.
10. A statement advising the complainant of any civil law remedies that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable, and of the appeal pursuant to Education Code section 262.3.
11. A statement that copies of LALA's UCP shall be available free of charge.

Procedures

The following procedures shall be used to address all complaints which allege that the Charter School has violated federal or state laws or regulations enumerated in the section "Scope," above. The compliance officer shall maintain a record of each complaint and subsequent related actions for at least three (3) calendar years.

All parties named shall be notified when a complaint is filed, when a complaint meeting or hearing is scheduled, and when a decision or ruling is made.

- **Step 1: Filing of Complaint**

Any individual, including a person's duly authorized representative or an interested third party, public agency, or organization may file a written complaint of alleged noncompliance or unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying pursuant to this Policy.

A complaint of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying may be filed by an individual who alleges that that individual has personally suffered unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying or by one who believes any specific class of individuals has been subjected to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, or by a duly authorized representative who alleges that an individual student has been subjected to discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying. An investigation of alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying shall be initiated by filing a complaint no later than six (6) months from the date the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying occurred, or the complainant first obtained knowledge of the facts of the alleged discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying unless the time for filing is extended by the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee, upon written request by the complainant setting forth the reasons for the extension. Such extension by the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee shall be made in writing. The period for filing may be extended by the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee for good cause for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days following the expiration of the six-month time period. The Executive Director shall respond immediately upon a receipt of a request for extension.

All other complaints under this Policy shall be filed not later than one (1) year from the date the alleged violation occurred. For complaints relating to the LCAP, the date of the alleged violation is the date on which the LALA Board of Directors approved the LCAP or the annual update was adopted by LALA.

The complaint shall be presented to the compliance officer who shall maintain a log of complaints received, providing each with a code number and date stamp.

Complaints filed pursuant to this Policy must be in writing and signed. A signature may be handwritten, typed (including in an email) or electronically generated. Only complaints regarding pupil fees or LCAP compliance may be filed anonymously as set forth in this Policy. If a complainant is unable to put a complaint in writing due to conditions such as a disability or illiteracy, LALA staff shall assist the complainant in the filing of the complaint.

- **Step 2: Mediation**

Within three (3) business days of receiving the complaint, the compliance officer may informally discuss with the complainant the possibility of using mediation. If the complainant agrees to mediation, the compliance officer shall make arrangements for this process.

Before initiating the mediation of an unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying complaint, the compliance officer shall ensure that all parties agree to make the mediator a party to related confidential information.

If the mediation process does not resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the complainant, the compliance officer shall proceed with the investigation of the complaint.

The use of mediation shall not extend the Charter School's timelines for investigating and resolving the complaint unless the complainant agrees in writing to such an extension of time.

- **Step 3: Investigation of Complaint**

The compliance officer is encouraged to hold an investigative meeting within five (5) business days of receiving the complaint or an unsuccessful attempt to mediate the complaint. This meeting shall provide an opportunity for the complainant and/or the complainant's representative to repeat the complaint orally.

The complainant and/or the complainant's representative shall have an opportunity to present evidence or information leading to evidence to support the allegations in the complaint.

A complainant's refusal to provide the compliance officer with documents or other evidence related to the allegations in the complaint, or a complainant's failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or the complainant's engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in the dismissal of the complaint because of a lack of evidence to support the allegation.

The Charter School's refusal to provide the compliance officer with access to records and/or other information related to the allegation in the complaint, or its failure or refusal to cooperate in the investigation or its engagement in any other obstruction of the investigation, may result in a finding, based on evidence collected, that a violation has occurred and may result in the imposition of a remedy in favor of the complainant.

- **Step 4: Final Written Decision**

LALA shall issue an investigation report (the "Decision") based on the evidence. LALA's Decision shall be in writing and sent to the complainant within sixty (60) calendar days of LALA's receipt unless the timeframe is extended with the written agreement of the complainant. LALA's Decision shall be written in English and in the language of the complainant whenever feasible or as required by law.

The Decision shall include:

1. The findings of fact based on evidence gathered.
2. The conclusion providing a clear determination for each allegation as to whether LALA is in compliance with the relevant law.
3. Corrective actions, if LALA finds merit in the complaint and any are warranted or required by law.
4. Notice of the complainant's right to appeal LALA's Decision within thirty (30) calendar days to the CDE, except when LALA has used its UCP to address complaints that are not subject to the UCP requirements.
5. Procedures to be followed for initiating such an appeal.

If an employee is disciplined as a result of the complaint, the Decision shall simply state that effective action was taken and that the employee was informed of the Charter School's expectations. The Decision shall not give any further information as to the nature of the disciplinary action except as required by applicable law.

Appeals to the CDE

If dissatisfied with the Decision, the complainant may appeal in writing to the CDE within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the Decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the complaint filed with LALA and a copy of the Decision. When appealing to the CDE, the complainant must specify and explain the basis for the appeal, including at least one of the following:

1. LALA failed to follow its complaint procedures.
2. Relative to the allegations of the complaint, LALA's Decision lacks material findings of fact necessary to reach a conclusion of law.
3. The material findings of fact in LALA's Decision are not supported by substantial evidence.
4. The legal conclusion in LALA's Decision is inconsistent with the law.
5. In a case in which LALA's Decision found noncompliance, the corrective actions fail to provide a proper remedy.

Upon notification by the CDE that the complainant has appealed the Decision, the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee shall forward the following documents to the CDE within ten (10) calendar days of the date of notification:

1. A copy of the original complaint.
2. A copy of the Decision.
3. A copy of the investigation file, including but not limited to all notes, interviews, and documents submitted by the parties or gathered by the investigator.
4. A report of any action taken to resolve the complaint.
5. A copy of the Charter School's complaint procedures.
6. Other relevant information requested by the CDE.

If the CDE determines the appeal raises issues not contained in the local complaint, the CDE will refer those new issues back to LALA for resolution as a new complaint. If the CDE notifies LALA that its Decision failed to address an allegation raised by the complaint and subject to the UCP process, LALA will investigate and address such allegation(s) in accordance with the UCP requirements and provide the CDE and the appellant with an amended Decision addressing such allegation(s) within twenty (20) calendar days of the CDE's notification. The amended Decision will inform the appellant of the right to separately appeal the amended Decision with respect to the complaint allegation(s) not addressed in the original Decision.

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the CDE's appeal Decision pursuant to 5 C.C.R. section 4633(f)(2) or (3), either party may request reconsideration by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction ("SSPI") or the SSPI's designee. The request for reconsideration shall specify and explain the reason(s) for contesting the findings of fact, conclusions of law, or corrective actions in the CDE's appeal Decision. The SSPI will not consider any information not previously submitted to the CDE by a party during the appeal unless such information was unknown to the party at the time of the appeal and, with due diligence, could not have become known to the party. Pending the SSPI's response to a request for reconsideration, the CDE appeal Decision remains in effect and enforceable, unless stayed by a court.

The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by LALA when one of the conditions listed in 5 C.C.R. section 4650 exists, including but not limited to cases in which through no fault of the complainant, LALA has not taken action within sixty (60) calendar days of the date the complaint was filed with LALA.

Civil Law Remedies

A complainant may pursue available civil law remedies outside of the Charter School's complaint procedures. Complainants may seek assistance from mediation centers or public/private interest attorneys. Civil law remedies that may be imposed by a court include, but are not limited to, injunctions and restraining orders. For unlawful discrimination complaints arising under state law, however, a complainant must wait until sixty (60) calendar days have elapsed from the filing of an appeal with the CDE before pursuing civil law remedies. The moratorium does not apply to injunctive relief and is applicable only if the Charter School has appropriately, and in a timely manner, apprised the complainant of their right to file a complaint.

UNIFORM COMPLAINT PROCEDURE FORM

Last Name: _____ First Name/MI:

Student Name (if applicable): _____ Grade: _____ Date of Birth:

Street Address/Apt. #:

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code:

Home Phone: _____ Cell Phone: _____ Work Phone:

School/Office of Alleged Violation:

For allegation(s) of noncompliance, please check the program or activity referred to in your complaint, if applicable:

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adult Education | <input type="checkbox"/> Education of Students in Foster Care, Students who are Homeless, former Juvenile Court Students now enrolled in a Public School, Migratory Children and Children of Military Families | <input type="checkbox"/> Regional Occupational Centers and Programs |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Career Technical and Technical Education/Career Technical and Technical Training | <input type="checkbox"/> Every Student Succeeds Act | <input type="checkbox"/> School Plans for School Achievement |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Child Care and Development | <input type="checkbox"/> Local Control Funding Formula/ Local Control and Accountability Plan | <input type="checkbox"/> School Safety Plan |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Consolidated Categorical Aid Programs | <input type="checkbox"/> Migrant Education Programs | <input type="checkbox"/> Pupil Fees |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Pregnant, Parenting or Lactating Students |

For allegation(s) of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying, please check the basis of the unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying described in your complaint, if applicable:

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Age | <input type="checkbox"/> Genetic Information | <input type="checkbox"/> Sex (Actual or Perceived) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ancestry | <input type="checkbox"/> Immigration Status/Citizenship | <input type="checkbox"/> Sexual Orientation (Actual or Perceived) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Color | <input type="checkbox"/> Marital Status | <input type="checkbox"/> Based on association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Disability (Mental or Physical) | <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Condition | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ethnic Group Identification | <input type="checkbox"/> Nationality / National Origin | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Gender / Gender Expression / Gender Identity | <input type="checkbox"/> Race or Ethnicity | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion | |

1. Please give facts about the complaint. Provide details such as the names of those involved, dates, whether

witnesses were present, etc., that may be helpful to the complaint investigator.

2. Have you discussed your complaint or brought your complaint to any LALA personnel? If you have, to whom did you take the complaint, and what was the result?

3. Please provide copies of any written documents that may be relevant or supportive of your complaint.

I have attached supporting documents. Yes No

Signature: _____ Date:

Mail complaint and any relevant documents to the Compliance Officer:

Arina Goldring, Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent
2670 Griffin Ave.
Los Angeles, California, 90031
213-381-8484

Wellness Policy

Board Policy
Revision Date: 6/26/2020

The Board of Directors of Los Angeles Leadership Primary Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) is committed to the optimal development of every student. Charter School believes that for students to have the opportunity to achieve personal, academic, developmental and social success, we need to create positive, safe and health-promoting learning environments at every level, in every setting, throughout the school year.

Research shows that two components, good nutrition and physical activity before, during and after the school day, are strongly correlated with positive student outcomes. Conversely, less-than-adequate consumption of specific foods including fruits, vegetables and dairy products, is associated with lower grades among students. In addition, students who are physically active through active transport to and from school, recess, physical activity breaks, high-quality physical education and extracurricular activities – do better academically. Finally, there is evidence that adequate hydration is associated with better cognitive performance.

This Policy outlines Charter School’s approach to ensuring environments and opportunities for all students to practice healthy eating and physical activity behaviors throughout the school day while minimizing commercial distractions. Specifically, this Policy establishes goals and procedures to ensure that:

- Students in Charter School have access to healthy foods throughout the school day—both through reimbursable school meals and other foods available throughout the Charter School campus—in accordance with Federal and state nutrition standards.
- Students receive quality nutrition education that helps them develop lifelong healthy eating behaviors.
- Students have opportunities to be physically active before, during and after Charter School.
- The Charter School engages in nutrition and physical activity promotion and other activities that promote student wellness.
- Charter School staff are encouraged and supported to practice healthy nutrition and physical activity behaviors in and out of school.
- The community is engaged in supporting the work of Charter School in creating continuity between Charter School and other settings for students and staff to practice lifelong healthy habits.

- The Charter School establishes and maintains an infrastructure for management, oversight, implementation, communication about and monitoring of this Policy and its established goals and objectives.

This Policy applies to all students and staff in Charter School. Specific measurable goals and outcomes are identified within each section below.

I. Charter School Wellness Committee

Committee Role and Membership

Charter School will convene a representative Charter School Wellness Committee (“Well-Com”), or work within an existing school health committee, that meets at least four (4) times per year to establish goals for and oversee school health and safety policies and programs, including development, implementation and periodic review and update of this Policy.

The Well-Com membership will represent all grade/school levels (elementary and secondary schools) and include (to the extent possible), but not be limited to: parents and caregivers; students; representatives of the school nutrition program (e.g., school nutrition director); physical education teachers; health education teachers; school health professionals (e.g., health education teachers, school health services staff [e.g., nurses, physicians, dentists, health educators, and other allied health personnel who provide school health services], and mental health and social services staff [e.g., school counselors, psychologists, social workers, or psychiatrists]; school administrators (e.g., Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent, principal, vice principal), school board members; health professionals (e.g., dietitians, doctors, nurses, dentists); and the general public. When possible, membership will also include Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education coordinators (“SNAP-EDEDSNAP-Ed”). To the extent possible, the Well-Com will include representatives from each school building and reflect the diversity of the community.

Leadership

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee(s) will convene the Well-Com and facilitate development of and updates to the Policy and will ensure each Charter School’s compliance with the Policy.

Additionally, the designated official for oversight of the Well-Com is:

Arina Goldring, Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent
2670 Griffin Ave.
Los Angeles, California, 90031
213-381-8484

II. Wellness Policy Implementation, Monitoring, Accountability and Community Engagement

Implementation Plan

Using the steps outlined below, Charter School will ensure the Charter School meets legal obligations regarding implementation of this Policy.

This Policy and the progress reports can be found at: www.laleadership.org

Recordkeeping

Charter School will retain records to document compliance with the requirements of this policy in the main office. Documentation maintained in this location will include but will not be limited to:

- The written Policy.
- Documentation demonstrating that the Policy has been made available to the public.
- Documentation to demonstrate compliance with the annual public notification requirements and community involvement requirements;
- Documentation of the triennial assessment of the Policy.
- Documentation demonstrating the most recent assessment on the implementation of the Policy has been made available to the public.

Annual Notification of Policy

Charter School will actively inform families and the public each year of basic information about this Policy, including its content, any updates to the Policy, and implementation status. Charter School will make this information available via the Charter School website and/or Charter School-wide communications. Charter School will provide as much information as possible about the Charter School nutrition environment. This will include a summary of Charter School's events or activities related to Policy implementation.

Annually, Charter School will also publicize the name and contact information of the Charter School official(s) leading and coordinating the Well-Com, as well as information on how the public can get involved with the Well-Com.

Triennial Progress Assessments

At least once every three years, Charter School will evaluate compliance with the wellness policy to assess the implementation of the Policy and include:

- The extent to which the Charter School in compliance with this Policy;
- The extent to which the Charter School's policy compares to model wellness policies; and
- A description of the progress made in attaining the goals of the Charter School's Policy.

The position/person responsible for managing the triennial assessment and contact information is:

Arina Goldring, Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent
2670 Griffin Ave.
Los Angeles, California, 90031
213-381-8484

The Well-Com will monitor the Charter School's compliance with this Policy.
Charter School will actively notify households/families of the availability of the triennial progress report.

Revisions and Updating the Policy

Charter School will update or modify this Policy as appropriate based on the results of the annual Charter School Health Index and triennial assessments and/or as Charter School priorities change; community needs change; wellness goals are met; new health science, information, and technology emerges; and new Federal or state guidance or standards are issued. This Policy will be assessed and updated as indicated at least every three (3) years, following the triennial assessment.

Community Involvement, Outreach and Communications

Charter School is committed to being responsive to community input, which begins with awareness of the wellness policy. Charter School will actively communicate ways in which representatives of Well-Com/the Charter School and others can participate in the development, implementation and periodic review and update of this Policy through a variety of means. Charter School will also inform parents of the improvements that have been made to school meals and compliance with school meal standards, availability of child nutrition programs and how to apply, and a description of and compliance with Smart Snacks in Charter School nutrition standards.

Charter School will use electronic mechanisms, such as email or displaying notices on the Charter School's website, as well as non-electronic mechanisms, such as newsletters, presentations to parents, or sending information home to parents, to ensure that all families are actively notified of the content of, implementation of, and updates to this Policy, as well as how to get involved and support the Policy. The Charter School will ensure that communications are culturally and linguistically appropriate to the community and accomplished through means similar to other ways that the district and individual schools are communicating important Charter School information with parents.

The Charter School will actively notify the public about the content of, the implementation of, and any updates to the wellness policy annually, at a minimum. Charter School will also use these mechanisms to inform the community about the availability of the annual and triennial reports.

III. Nutrition

Charter School Meals

Charter School participates in USDA child nutrition programs, including the National School Lunch Program ("NSLP"), and the Charter School Breakfast Program ("SBP"). The Charter School is committed to offering school meals through the NSLP and SBP programs, and other applicable Federal child nutrition programs, that:

- Are accessible to all students.
- Are appealing and attractive to children.

- Are served in clean and pleasant settings.

- Meet or exceed current nutrition requirements established by local, state, and Federal statutes and regulations (The Charter School offers reimbursable school meals that meet USDA nutrition standards).
- Promote healthy food and beverage choices using at least ten of the following Smarter Lunchroom techniques:
 - Whole fruit options are displayed in attractive bowls or baskets (instead of chaffing dishes or hotel pans).
 - Sliced or cut fruit is available daily.
 - Daily fruit options are displayed in a location in the line of sight and reach of students.
 - All available vegetable options have been given creative or descriptive names.
 - Daily vegetable options are bundled into all grab-and-go meals available to students.
 - All staff members, especially those serving, have been trained to politely prompt students to select and consume the daily vegetable options with their meal.
 - White milk is placed in front of other beverages in all coolers.
 - Alternative entrée options (e.g., salad bar, yogurt parfaits, etc.) are highlighted on posters or signs within all service and dining areas.
 - A reimbursable meal can be created in any service area available to students (e.g., salad bars, snack rooms, etc.).
 - Student surveys and taste testing opportunities are used to inform menu development, dining space decor and promotional ideas.
 - Student artwork is displayed in the service and/or dining areas.
 - Daily announcements are used to promote and market menu options.

Staff Qualifications and Professional Development

All Charter School nutrition staff will meet or exceed hiring and annual continuing education/training requirements in the USDA professional standards for child nutrition professionals. These Charter School nutrition personnel will refer to USDA's Professional Standards for Charter School Nutrition Standards website to search for training that meets their learning needs.

Water

To promote hydration, free, safe, unflavored drinking water will be available to all students throughout the school day. Charter School will make drinking water available where school meals are served during mealtimes.

Competitive Foods and Beverages

The Charter School is committed to ensuring that all foods and beverages available to students on the Charter School campus during the school day support healthy eating. The foods and beverages sold to students on campus during the school day (including the period from the midnight before, to 30 minutes after the end of the official school day) and served outside of the Charter School meal programs (e.g., "competitive" foods and beverages) will meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, at a minimum. Smart Snacks aim to improve student

health and well-being, increase consumption of healthful foods during the school day and create an environment that reinforces the development of healthy eating habits.

To support healthy food choices and improve student health and well-being, all foods and beverages outside the reimbursable School meal programs that are sold to students on the School campus during the school day will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks nutrition standards. These standards will apply in all locations and through all services where foods and beverages are sold, which may include, but are not limited to, à la carte options in cafeterias, vending machines, school stores and snack or food carts.

Celebrations and Rewards

All foods offered on the Charter School campus will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in Charter School nutrition standards, including through:

1. Celebrations and parties. Charter School will provide a list of healthy party ideas to parents and teachers, including non-food celebration ideas.
2. Classroom snacks brought by parents. Charter School will provide to parents a list of foods and beverages that meet Smart Snacks nutrition standards.
3. Rewards and incentives. Charter School will provide teachers and other relevant school staff a list of alternative ways to reward children. Foods and beverages will not be used as a reward, or withheld as punishment for any reason, such as for performance or behavior.

Fundraising

Foods and beverages that meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in Charter Schools nutrition standards may be sold through fundraisers on the Charter School campus during the school day. Charter School will make available to parents and teachers a list of healthy fundraising ideas

Nutrition Promotion

Charter School will promote healthy food and beverage choices for all students throughout the school campus, as well as encourage participation in school meal programs. This promotion will occur through at least:

- Implementing at least ten evidence-based healthy food promotion techniques through the school meal programs using Smarter Lunchroom techniques described above; and
- Ensuring 100% of foods and beverages promoted to students meet the USDA Smart Snacks in Charter School nutrition standards.

Food and Beverage Marketing in Schools

Any foods and beverages marketed or promoted to students on the school campus during the school day will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in Charter School nutrition standards such that only those foods that comply with or exceed those nutrition standards are permitted to be marketed or promoted to students.

As the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent reviews existing contracts and considers new contracts, equipment and product purchasing (and replacement) decisions should reflect the applicable marketing guidelines established by this Policy.

IV. Physical Activity

The Centers for Disease Control (“CDC”) recommends that all children and adolescents participate in a minimum of sixty (60) minutes of physical activity every day. The CDC recommends that aerobic activity make up the bulk of such physical activity, with vigorous-intensity aerobic activity on at least three days per week. The CDC also recommends that physical activity include muscle strengthening activities, such as gymnastics or push-ups, on at least three days per week, and bone strengthening activities like jumping rope or running at least three days per week.

The Charter School has the following specific goals to promote student wellness, consistent with the school Policy.

In developing these goals, the Charter School reviewed and considered evidence-based strategies and techniques and parent input. LALA will work toward achievement of the goals.

V. Other Activities that Promote Student Wellness

Charter School will integrate wellness activities across the entire Charter School setting, not just in the cafeteria, other food and beverage venues and physical activity facilities. Charter School will coordinate and integrate other initiatives related to physical activity, physical education, nutrition and other wellness components so all efforts are complementary, not duplicative, and work towards the same set of goals and objectives promoting student well-being, optimal development and strong educational outcomes.

All efforts related to obtaining federal, state or association recognition for efforts, or grants/funding opportunities for healthy school environments will be coordinated with and complementary of this Policy, including but not limited to ensuring the involvement of the Well-Com and/or parents and the community.

All Charter School-sponsored events will adhere to this Policy’s wellness guidelines. All Charter School-sponsored wellness events will include physical activity and healthy eating opportunities when appropriate.

Community Partnerships

Charter School will continue relationships with community partners (e.g., hospitals, universities/colleges, local businesses, SNAP-Ed providers and coordinators, etc.) in support of this Policy’s implementation. Existing and new community partnerships and sponsorships will be evaluated to ensure that they are consistent with this Policy and its goals.

Professional Learning

When feasible, Charter School will offer annual professional learning opportunities and resources for staff to increase knowledge and skills about promoting healthy behaviors in the classroom and school (e.g., increasing the use of kinesthetic teaching approaches or

incorporating nutrition lessons into math class). Professional learning will help Charter School staff understand the connections between academics and health and the ways in which health and wellness are integrated into ongoing district reform or academic improvement plans/efforts.

Suicide Prevention Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/26/2020

The Board of Directors of LA Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) recognizes that suicide is a major cause of death among youth and should be taken seriously. To attempt to reduce suicidal behavior and its impact on students and families, the Board of Directors has developed prevention strategies and intervention procedures.

In compliance with Education Code section 215, this policy has been developed in consultation with LALA and community stakeholders, LALA school-employed mental health professionals (e.g., school counselors, psychologists, social workers, nurses), administrators, other school staff members, parents/guardians/caregivers, students, local health agencies and professionals, the county mental health plan, law enforcement, and community organizations in planning, implementing, and evaluating LALA’s strategies for suicide prevention and intervention. LALA must work in conjunction with local government agencies, community-based organizations, and other community supports to identify additional resources.

To ensure the policies regarding suicide prevention are properly adopted, implemented, and updated, LALA shall appoint an individual (or team) to serve as the suicide prevention point of contact for LALA. The suicide prevention point of contact for LALA and the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** shall ensure proper coordination and consultation with the county mental health plan if a referral is made for mental health or related services on behalf of a student who is a Medi-Cal beneficiary. This policy shall be reviewed and revised as indicated, at least annually in conjunction with the previously mentioned community stakeholders.

Staff Development

LALA, along with its partners, has carefully reviewed available staff training to ensure it promotes the mental health model of suicide prevention and does not encourage the use of the stress model to explain suicide.

Training shall be provided for all school staff members. It may also be provided, when appropriate, for other adults on campus (such as substitutes and intermittent staff, volunteers, interns, tutors, coaches, and afterschool staff). Training shall include the following:

1. All suicide prevention trainings shall be offered under the direction of mental health professionals (e.g., school counselors, school psychologists, other public entity professionals, such as psychologists or social workers) who have received advanced

training specific to suicide. Staff training may be adjusted year-to-year based on previous professional development activities and emerging best practices.

2. At least annually, all staff shall receive training on the risk factors and warning signs of suicide, suicide prevention, intervention, referral, and postvention.
3. At a minimum, all staff shall participate in training on the core components of suicide prevention (identification of suicide risk factors and warning signs, prevention, intervention, referral, and postvention) at the beginning of their employment or annually. Core components of the general suicide prevention training shall include:
 - a. Suicide risk factors, warning signs, and protective factors.
 - b. How to talk with a student about thoughts of suicide.
 - c. How to respond appropriately to the youth who has suicidal thoughts. Such responses shall include constant supervision of any student judged to be at risk for suicide and an immediate referral for a suicide risk assessment.
 - d. Emphasis on immediately referring (same day) any student who is identified to be at risk of suicide for assessment while staying under constant monitoring by staff member.
 - e. Emphasis on reducing stigma associated with mental illness and that early prevention and intervention can drastically reduce the risk of suicide.
 - f. Reviewing the data annually to look for any patterns or trends of the prevalence or occurrence of suicide ideation, attempts, or death. Data from the California School Climate, Health, and Learning Survey (Cal-SCHLS) should also be analyzed to identify school climate deficits and drive program development. See the Cal-SCHLS Web site at <http://cal-schls.wested.org/>.
 - g. Information regarding groups of students judged by the school, and available research, to be at elevated risk for suicide. These groups include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - i. Youth affected by suicide.
 - ii. Youth with a history of suicide ideation or attempts.
 - iii. Youth with disabilities, mental illness, or substance abuse disorders.
 - iv. Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or questioning youth.
 - v. Youth experiencing homelessness or in out-of-home settings, such as foster care.
 - vi. Youth who have suffered traumatic experiences.
 - vii. [Charter School may Insert other Local Youth Populations Vulnerable to Depression and Suicide].
4. In addition to initial orientations to the core components of suicide prevention, ongoing annual staff professional development for all staff may include the following components:
 - a. The impact of traumatic stress on emotional and mental health.
 - b. Common misconceptions about suicide.
 - c. Charter School and community suicide prevention resources.

- d. Appropriate messaging about suicide (correct terminology, safe messaging guidelines).
- e. The factors associated with suicide (risk factors, warning signs, protective factors).
- f. How to identify youth who may be at risk of suicide.
- g. Appropriate ways to interact with a youth who is demonstrating emotional distress or is suicidal. Specifically, how to talk with a student about their thoughts of suicide and (based on LALA guidelines) how to respond to such thinking; how to talk with a student about thoughts of suicide and appropriately respond and provide support based on LALA guidelines.
- h. Charter School-approved procedures for responding to suicide risk (including multi-tiered systems of support and referrals). Such procedures should emphasize that the suicidal student should be constantly supervised until a suicide risk assessment is completed.
- i. Charter School-approved procedures for responding to the aftermath of suicidal behavior (suicidal behavior postvention).
- j. Responding after a suicide occurs (suicide postvention).
- k. Resources regarding youth suicide prevention.
- l. Emphasis on stigma reduction and the fact that early prevention and intervention can drastically reduce the risk of suicide.
- m. Emphasis that any student who is identified to be at risk of suicide is to be immediately referred (same day) for assessment while being constantly monitored by a staff member.

Employee Qualifications and Scope of Services

Employees of LALA must act only within the authorization and scope of their credential or license. While it is expected that school professionals are able to identify suicide risk factors and warning signs, and to prevent the immediate risk of a suicidal behavior, treatment of suicidal ideation is typically beyond the scope of services offered in the school setting. In addition, treatment of the mental health challenges often associated with suicidal thinking typically requires mental health resources beyond what schools are able to provide.

Parents, Guardians, and Caregivers Participation and Education

1. Parents/guardians/caregivers may be included in suicide prevention efforts. At a minimum, the Charter School shall share this Policy with parents/guardians/caregivers by notifying them where a complete copy of the policy is available.
2. This Suicide Prevention Policy shall be easily accessible and prominently displayed on the LALA Web page and included in the parent handbook.
3. Parents/guardians/caregivers should be invited to provide input on the development and implementation of this policy.
4. All parents/guardians/caregivers may have access to suicide prevention training that addresses the following:

- a. Suicide risk factors, warning signs, and protective factors.
- b. How to talk with a student about thoughts of suicide.
- c. How to respond appropriately to the student who has suicidal thoughts. Such responses shall include constant supervision of any student judged to be at risk for suicide and referral for an immediate suicide risk assessment.

Student Participation and Education

Messaging about suicide has an effect on suicidal thinking and behaviors. Consequently, LALA along with its partners has carefully reviewed and will continue to review all materials and resources used in awareness efforts to ensure they align with best practices for safe messaging about suicide. Suicide prevention strategies may include, but not be limited to, efforts to promote a positive school climate that enhances students' feelings of connectedness with LALA and is characterized by caring staff and harmonious interrelationships among students.

LALA's instructional and student support program shall promote the healthy mental, emotional, and social development of students including, but not limited to, the development of problem-solving skills, coping skills, and resilience. The instruction shall not use the stress model to explain suicide.

LALA's instructional curriculum may include information about suicide prevention, as appropriate or needed. If suicide prevention is included in the Charter School's instructional curriculum, it shall consider the grade level and age of the students and be delivered and discussed in a manner that is sensitive to the needs of young students. Under the supervision of an appropriately trained individual acting within the scope of her/his credential or license, students shall:

1. Receive developmentally appropriate, student-centered education about the warning signs of mental health challenges and emotional distress. The content of the education may include:
 - a. Coping strategies for dealing with stress and trauma.
 - b. How to recognize behaviors (warning signs) and life issues (risk factors) associated with suicide and mental health issues in oneself and others.
 - c. Help-seeking strategies for oneself and others, including how to engage school-based and community resources and refer peers for help.
 - d. Emphasis on reducing the stigma associated with mental illness and the fact that early prevention and intervention can drastically reduce the risk of suicide.
2. Receive developmentally appropriate guidance regarding LALA's suicide prevention, intervention, and referral procedures.

Student-focused suicide prevention education can be incorporated into classroom curricula (e.g., health classes, orientation classes, science, and physical education).

LALA will support the creation and implementation of programs and/or activities on campus that raise awareness about mental wellness and suicide prevention (e.g., Mental Health Awareness Week, Peer Counseling, Freshman Success, and National Alliance on Mental Illness on Campus High School Clubs).

Intervention and Emergency Procedures

LALA designates the following administrators to act as the primary and secondary suicide prevention liaisons:

1. School Psychologist
2. Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent

Whenever a staff member suspects or has knowledge of a student's suicidal intentions, they shall promptly notify the primary designated suicide prevention liaison. If this primary suicide prevention liaison is unavailable, the staff shall promptly notify the secondary suicide prevention liaison.

The suicide prevention liaison shall immediately notify the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee, who shall then notify the student's parent/guardian as soon as possible if appropriate and in the best interest of the student. Determination of notification to parents/guardians/caregivers should follow a formal initial assessment to ensure that the student is not endangered by parental notification.

The suicide prevention liaison shall also refer the student to mental health resources at LALA or in the community.

When a student is in imminent danger (has access to a gun, is on a rooftop, or in other unsafe conditions), a call shall be made to 911.

When a suicide attempt or threat is reported on campus or at a school-related activity, the suicide prevention liaison shall, at a minimum:

1. Ensure the student's physical safety by one or more of the following, as appropriate:
 - a. Securing immediate medical treatment if a suicide attempt has occurred.
 - b. Securing law enforcement and/or other emergency assistance if a suicidal act is being actively threatened.
 - c. Keeping the student under continuous adult supervision until the parent/guardian and/or appropriate support agent or agency can be contacted and has the opportunity to intervene.
 - d. Remaining calm, keeping in mind the student is overwhelmed, confused, and emotionally distressed.
 - e. Moving all other students out of the immediate area.
 - f. Not sending the student away or leaving him/her alone, even to go to the restroom.

- g. Providing comfort to the student, listening and allowing the student to talk and being comfortable with moments of silence.
 - h. Promising privacy and help, but not promising confidentiality.
- 2. Document the incident in writing as soon as feasible.
- 3. Follow up with the parent/guardian and student in a timely manner to provide referrals to appropriate services as needed and coordinate and consult with the county mental health plan if a referral is made for mental health or related services on behalf of a student who is a Medi-Cal beneficiary.
- 4. After a referral is made, LALA shall verify with the parent/guardian that the follow up treatment has been accessed. Parents/guardians will be required to provide documentation of care for the student. If parents/guardians refuse or neglect to access treatment for a student who has been identified to be at risk for suicide or in emotional distress, the suicide prevention liaisons shall meet with the parent to identify barriers to treatment (e.g., cultural stigma, financial issues) and work to rectify the situation and build understanding of care. If follow up care is still not provided, LALA may contact Child Protective Services.
- 5. Provide access to counselors or other appropriate personnel to listen to and support students and staff who are directly or indirectly involved with the incident at LALA.
- 6. Provide an opportunity for all who respond to the incident to debrief, evaluate the effectiveness of the strategies used, and make recommendations for future actions.

In the event a suicide occurs or is attempted on the LALA campus, the suicide prevention liaison shall follow the crisis intervention procedures contained in LALA's safety plan. After consultation with the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee and the student's parent/guardian about facts that may be divulged in accordance with the laws governing confidentiality of student record information, the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee may provide students, parents/guardians, and staff with information, counseling, and/or referrals to community agencies as needed. LALA staff may receive assistance from LALA counselors or other mental health professionals in determining how best to discuss the suicide or attempted suicide with students.

In the event a suicide occurs or is attempted off the LALA campus and unrelated to school activities, the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** or designee shall take the following steps to support the student:

- 1. Contact the parent/guardian and offer support to the family.
- 2. Discuss with the family how they would like LALA to respond to the attempt while minimizing widespread rumors among teachers, staff, and students.
- 3. Obtain permission from the parent/guardian to share information to ensure the facts regarding the crisis are correct.

4. The suicide prevention liaisons shall handle any media requests.
5. Provide care and determine appropriate support to affected students.
6. Offer to the student and parent/guardian steps for re-integration to school. Re-integration may include obtaining a written release from the parent/guardian to speak with any health care providers; conferring with the student and parent/guardian about any specific requests on how to handle the situation; informing the student's teachers about possible days of absences; allowing accommodations for make-up work (being understanding that missed assignments may add stress to the student); appropriate staff maintaining ongoing contact with the student to monitor the student's actions and mood; and working with the parent/guardian to involve the student in an aftercare plan.

Supporting Students during or after a Mental Health Crisis

Students shall be encouraged through the education program and in LALA activities to notify a teacher, the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent**, another LALA administrator, psychologist, LALA counselor, suicide prevention liaisons, or other adult when they are experiencing thoughts of suicide or when they suspect or have knowledge of another student's suicidal intentions. LALA staff should treat each report seriously, calmly, and with active listening and support. Staff should be non-judgmental to students and discuss with the student, and parent/guardian, about additional resources to support the student.

Responding After a Suicide Death (Postvention)

A death by suicide in the school community (whether by a student or staff member) can have devastating consequences on the school community, including students and staff. LALA shall follow the below action plan for responding to a suicide death, which incorporates both immediate and long-term steps and objectives:

The suicide prevention liaison shall:

1. Coordinate with the **Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent** to:
 - a. Confirm death and cause.
 - b. Identify a staff member to contact deceased's family (within 24 hours).
 - c. Enact the Suicide Postvention Response.
 - d. Notify all staff members (ideally in-person or via phone, not via e-mail or mass notification).
2. Coordinate an all-staff meeting, to include:
 - a. Notification (if not already conducted) to staff about suicide death.
 - b. Emotional support and resources available to staff.
 - c. Notification to students about suicide death and the availability of support services (if this is the protocol that is decided by administration).

- d. Share information that is relevant and that which you have permission to disclose.
3. Prepare staff to respond to needs of students regarding the following:
 - a. Review of protocols for referring students for support/assessment.
 - b. Talking points for staff to notify students.
 - c. Resources available to students (on and off campus).
 4. Identify students significantly affected by suicide death and other students at risk of imitative behavior.
 5. Identify students affected by suicide death but not at risk of imitative behavior.
 6. Communicate with the larger school community about the suicide death.
 7. Consider funeral arrangements for family and school community.
 8. Respond to memorial requests in respectful and non-harmful manner; responses should be handled in a thoughtful way and their impact on other students should be considered.
 9. Identify media spokesperson if needed.
 10. Include long-term suicide postvention responses:
 - a. Consider important dates (i.e., anniversary of death, deceased birthday, graduation, or other significant event) and how these will be addressed.
 - b. Support siblings, close friends, teachers, and/or students of deceased.
 - c. Consider long-term memorials and how they may impact students who are emotionally vulnerable and at risk of suicide.

Student Identification Cards

Charter School will include the telephone number for the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (1-800-273-8255) and the National Domestic Violence Hotline (1-800-799-7233) on all student identification cards. LALA will also include the number for the Crisis Text Line, which can be accessed by texting HOME to 741741 and a local suicide prevention hotline on all student identification cards.



Suspension and Expulsion Policy

Board Policy
Revision Date: 6/26/2020

This Pupil Suspension and Expulsion Policy has been established in order to promote learning and protect the safety and well-being of all students at the Charter School. In creating this policy, the Charter School has reviewed Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.*, which describes

the non-charter schools' list offenses and procedures, to establish its list of offenses and procedures for suspensions and expulsions. The language that follows closely mirrors the language of Education Code Section 48900 *et seq.* The Charter School is committed to annual review of policies and procedures surrounding suspensions and expulsions and, as necessary, modification of the lists of offenses for which students are subject to suspension or expulsion.

When the Policy is violated, it may be necessary to suspend or expel a student from regular classroom instruction. This policy shall serve as the Charter School's policy and procedures for student suspension and expulsion and it may be amended from time to time without the need to amend the charter so long as the amendments comport with legal requirements. Charter School staff shall enforce disciplinary rules and procedures fairly and consistently among all students. This Policy and its Procedures will be printed and distributed as part of the Student Handbook and will clearly describe discipline expectations. Corporal punishment shall not be used as a disciplinary measure against any student. Corporal punishment includes the willful infliction of or willfully causing the infliction of physical pain on a student. For purposes of the Policy, corporal punishment does not include an employee's use of force that is reasonable and necessary to protect the employee, students, staff or other persons or to prevent damage to school property.

The Charter School Principal shall ensure that students and their parents/guardians are notified in writing upon enrollment of all discipline and involuntary removal policies and procedures. The notice shall state that this Policy and Procedures are available on request at the main office.

Suspended or expelled students shall be excluded from all school and school-related activities unless otherwise agreed during the period of suspension or expulsion.

A student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge of a suspected disability pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 ("IDEA") or who is qualified for services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") is subject to the same grounds for suspension and expulsion and is accorded the same due process procedures applicable to general education students except when federal and state law mandates additional or different procedures. The Charter School will follow all applicable federal and state laws including but not limited to the California Education Code, when imposing any form of discipline on a student identified as an individual with disabilities or for whom the Charter School has a basis of knowledge

of a suspected disability or who is otherwise qualified for such services or protections in according due process to such students.

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent or guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five schooldays before the effective date of the action. The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student's parent or guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student's educational rights holder, and shall inform him or her of the basis for which the pupil is being involuntarily removed and their right to request a hearing to challenge the involuntary removal. If a parent/guardian/educational rights holder requests a hearing, the Charter School shall utilize the same hearing procedures specified below for expulsions, before the effective date of the action to involuntarily remove the student. If the student's parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, "involuntarily removed" includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include removals for misconduct which may be grounds for suspension or expulsion as enumerated below.

Procedures

A. Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion of Students

A student may be suspended or expelled for prohibited misconduct if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring at any time including but not limited to: a) while on school grounds; b) while going to or coming from school; c) during the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus; d) during, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity.

B. Enumerated Offenses

1. Discretionary Suspension Offenses. Students may be suspended for any of the following acts when it is determined the pupil:
 - a. Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
 - b. Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
 - c. Unlawfully possessed, used, or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
 - d. Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
 - e. Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.

- f. Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- g. Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h. Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of his or her own prescription products by a pupil.
- i. Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j. Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k. Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, other school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties.
- l. Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- m. Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- n. Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- o. Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- p. Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this subdivision, “hazing” means a method of initiation or pre-initiation into a pupil organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective pupil. For purposes of this section, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- q. Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this section, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime

which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for his or her own safety or for his or her immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. or the personal property of the person threatened or his or her immediate family.

- r. Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this section, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s. Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t. Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u. Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.

- iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
 - iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
- 2) “Electronic Act” means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, image, or video
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Website including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A “burn page” means an Internet Website created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual pupil for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. “Credible impersonation” means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a pupil for the purpose of bullying the pupil and such that another pupil would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the pupil was or is the pupil who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. “False profile” means a profile of a fictitious pupil or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual pupil other than the pupil who created the false profile.
 - iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this clause, “cyber sexual bullying” means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a pupil to another pupil or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this clause, “cyber sexual bullying” does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.

- v. A pupil who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, except that a pupil who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1)(a)-(b).
 - w. Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the pupil unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee's concurrence.
2. Non-Discretionary Suspension Offenses: Students must be suspended and recommended for expulsion for any of the following acts when it is determined the pupil:
- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
 - b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
 - c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code.
 - d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in subdivision (n) of Section 48900 or committing a sexual battery as defined in subdivision (n) of Section 48900.
3. Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students may be recommended for expulsion for any of the following acts when it is determined the pupil:
- a) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person.
 - b) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except self-defense.
 - c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold or otherwise furnished, or was under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant of any kind.
 - d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any controlled substance as defined in Health and Safety Code Sections 11053-11058, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, and then sold, delivered or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance or material and represented same as controlled substance, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant.
 - e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
 - f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.

- g) Stole or attempted to steal school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- h) Possessed or used tobacco or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including but not limited to cigars, cigarettes, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets and betel. This section does not prohibit the use of his or her own prescription products by a pupil.
- i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Health and Safety Code Section 11014.5.
- k) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- l) Possessed an imitation firearm, i.e.: a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- m) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of preventing that student from being a witness and/or retaliating against that student for being a witness.
- n) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- o) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing. For the purposes of this subdivision, “hazing” means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a pupil organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective pupil. For purposes of this section, “hazing” does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- p) Made terroristic threats against school officials and/or school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases. For purposes of this section, “terroristic threat” shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face

and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for his or her own safety or for his or her immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school property, which includes but is not limited to, electronic files and databases or the personal property of the person threatened or his or her immediate family.

- r) Committed sexual harassment, as defined in Education Code Section 212.5. For the purposes of this section, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- s) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233 of the Education Code. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- t) Intentionally harassed, threatened or intimidated school personnel or volunteers and/or a student or group of students to the extent of having the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder and invading the rights of either school personnel or volunteers and/or student(s) by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This section shall apply to pupils in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.
- u) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act.
 - 1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students which would be deemed hate violence or harassment, threats, or intimidation, which are directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
 - i. Placing a reasonable student (defined as a student, including, but is not limited to, a student with exceptional needs, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with exceptional needs) or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.
 - ii. Causing a reasonable student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
 - iii. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with his or her academic performance.

- iv. Causing a reasonable student to experience substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the Charter School.
- 2) “Electronic Act” means the creation or transmission originated on or off the schoolsite, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- i. A message, text, sound, video, or image.
 - ii. A post on a social network Internet Website including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Posting to or creating a burn page. A “burn page” means an Internet Website created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects as listed in subparagraph (1) above.
 - (b) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual pupil for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. “Credible impersonation” means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a pupil for the purpose of bullying the pupil and such that another pupil would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the pupil was or is the pupil who was impersonated.
 - (c) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in subparagraph (1) above. “False profile” means a profile of a fictitious pupil or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual pupil other than the pupil who created the false profile.
 - iii. An act of cyber sexual bullying.
 - (a) For purposes of this clause, “cyber sexual bullying” means the dissemination of, or the solicitation or incitement to disseminate, a photograph or other visual recording by a pupil to another pupil or to school personnel by means of an electronic act that has or can be reasonably predicted to have one or more of the effects described in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), inclusive, of paragraph (1). A photograph or other visual recording, as described above, shall include the depiction of a nude, semi-nude, or sexually explicit photograph or other visual recording of a minor where the minor is identifiable from the photograph, visual recording, or other electronic act.
 - (b) For purposes of this clause, “cyber sexual bullying” does not include a depiction, portrayal, or image that has any serious literary, artistic, educational, political, or scientific value or that involves athletic events or school-sanctioned activities.
- 3) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (1) and (2) above, an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- v) A pupil who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not

expulsion, except that a pupil who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (1).

- w) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the pupil unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Director or designee's concurrence.

4. Non-Discretionary Expellable Offenses: Students must be recommended for expulsion for any of the following acts when it is determined pursuant to the procedures below that the pupil:

- a) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, explosive, or other destructive device unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the students had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the Principal or designee's concurrence.
- b) Brandishing a knife at another person.
- c) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code.
- d) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in subdivision (n) of Section 48900 or committing a sexual battery as defined in subdivision (n) of Section 48900.

If it is determined by an Administrative Panel and/ or the Board of Directors that a student has brought a fire arm or destructive device, as defined in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, on to campus or to have possessed a firearm or dangerous device on campus, the student shall be expelled for one year, pursuant to the Federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994. In such instances, the pupil shall be provided due process rights of notice and a hearing as required in this policy.

The term "knife" means any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing, a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing, a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches, a folding knife with a blade that locks into place, or a razor with an unguarded blade.

The term "firearm" means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm.

The term "destructive device" means (A) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including but not limited to: (i) bomb, (ii) grenade, (iii) rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, (iv) missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce, (v) mine, or (vi) device similar to any of the devices described in the preceding clauses.

C. Suspension Procedure (for in-school and out-of-school suspensions)

Suspensions shall be initiated according to the following procedures:

- 1. Conference

Suspension shall be preceded, if possible, by a conference conducted by the Principal or the designee¹ with the student and his or her parent and, whenever practical, the teacher, supervisor or Charter School employee who referred the student to the Principal or designee.

The conference may be omitted if the Principal or designee determines that an emergency situation exists. An “emergency situation” involves a clear and present danger to the lives, safety or health of students or Charter School personnel. If a student is suspended without this conference, both the parent/guardian and student shall be notified of the student’s right to return to school for the purpose of a conference.

At the conference, the pupil shall be informed of the reason for the disciplinary action and the evidence against him or her and shall be given the opportunity to present his or her version and evidence in his or her defense, in accordance with Education Code Section 47605(b)(5)(J)(i). This conference shall be held within two school days of when the student was suspended, unless the pupil waives this right or is physically unable to attend for any reason including, but not limited to, incarceration or hospitalization. No penalties may be imposed on a pupil for failure of the pupil’s parent or guardian to attend a conference with Charter School officials. Reinstatement of the suspended pupil shall not be contingent upon attendance by the pupil’s parent or guardian at the conference.

2. Notice to Parents/Guardians

At the time of the suspension, an administrator or designee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the parent/guardian by telephone or in person. Whenever a student is suspended, the parent/guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension and the date of suspension and date of return following suspension. This notice shall also state the specific offense(s) committed by the student. In addition, the notice may also state the time when the student may return to school. If Charter School officials wish to ask the parent/guardian to confer regarding matters pertinent to the suspension, the notice may request that the parent/guardian respond to such requests without delay.

3. Suspension Time Limits/Recommendation for Expulsion

Suspensions, when not including a recommendation for expulsion, shall not exceed five (5) consecutive school days per suspension. Upon a recommendation of expulsion by the Principal or Principal’s designee, the pupil and the pupil’s parent/guardian or representative will be invited to a conference to determine if the suspension for the pupil should be extended pending an expulsion hearing. In such instances when the Charter School has determined a suspension period shall be extended, such extension shall be made only after a conference is held with the pupil or the pupil’s parents, unless the pupil and the pupil’s parents fail to attend the conference.

This determination will be made by the Principal or designee upon either of the following: 1) the pupil’s presence will be disruptive to the education process; or 2) the pupil poses a threat or danger to others.

Upon either determination, the pupil’s suspension will be extended pending the results of an expulsion

¹ “Designee,” as used in this suspension/expulsion policy includes the Assistant Principal.

4. Homework Assignments During Suspension

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5, upon the request of a parent, a legal guardian or other person holding the right to make education decisions for the pupil, or the affected pupil, a teacher shall provide to a pupil in any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, who has been suspended from school for two (2) or more schooldays, the homework that the pupil would otherwise have been assigned.

In accordance with Education Code Section 48913.5(b), if a homework assignment that is requested pursuant to Section 48913.5(a) and turned into the teacher by the pupil either upon the pupil's return to school from suspension or within the timeframe originally prescribed by the teacher, whichever is later, is not graded before the end of the academic term, that assignment shall not be included in the calculation of the pupil's overall grade in the class.

D. Authority to Expel

As required by Education Code Section 47605(b)(5)(J)(ii), students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing adjudicated by a neutral officer to determine whether the student should be expelled. The procedures herein provide for such a hearing and the notice of said hearing, as required by law.

A student may be expelled either by the neutral and impartial Charter School Board of Directors following a hearing before it, or by the Charter School Board of Directors upon the recommendation of a neutral and impartial Administrative Panel, to be assigned by the Board of Directors as needed. The Administrative Panel shall consist of at least three members who are certificated and neither a teacher of the pupil or a Board member of the Charter School's governing board. Each entity shall be presided over by a designated neutral hearing chairperson. The Administrative Panel may recommend expulsion of any student found to have committed an expellable offense, and Charter School's Board will make the final determination.

E. Expulsion Procedures

Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. Students recommended for expulsion are entitled to a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. The interim placement for students who are suspended pending expulsion hearing and expulsion appeal hearing will be in accordance with the Alternative Educational Placement MOU with the District. Unless postponed for good cause, the hearing shall be held within thirty (30) school days after the Principal or designee determines that the student has committed an expellable offense and recommends the students for expulsion.

In the event an Administrative Panel hears the case, it will make a recommendation to the Board for a final decision whether to expel. The hearing shall be held in closed session (complying with all pupil confidentiality rules under FERPA) unless the student makes a written request for a public hearing in open session no later than three (3) days prior to the date of the scheduled hearing.

Written notice of the hearing shall be forwarded by the Principal or designee to the student and the student's parent/guardian at least ten (10) calendar days before the date of the hearing. Upon mailing the notice, it shall be deemed served upon the pupil. The notice shall include:

1. The date and place of the expulsion hearing;

2. A statement of the specific facts, charge(s) and offense(s) upon which the proposed expulsion is based;
3. A copy of the Charter School's disciplinary rules which relate to the alleged violation;
4. Notification of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to provide information about the student's status at the Charter School to any other school district or school to which the student seeks enrollment;
5. The opportunity for the student and/or the student's parent/guardian to appear in person or to employ and be represented by counsel or a non-attorney advisor;
6. The right to inspect and obtain copies of all documents to be used at the hearing;

The opportunity to confront and question all witnesses who testify at the hearing;

7. The opportunity to question all evidence presented and to present oral and documentary evidence on the student's behalf including witnesses;
8. A statement that the pupil's parent/guardian may request a postponement of the hearing for good cause;
9. A statement that the parent/guardian can request reasonable accommodations or language support if needed during the hearing.

F. Special Procedures for Expulsion Hearings Involving Sexual Assault or Battery Offenses

The Charter School may, upon a finding of good cause, determine that the disclosure of either the identity of the witness or the testimony of that witness at the hearing, or both, would subject the witness to an unreasonable risk of psychological or physical harm. Upon this determination, the testimony of the witness may be presented at the hearing in the form of sworn declarations that shall be examined only by the Charter School or the hearing officer.. Copies of these sworn declarations, edited to delete the name and identity of the witness, shall be made available to the pupil.

1. The complaining witness in any sexual assault or battery case must be provided with a copy of the applicable disciplinary rules and advised of his/her right to (a) receive five-day notice of his/her scheduled testimony, (b) have up to two (2) adult support persons of his/her choosing present in the hearing at the time he/she testifies, which may include a parent, guardian, or legal counsel, and (c) elect to have the hearing closed while testifying.
2. The Charter School must also provide the victim a room separate from the hearing room for the complaining witness' use prior to and during breaks in testimony.
3. At the discretion of the entity conducting the expulsion hearing, the complaining witness shall be allowed periods of relief from examination and cross-examination during which he or she may leave the hearing room.
4. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also arrange the seating within the hearing room to facilitate a less intimidating environment for the complaining witness.
5. The entity conducting the expulsion hearing may also limit time for taking the testimony of the complaining witness to the hours he/she is normally in school, if there is no good cause to take the testimony during other hours.
6. Prior to a complaining witness testifying, the support persons must be admonished that the hearing is confidential. Nothing in the law precludes the entity presiding over the hearing from removing a support person whom the presiding person finds is disrupting the hearing. The Administrative Panel may permit any one of the support persons for the complaining witness to accompany him or her to the witness stand/area where the witness will be seated during the hearing.
7. If one or both of the support persons is also a witness, the Charter School must present evidence that the witness' presence is both desired by the witness and will be helpful to the Charter School. The

entity member presiding over the hearing shall permit the witness to stay unless it is established that there is a substantial risk that the testimony of the complaining witness would be influenced by the support person, in which case the presiding official shall admonish the support person or persons not to prompt, sway, or influence the witness in any way. Nothing shall preclude the presiding officer from exercising his or her discretion to remove a person from the hearing whom he or she believes is prompting, swaying, or influencing the witness.

8. The testimony of the support person shall be presented before the testimony of the complaining witness and the complaining witness shall be excluded from the hearing during that testimony.
9. Especially for charges involving sexual assault or battery, if the hearing is to be conducted in public at the request of the pupil being expelled, the complaining witness shall have the right to have his/her testimony heard in a closed session when testifying at a public meeting would threaten serious psychological harm to the complaining witness and there are no alternative procedures to avoid the threatened harm. The alternative procedures may include videotaped depositions or contemporaneous examination in another place communicated to the hearing room by means of closed-circuit television.
10. Evidence of specific instances of a complaining witness' prior sexual conduct is presumed inadmissible and shall not be heard absent a determination by the entity conducting the hearing that extraordinary circumstances exist requiring the evidence be heard. Before such a determination regarding extraordinary circumstance can be made, the witness shall be provided notice and an opportunity to present opposition to the introduction of the evidence. In the hearing on the admissibility of the evidence, the complaining witness shall be entitled to be represented by a parent, legal counsel, or other support person. Reputation or opinion evidence regarding the sexual behavior of the complaining witness is not admissible for any purpose.

G. Record of Hearing

A record of the hearing shall be made and may be maintained by any means, including electronic recording, as long as a reasonably accurate and complete written transcription of the proceedings can be made.

H. Presentation of Evidence

While technical rules of evidence do not apply to expulsion hearings, evidence may be admitted and used as proof only if it is the kind of evidence on which reasonable persons can rely in the conduct of serious affairs. A recommendation by the Administrative Panel to expel must be supported by substantial evidence that the student committed an expellable offense. Findings of fact shall be based solely on the evidence at the hearing. While hearsay evidence is admissible, no decision to expel shall be based solely on hearsay. Sworn declarations may be admitted as testimony from witnesses of whom the Board or Administrative Panel determines that disclosure of their identity or testimony at the hearing may subject them to an unreasonable risk of physical or psychological harm.

If, due to a written request by the expelled pupil, the hearing is held at a public meeting, and the charge is committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery as defined in Education Code Section 48900, a complaining witness shall have the right to have his or her testimony heard in a session closed to the public.

I. Expulsion Decision

The decision of the Administrative Panel shall be in the form of written findings of fact and a written recommendation to the Board of Directors, which will make a final determination regarding the expulsion. The final decision by the Board of Directors shall be made within ten (10) school days following the conclusion of the hearing. The decision of the Board of Directors is final.

If the Administrative Panel decides not to recommend expulsion, the pupil shall immediately be returned to his/her educational program.

The Board of Directors may also determine to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year from the date of the expulsion hearing and return the pupil to the pupil's previous educational program under a probationary status and rehabilitation plan to be determined by the Board. During the period of the suspension of the expulsion order, the pupil is deemed to be on probationary status. The Board of Directors may revoke the suspension of an expulsion order under this section if the pupil commits any of the enumerated offenses listed above or violates any of the Charter School's rules and regulations governing pupil conduct. If the Board revokes the suspension of an expulsion order, the pupil may be expelled under the terms of the original expulsion order. The Board of Directors shall apply the criteria for suspending the enforcement of the expulsion order equally to all pupils, including individuals with exceptional needs as defined in Education Code Section 56026. The Board of Directors shall further comply with the provisions set forth under Education Code Section 48917, except as otherwise expressly set forth herein.

J. Written Notice to Expel

The Director or designee, following a decision of the Board to expel, shall, send written notice of the decision to expel, including the Board's adopted findings of fact, to the student or parent/guardian. This notice shall also include the following: (a) Notice of the specific offense(s) committed by the student; and (b) Notice of the student's or parent/guardian's obligation to inform any new district in which the student seeks to enroll of the student's status with the Charter School.

The Principal or designee shall send a copy of the written notice of the decision to expel to the authorizer. This notice shall include the following: (a) The student's name; and (b) The specific expellable offense committed by the student.

K. Disciplinary Records

The Charter School shall maintain records of all student suspensions and expulsions at the Charter School. Such records shall be made available to the authorizer upon request.

L. Right to Appeal

The pupil shall have no right of appeal from expulsion from the Charter School as the Charter School Board of Directors' decision to expel shall be final.

M. Expelled Pupils/Alternative Education

Parents/guardians of pupils who are expelled shall be responsible for seeking alternative education programs including, but not limited to, programs within the County or their school district of residence. The Charter School shall work cooperatively with parents/guardians as requested by parents/guardians or by the school district of residence to assist with locating alternative placements during expulsion. Within 5 school days of the expulsion, the Charter School shall have a voluntary post-expulsion meeting with parents/guardians in the manner requested to assist with locating alternative placements during expulsion, including in the County or school district of residence.

M. Rehabilitation Plans

Students who are expelled from the Charter School shall be given a rehabilitation plan upon expulsion as developed by the Board of Directors at the time of the expulsion order, which may include, but is not limited to, periodic review as well as assessment at the time of review for readmission. The rehabilitation plan should include a date not later than one year from the date of expulsion when the pupil may reapply to the Charter School for readmission.

N. Readmission

The decision to readmit a pupil after the end of the pupil's expulsion term or to admit a previously expelled pupil from another school district or charter school and who has not been readmitted/admitted to another school or school district after the end of the pupil's expulsion term, shall be in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors following a meeting with the Principal or designee and the pupil and parent/guardian or representative to determine whether the pupil has successfully completed the rehabilitation plan and to determine whether the pupil poses a threat to others or will be disruptive to the school environment. The Principal or designee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors following the meeting regarding his or her determination. The Board shall then make a final decision regarding readmission or admission of the pupil during the closed session of a public meeting, reporting out any action taken during closed session consistent with the requirements of the Brown Act. The pupil's readmission or admission is also contingent upon the Charter School's capacity at the time the student seeks readmission or admission to the Charter School.

O. Notice to Teachers

The Charter School shall notify teachers of each pupil who has engaged in or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in any of the acts listed in Education Code section 49079 and the corresponding enumerated offenses set forth above.

P. Involuntary Removal for Truancy

As charter schools are schools of choice and as a charter school pupil who fails to attend school is potentially depriving another student of their opportunity to enroll, a student may be involuntarily removed as described within the Charter School's board adopted Attendance Policy for truancy and only after the Charter School follows the requirements of the Attendance Policy and only in accordance

with the policy described above which requires notice and an opportunity for a Parent/Guardian/Educational Rights Holder to request a hearing prior to any involuntary removal.

O. Special Procedures for the Consideration of Suspension and Expulsion or Involuntary Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. Notification of SELPA

The Charter School shall immediately notify the SELPA and coordinate the procedures in this policy with the SELPA of the discipline of any student with a disability or student who the Charter School or SELPA would be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability.

2. Services During Suspension

Students suspended for more than ten (10) school days in a school year shall continue to receive services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting (which could constitute a change of placement and the student's IEP would reflect this change), and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the child's IEP/504 Plan; and receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur. These services may be provided in an interim alternative educational setting.

3. Procedural Safeguards/Manifestation Determination

Within ten (10) school days of a recommendation for expulsion or any decision to change the placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the child's IEP/504 Plan, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine:

- a. If the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- b. If the conduct in question was the direct result of the local educational agency's failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that either of the above is applicable for the child, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the child's disability.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team make the determination that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the IEP/504 Team shall:

- a. Conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child, provided that the Charter School had not conducted such assessment prior to such determination before the behavior that resulted in a change in placement;

- b. If a behavioral intervention plan has been developed, review the behavioral intervention plan if the child already has such a behavioral intervention plan, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior; and
- c. Return the child to the placement from which the child was removed, unless the parent and the Charter School agree to a change of placement as part of the modification of the behavioral intervention plan.

If the Charter School, the parent, and relevant members of the IEP/504 Team determine that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability and that the conduct in question was not a direct result of the failure to implement the IEP/504 Plan, then the Charter School may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to children with disabilities in the same manner and for the same duration as the procedures would be applied to students without disabilities.

4. Due Process Appeals

The parent of a child with a disability who disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, may request an expedited administrative hearing through the Special Education Unit of the Office of Administrative Hearings or by utilizing the dispute provisions of the 504 Policy and Procedures.

When an appeal relating to the placement of the student or the manifestation determination has been requested by either the parent or the Charter School, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer in accordance with state and federal law, including 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k), or until the expiration of the forty-five (45) day time period provided for in an interim alternative educational setting, unless the parent and the Charter School agree otherwise.

In accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(k)(3), if a parent/guardian disagrees with any decision regarding placement, or the manifestation determination, or if the Charter School believes that maintaining the current placement of the child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, the parent/guardian or Charter School may request a hearing.

In such an appeal, a hearing officer may: (1) return a child with a disability to the placement from which the child was removed; or (2) order a change in placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others.

5. Special Circumstances

Charter School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether to order a change in placement for a child with a disability who violates a code of student conduct.

The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent or designee may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability in cases where a student:

- a. Carries or possesses a weapon, as defined in 18 USC 930, to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function;
 - b. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function; or
 - c. Has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined by 20 USC 1415(k)(7)(D), upon a person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function.
6. Interim Alternative Educational Setting

The student's interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the student's IEP/504 Team.

7. Procedures for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education Services

A student who has not been identified as an individual with disabilities pursuant to IDEA and who has violated the Charter School's disciplinary procedures may assert the procedural safeguards granted under this administrative regulation only if the Charter School had knowledge that the student was disabled before the behavior occurred.

The Charter School shall be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The parent/guardian has expressed concern in writing, or orally if the parent/guardian does not know how to write or has a disability that prevents a written statement, to Charter School supervisory or administrative personnel, or to one of the child's teachers, that the student is in need of special education or related services.
- b. The parent has requested an evaluation of the child.
- c. The child's teacher, or other Charter School personnel, has expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the child, directly to the director of special education or to other Charter School supervisory personnel.

If the Charter School knew or should have known the student had a disability under any of the three (3) circumstances described above, the student may assert any of the protections available to IDEA-eligible children with disabilities, including the right to stay-put.

If the Charter School had no basis for knowledge of the student's disability, it shall proceed with the proposed discipline. The Charter School shall conduct an expedited evaluation if requested by the parents; however the student shall remain in the education placement determined by the Charter School pending the results of the evaluation.

The Charter School shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if the parent has not allowed an evaluation, refused services, or if the student has been evaluated and determined to not be eligible.

A copy of the Suspension and Expulsion Policy is available in the main office and on the school website.

Gun-Free Schools Act

Charter School shall comply with the federal Gun-Free Schools Act.

A copy of the Suspension and Expulsion Policy is available in the main office and on the school website.

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Attendance Policy

Board Policy

Revision Date: 6/22/20

It is the intent of the Governing Board (“Board”) of Los Angeles Leadership Academy (“LALA” or the “Charter School”) to ensure that students attend school every day on time. Consistent school attendance is critical to school success. Being present for classroom instructional time is essential for students to reach their goals and achieve their dreams. Chronic absenteeism has been linked to an increased likelihood of poor academic performance, disengagement from school and behavior problems.

Definitions

- “*Tardy*”:
 - Los Angeles Leadership Academy Middle School starts at 8:00 AM.
 - Los Angeles Leadership Academy High School starts at 8:00 AM.

A Student shall be classified as tardy if the student arrives after the above-noted time.

- “*Unexcused Absence*”: A student shall have an unexcused absence if the student is absent or is tardy for more than thirty (30) minutes without a valid excuse.
- “*Truant*”: A student shall be classified as a truant if the student is absent from school without a valid excuse three (3) full days in one school year, or if the student is tardy or absent for more than any 30-minute period during the school day without a valid excuse on three (3) occasions in one school year, or any combination thereof. Any student who has once been reported as a truant and who is again absent from school without valid excuse one or more days, or tardy on one or more days, shall again be deemed a truant. Such students shall be reported to the **Principal** or designee.
- “*Habitual Truant*”: A student shall be classified as a habitual truant if the student is reported for truancy three (3) or more times within the same school year. This generally occurs when the student is absent from school without a valid excuse for five (5) full days in one school year or if the student is tardy or absent for more than any 30-minute period during the school day without a valid excuse on five (5) occasions in one school year, or any combination thereof.

- “*Chronic Truant*”: A student shall be classified as a chronic truant if the student is absent from school without a valid excuse for ten (10) percent or more of the school days in one school year, from the date of enrollment to the current date.
- “*Student Attendance Review Team (SART)*”: The SART is a school-based team developed to ensure students come to school every day and on-time. It is LALA’s hope that by working together, we can ensure students attend school regularly. The SART Team meets with the parents/guardians to discuss excessive absences and sign a contract that is revisited periodically. The SART panel will be composed of **the site Principal, Teachers and Staff Members**. The SART panel will discuss the absence problem with the Parent/Guardian to work on solutions, develop strategies, discuss appropriate support services for the student and student’s family, and establish a plan to resolve the attendance issue.

The SART panel shall direct the parent/guardian that no further unexcused absences or tardies can be tolerated.

The parent shall be required to sign a contract formalizing the agreement by the parents to improve the child’s attendance or face additional administrative action. The contract will identify the corrective actions required in the future, and indicate that the SART panel shall have the authority to order one or more of the following consequences for non-compliance with the terms of the contract:

- a. Parent/guardian to attend school with the child for one day
- b. Student retention
- c. After school detention program
- d. Required school counseling
- e. Loss of field trip privileges
- f. Loss of school store privileges
- g. Loss of school event privileges
- h. Mandatory Saturday school
- i. Required remediation plan as set by the SART
- j. Notification to the District Attorney

The SART panel may discuss other school placement options. Notice of action recommended by the SART will be provided in writing to the parent/guardian.

Incentives for Good Attendance

1. Middle School

-Options:

- Celebrations (may include incentives)
- Free dress day
- Extended Recess or Lunch

- Once a month Lion Pride School Wide Assembly Perfect Attendance will be recognized along with citizenship, CAASPP achievement, etc.
- Once a semester there will be a Celebration of Excellence to recognize students who have earned perfect attendance and other recognitions.

3. High School-

-Options:

- Attendance Breakfast
- Free dress day
- Extended Recess or Lunch
- Green vs Gold Pep Rally (once a quarter) awards given for perfect attendance, CAASPP achievement, citizenship, etc.

We believe that student success is directly related to consistent and punctual attendance in class and school related events. Students with good attendance records generally achieve higher grades, enjoy school more, are more successful in their pursuit of higher education, and are more employable after leaving school. California law states that every student shall attend school punctually and regularly and conform to the regulations of the school. Students must attend class regularly. We believe that work missed or truancy must be promptly made-up, that truancy is unacceptable, and that absences be minimized or avoided whenever possible.

Please call the main office if your child will not be attending on a given day. ALL absences must be verified with a parent or doctor's note. Written notes used for verification of a tardy or absence must include the student's full name, room number (if applicable), and grade, as well as a contact phone number and reason for absence or tardy. To be successful, students need to attend school regularly. Parents can encourage proper attendance by ensuring that their child: gets enough rest, eats a healthy breakfast, and has adequate time to get to school.

Compulsory Education

Each person between the ages of 6 and 18 years is subject to compulsory full time education. Students who attend school regularly derive the most benefit from the instructional program. Students with good attendance records achieve higher grades, enjoy school more, are more successful in their pursuit of higher education, and are more employable after leaving school. Los Angeles City and Los Angeles County have loitering ordinances. These ordinances prohibit any person under the age of eighteen and subject to compulsory school attendance from loitering in or upon the public streets, highways, roads, alleys, parks, playgrounds, or other public grounds during school hours on days when school is in session. Students who violate these ordinances may receive a citation, have to appear in court with their parent/guardian, have a fine imposed by the court, and risk having the issuance of their driver's license delayed.

Parents Influence Attendance

We encourage parents to plan family vacations for non-school days and schedule non-emergency medical and dental appointments after school hours whenever possible. Make sure your child's school has your accurate daytime contact information, including cell phone number and/or email address. Communicate often with your child's teachers. Make your school aware of any problems that may be causing your child to miss school. These reasons will be considered unexcused absences:

- Personal Business
- Car problems
- Rain
- Walk outs/demonstrations
- No clean clothes
- Sibling is ill

Definitions of Attendance Terms

Absences – Excused

A pupil shall be excused from school when the absence is due to:

Personal illness.

1. Quarantine under the direction of a county or city health officer.
2. Medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic appointments:
 - a. Students in grades 7-12, inclusive, may be excused from school for the purpose of obtaining confidential medical services without the consent of the student's parent or guardian.
3. Attendance at funeral services for a member of the immediate family.
 - a. Excused absence in this instance shall be limited to one day if the service is conducted in California or three days if the service is conducted out of state.
 - b. "Immediate family" shall be defined as mother, father, grandmother, grandfather, spouse, son/son-in-law, daughter/daughter-in-law, brother, sister or any relative living in the student's household.
4. Participation in religious instruction or exercises as follows:
 - a. The student shall be excused for this purpose on no more than four school days per month.
5. For the purposes of jury duty in the manner provided for by law.

6. Due to the illness or medical appointment during school hours of a child of whom the pupil is the custodial parent, including absences to care for a sick child. (The school does not require a note from the doctor for this excusal.)
7. To permit the pupil to spend time with an immediate family who is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined in Education Code Section 49701, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or has immediately returned from, deployment to a combat zone or combat support position. Absences granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be granted for a period of time to be determined at the discretion of the Charter School.
8. For purpose of serving as a member of a precinct board for an election pursuant to Election Code Section 12302.
9. Attendance at the pupil's naturalization ceremony to become a United States citizen.
10. Authorized parental leave for a pregnant or parenting pupil for up to eight (8) weeks, which may be extended if deemed medically necessary by the student's physician.
11. Authorized at the discretion of the **Principal** or designee, based on the facts of the pupil's circumstances, are deemed to constitute a valid excuse. A pupil who holds a work permit to work for a period of not more than five consecutive days in the entertainment or allied industries shall be excused from school during the period that the pupil is working in the entertainment or allied industry for a maximum of up to five absences per school year subject to the requirements of Education Code Section 48225.5.
12. In order to participate with a not-for-profit performing arts organization in a performance for a public-school pupil audience for a maximum of up to five days per school year provided the pupil's parent or guardian provides a written note to the school authorities explaining the reason for the pupil's absence.
13. For the following justifiable personal reasons for a maximum of five (5) school days per school year, upon advance written request by the student's parent or guardian and approval by the **Principal** or designee pursuant to uniform standards:
 - a. Appearance in court.
 - b. Attendance at a funeral.
 - c. Observation of a holiday or ceremony of the student's religion.
 - d. Attendance at religious retreats for no more than four hours during a semester.
 - e. Attendance at an employment conference
 - f. Attendance at an educational conference on the legislative or judicial process offered by a nonprofit organization.

A student who is absent due to an excused absence will be allowed to complete all assignments and tests missed during the excused absence that can be reasonably provided and will receive full credit upon satisfactory completion within a reasonable period of time. The teacher of the class

from which a student is absent shall determine which tests and assignments are reasonably equivalent to, but not necessarily identical to, the tests and assignments that the student missed during the excused absence.

Absences – Unexcused

Any absence for reasons other than those listed as EXCUSED ABSENCES are deemed unexcused. Upon the third unexcused absence or tardy for more than any 30 minute period from school in any school year, the student may be classified as a truant. Such students will be reported to the Principal or designee. This could be grounds for referral to the Student Attendance Review Team (“SART”) and/or the City or District Attorney’s Office for possible prosecution in accordance with this Policy. Any student who has once been reported as a truant and who is again absent from school without valid excuse one or more days, or tardy on one or more days, shall again be deemed a truant. Such students shall be reported to the **Principal or designee**.

Tardies

A tardy occurs when the student is not in their assigned seat when the class begins. If a child arrives late to school, he/she must stop by the office for a pass to class. A student who is tardy or absent for more than any 30-minute period during the school-day without a valid excuse on three occasions in one school year, is considered truant. Such students will be reported to the Principal or designee and may be reported to the SART.

Early Sign-Out Procedure

Students will be allowed to leave school only with a parent or legal guardian, or with another person designated in advance in Emergency Contact list by a parent or legal guardian. Any person picking up a student early must sign a log and show identification in the main office. A child will not be released to those not identified on the emergency list. Early pick-ups from school that are more than 30 minutes before the end of the school day without a valid excuse will also be considered an unexcused absence.

Verifying Absences

When a student is absent from school for any reason, the parent or guardian must notify the school office in one of the following ways:

- 1) A phone call to the main office the day of the absence by the parent or guardian is acceptable. The main office employee taking the phone call shall subsequently record the following:
 - a. Name of student;
 - b. Name of parent/guardian or parent representative;
 - c. Name of verifying employee;
 - d. Date or dates of absence; and
 - e. Reason for absence.
 - f.

- 2) A note signed by a parent/guardian stating the reason for the absence on or before the return day (this method of verification is preferred)
- 3) Visit to the student's home by the verifying employee, or any other reasonable method, which establishes the fact that the student was absent for the reasons stated. A written recording shall be made, including information outlined above.
- 4) Healthcare provider verification:
 - a. When excusing students for confidential medical services or verifying such appointments, Charter School staff shall not ask the purpose of such appointments but may contact a medical office to confirm the time of the appointment.
 - b. A healthcare provider's note of illness will be accepted for any reported absence. When a student has had 14 absences in the school year for illness verified by methods listed in #1-#3 above without a healthcare provider's note, any further absences for illness must be verified by a healthcare provider.
 - c.

All absences must be cleared within three (3) school days from the last consecutive day of absence. After that time, all absences will be considered unexcused. Under state funding guidelines, it is fraudulent for a parent to falsely excuse a student's absence or tardiness.

Students should not be absent from school without their parents/guardians' knowledge or consent except in cases of medical emergency or for Students in grades 7-12, inclusive, who may be excused from school for the purpose of obtaining confidential medical services without the consent of the student's parent or guardian.

Truancy Procedure

Note: LALA will document any efforts to reach out to and work with families to remedy truancy before initiating involuntary removal procedures, outlined below. This includes, but is not limited to, efforts to reach the family by email, phone, mail, and/or home visits, as well as referral to SART.

For all communications set forth in this process, the Charter School will use the contact information provided by the parent/guardian in the registration packet. It is the parent's or guardian's responsibility to update the Charter School with any new contact information.

1. Each of the first two (2) unexcused absences or unexcused tardies over 30 minutes will result in a call home to the parent/guardian by the **Executive Director** or designee. The student's classroom teacher may also call home.
2. Each of the third (3rd) and fourth (4th) unexcused absences or unexcused tardies over 30 minutes will result in a call home to the parent/guardian by the **Executive Director** or designee. In addition, the student's classroom teacher may also call home and/or the Charter School may send the parent an e-mail notification. In addition, upon reaching three (3) unexcused absences or unexcused tardies over 30 minutes in a school year, the

parent/guardian will receive “**Tuancy Letter #1 – Tuancy Classification Notice**” from the Charter School notifying the parent/guardian of the student’s “Truant” status. This letter must be signed by the parent/guardian and returned to the Charter School. This letter shall also be accompanied by a copy of this Attendance Policy. This letter, and all subsequent letter(s) sent home, shall be sent by Certified Mail, return receipt requested, or some other form of mail that can be tracked. This letter shall be re-sent after a fourth (4th) unexcused absence. Student may also be assigned potential detention w/ ripples.

3. Upon reaching five (5) unexcused absences or unexcused tardies over 30 minutes, the parent/guardian will receive “**Tuancy Letter #2 – Habitual Truant Classification Notice and Conference Request**,” notifying the parent/guardian of the student’s “Habitual Truant” status and a parent/guardian conference will be scheduled with the **Assistant Principal** to review the student’s records and develop an intervention plan/contract. In addition, the Charter School will consult with a school counselor regarding the appropriateness of a home visitation and/or case management.
4. Upon reaching six (6) unexcused absences or unexcused tardies over 30 minutes, the parent/guardian will receive a “**Tuancy Letter #3 – Referral to SART Meeting**” and the student will be referred to a Student Success Team (SST) and the SART and a conference with the Principal and Director of Student Support Services for SART contract. SART contract reviewed 30 Day, 60 Day and 90 Day
5. If the conditions of the SART contract are not met, the student may incur additional administrative action up to and including disenrollment from the Charter School, consistent with the Involuntary Removal Process described below. If the student is disenrolled after the Involuntary Removal Process has been followed, notification will be sent within thirty (30) days to the student’s last known school district of residence.
6. For all communications set forth in this process, the Charter School will use the contact information provided by the parent/guardian in the registration packet. It is the parent’s or guardian’s responsibility to update the Charter School with any new contact information.
7. If a student is absent ten (10) or more consecutive school days without valid excuse and the student’s parent/guardian cannot be reached at the number or address provided in the registration packet and does not otherwise respond to the Charter School’s communication attempts, as set forth above, the student will be in violation of the SART contract, and the SART panel will recommend that the student be disenrolled in compliance with the Involuntary Removal Process described below. The Involuntary Removal Process can be started immediately upon the Charter School receiving documentation of the student’s enrollment and attendance at another public or private school (i.e., a CALPADS report).

Process for Students Who Are Not in Attendance at the Beginning of the School Year

When students are not in attendance on the first five (5) days of the school year, the Charter School will attempt to reach the parent/guardian on a daily basis for each of the first five days to determine whether the student has an excused absence, consistent with the process outlined in this policy. If the student has a basis for an excused absence, parents must notify the Charter School of the absence and provide documentation consistent with this policy. However, consistent with process below, students who are not in attendance due to an unexcused absence by the sixth (6th) day of the school year will be disenrolled from the Charter School roster after following the Involuntary Removal Process described below, as it will be assumed that the student has chosen another school option.

1. Students who are not in attendance on the first day of the school year and do not have an excused absence will be contacted by phone to ensure their intent to enroll in the Charter School.
2. Students who have indicated their intent to enroll but have not attended by the third day of the school year and do not have an excused absence will receive a letter indicating the student's risk of disenrollment.
3. Students who have indicated their intent to enroll but have not attended by the fifth day of the school year and do not have an excused absence will receive a phone call reiterating the content of the letter.
4. Students who are not in attendance by the sixth (6th) day of the school year and do not have an excused absence will receive an Involuntary Removal Notice and the CDE Enrollment Complaint Notice and Form. The Charter School will follow the Involuntary Removal Process described below, which includes an additional five (5) schooldays for the parent/guardian to respond to the Charter School and request a hearing before disenrollment.
5. The Involuntary Removal Process can be started immediately upon the Charter School receiving documentation of Student's enrollment and attendance at another public or private school (i.e. a CALPADS report).
6. The Charter School will use the contact information provided by the parent/guardian in the registration packet.
7. Within thirty (30) calendar days of disenrollment, the Charter School will send the student's last known school district of residence a letter notifying it of the student's failure to attend the Charter School.

Involuntary Removal Process

No student shall be involuntarily removed by the Charter School for any reason unless the parent or guardian of the student has been provided written notice of intent to remove the student no less than five (5) schooldays before the effective date of the action (“Involuntary Removal Notice”).

The written notice shall be in the native language of the student or the student’s parent or guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student’s educational rights holder. The Involuntary Removal Notice shall include the charges against the student, an explanation of the student’s basic rights including the right to request a hearing before the effective date of the action, and the CDE Enrollment Complaint Notice and Form.

The hearing shall be consistent with the Charter School’s expulsion procedures. If the student’s parent, guardian, or educational rights holder requests a hearing, the student shall remain enrolled and shall not be removed until the Charter School issues a final decision. As used herein, “involuntarily removed” includes disenrolled, dismissed, transferred, or terminated, but does not include suspensions or expulsions pursuant to the Charter School’s suspension and expulsion policy.

Upon parent/guardian request for a hearing, the Charter School will provide notice of hearing consistent with its expulsion hearing process, through which the student has a fair opportunity to present testimony, evidence, and witnesses and confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses, and at which the student has the right to bring legal counsel or an advocate. The notice of hearing shall be in the native language of the student or the student’s parent or guardian or, if the student is a foster child or youth or a homeless child or youth, the student’s educational rights holder and shall include a copy of the Charter School’s expulsion hearing process.

If the parent/guardian is nonresponsive to the Involuntary Removal Notice, the Student will be disenrolled as of the effective date set forth in the Involuntary Removal Notice. If parent/guardian requests a hearing and does not attend on the date scheduled for the hearing the Student will be disenrolled effective the date of the hearing.

If as a result of the hearing the student is disenrolled, notice will be sent to the student’s last known district of residence within thirty (30) calendar days.

A hearing decision not to disenroll the student does not prevent the Charter School from making a similar recommendation in the future should student truancy continue or re-occur.

Referral to Appropriate Agencies or County District Attorney

It is the Charter School’s intent to identify and remove all barriers to the student’s success, and the Charter School will explore every possible option to address student attendance issues with the family. For any unexcused absence, the Charter School may refer the family to appropriate school-based and/or social service agencies.

If a child’s attendance does not improve after a SART contract has been developed according to the procedures above, or if the parents fail to attend a required SART meeting, the Charter School shall notify the District’s Attorney’s office, which then may refer the matter for prosecution through the

court system. Students twelve (12) years of age and older may be referred to the juvenile court for adjudication.

Non-Discrimination These policies will be enforced fairly, uniformly, and consistently without regard to the characteristics listed in Education Code Section 220 (actual or perceived disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, nationality, race or ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or any other characteristic that contained in the definition of hate crimes set forth in Section 422.55 of the Penal Code, including immigration status, pregnancy, or association with an individual who has any of the aforementioned characteristics). **Reports** The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent, or designee, shall gather and report to the Board the number of absences both excused and unexcused as well as students who are truant, and the steps taken to remedy the problem.

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Independent Study Policy

The Los Angeles Leadership Academy and the Los Angeles Leadership Primary Academy (collectively, the “Charter School”) may offer independent study to meet the educational needs of pupils enrolled in the charter school. Independent study is an alternative education designed to teach the knowledge and skills of the core curriculum. The Charter School shall provide appropriate existing services and resources to enable pupils to complete their independent study successfully. The following written policies have been adopted by the Board for implementation at the Charter School:

1. For pupils in all grade levels offered by the charter maximum length of assignment for short term independent study policy is 15 school days and for long term independent study policy, 189 school days.

2. The classroom teacher(s), administrative staff, and Attendance Officer or designee shall conduct an evaluation to determine whether it is in the best interests of the pupil to remain in independent study upon the following triggers:
 - a. When a pupil misses fifty percent (50%) or more of the assigned work during any period of 45 school days.
 - b. In the event a student’s educational progress falls below satisfactory levels as determined by the Charter School, which considers ALL of the following indicators:
 - i. The pupil’s achievement and engagement in the independent study program, as indicated by the pupil’s performance on applicable pupil-level measures of pupil achievement and pupil engagement set forth in Education Code Section 52060(d) paragraphs (4) and (5).
 - ii. The completion of assignments, assessments, or other indicators that evidence that the pupil is working on assignments.
 - iii. Learning required concepts, as determined by the supervising teacher.
 - iv. Progressing toward successful completion of the course of study or individual course, as determined by the supervising teacher.

A written record of the findings of any evaluation conducted pursuant to this policy shall be treated as a mandatory interim pupil record. This record shall be maintained for a period of three years from the date of the evaluation and if the pupil transfers to another California public school, the record shall be forwarded to that school.

3. The Charter School shall provide content aligned to grade level standards that is provided at a level of quality and intellectual challenge substantially equivalent to in-person instruction. For high school grade levels this shall include access to all courses offered by the Charter School for graduation and approved by the UC or CSU as credible under the A-G admissions criteria.

4. For students who participate in an independent study program for fifteen (15) days or more in a school year, the Charter School has adopted tiered reengagement strategies for all pupils who are not generating attendance for more than three (3) school days or 60% of the instructional days in a school week, or who are in violation of the written agreement pursuant to Education Code Section 51747(g). These procedures are as follows:

- a. Verification of current contact information for each enrolled pupil;
 - b. Notification to parents or guardians of lack of participation within one school day of the absence or lack of participation;
 - c. Outreach from the Charter School to determine pupil needs including connection with health and social services as necessary;
 - d. When the evaluation described above under paragraph 2.b.iv. is triggered to consider whether remaining in independent study is in the best interest of the pupil, a pupil-parent-education conference shall be required to review a pupil's written agreement and reconsider the independent study program's impact on the pupil's achievement and well-being. This conference shall be a meeting involving, at a minimum, all parties who signed the pupil's written independent study agreement.
5. For students who participate in an independent study program for fifteen (15) days or more in a school year, the following plan shall be in place in accordance with Education Code Section 51747(e) for synchronous instruction and live interaction:
- a. For pupils in transitional kindergarten through grade 3, inclusive, the plan to provide opportunities for daily synchronous instruction for all pupils throughout the school year by each pupil's assigned supervising teacher shall be as follows: Instruction will be provided using google classroom and zoom platforms, integrating school adopted curriculum
 - b. For pupils in grades 4-5, inclusive, the plan to provide opportunities for daily live interaction between the pupil and a certificated or non-certificated employee of the Charter School and at least weekly synchronous instruction for all pupils throughout the school year by each pupil's assigned supervising teacher shall be as follows: Instruction will be provided using google classroom and zoom platforms, integrating school adopted curriculum
 - c. For pupils in grades 6-8, inclusive, the plan to provide opportunities for at least weekly synchronous instruction for all pupils throughout the school year by each pupil's assigned supervising teacher shall be as follows: Instruction will be provided using Schoology and Zoom, integrating school adopted curriculum.
 - d. For pupils in grades 9-12, inclusive, the plan to provide opportunities for at least weekly synchronous instruction for all pupils throughout the school year by each pupil's assigned supervising teacher shall be as follows: Instruction will be provided using Schoology and Zoom, integrating school adopted curriculum.
6. For students who participate in an independent study program for fifteen (15) days or more in a school year, the following plan shall be utilized to transition pupils whose families wish to return to in-person instruction from independent study expeditiously, and, in no case, later than five instructional days: Independent Study Team that includes parent or guardian of the student, administrator of the independent study program, and certificated teacher will meet and generate transition plan for the student.
7. A current written agreement shall be maintained on file for each independent study pupil, including but not limited to, all of the following:
- ◆ The manner, time, frequency, and place for submitting a pupil's assignments and for reporting his or her progress, and for communicating with a pupil's parent or guardian regarding a pupil's academic progress

- ◆ The objectives and methods of study for the pupil's work, and the methods utilized to evaluate that work.
 - ◆ The specific resources, including materials and personnel, that will be made available to the pupil. These resources shall include confirming or providing access to all pupils to the connectivity and devices adequate to participate in the educational program and complete assigned work.
 - ◆ A statement of the policies adopted pursuant to Education Code Section 51747, subdivisions (a) and (b) regarding the maximum length of time allowed between the assignment and the completion of a pupil's assigned work, the level of satisfactory educational progress, and the number of missed assignments allowed prior to an evaluation of whether or not the pupil should be allowed to continue in independent study.
 - ◆ The duration of the independent study agreement, including beginning and ending dates for the pupil's participation in independent study under the agreement. No independent study agreement shall be valid for any period longer than one school year.
 - ◆ A statement of the number of course credits or, for the elementary grades, other measures of academic accomplishment appropriate to the agreement, to be earned by the pupil upon completion.
 - ◆ A statement detailing the academic and other supports that will be provided to address the needs of pupils who are not performing at grade level, or need support in other areas, such as English learners, individuals with exceptional needs in order to be consistent with the pupil's individualized education program or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794), pupils in foster care or experiencing homelessness, and pupils requiring mental health supports.
 - ◆ The inclusion of a statement in each independent study agreement that independent study is an optional educational alternative in which no pupil may be required to participate. In the case of a pupil who is referred or assigned to any school, class or program pursuant to Education Code Section 48915 or 48917, the agreement also shall include the statement that instruction may be provided to the pupil through independent study only if the pupil is offered the alternative of classroom instruction.
 - ◆ Each written agreement shall be signed, prior to the commencement of independent study, by the pupil, the pupil's parent, legal guardian, or care giver, if the pupil is less than 18 years of age, the certificated employee who has been designated as having responsibility for the general supervision of independent study, and all persons who have direct responsibility for providing assistance to the pupil. For purposes of this paragraph "caregiver" means a person who has met the requirements of Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 6550) of the Family Code.
8. Charter School shall comply with the Education Code Sections 51745 through 51749.3 and the provisions of the Charter Schools Act of 1992 and the State Board of Education regulations adopted there under.
 9. The Chief Executive Officer/Superintendent shall implement these policies in accordance with the law.

